## JOINT IMAGERY INTERPRETATION KEYS STRUCTURE

DIAM 57-7 TM 30-324





**VOLUME XIII** 



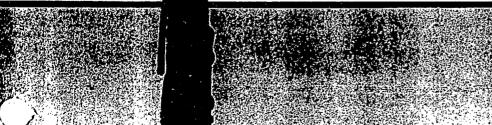






15 APRIL 1983







DIAM 57-7-VOL XIII TM 30-324 CHANGE 3

15 April 1983

SUBJECT: DIAM 57-7-VOL XIII (TM 30-324 (U)), JOINT IMAGERY INTERPRETATION KEYS STRUCTURE (JIKS), VOLUME XIII, SUBMARINES.

- 1. (U) Included herein is revised Volume XIII of the Joint Imagery Interpretation Keys Structure (TM 30-324), Change 3.
- 2. (U) DIAM 57-7-VOL XIII (TM 30-324), Change 3, dated 15 April 1983, supersedes all previous editions and changes, all of which may be destroyed in accordance with present security procedures.

## JOINT IMAGERY INTERPRETATION KEYS STRUCTURE (JIKS)



## **VOLUME XIII**

## **SUBMARINES**

15 APRIL 1983

Prepared by

Naval Intelligence Support Center for the Department of Defense Joint Imagery Interpretation Keys Committee.

#### **FORWARD**

This publication has been coordinated with representatives of the Department of Defense Imagery Interpretation Keys Committee (KEYSCOM), composed of members from the Defense Intelligence Agency, Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, and Department of the Air Force. It is authorized by the KEYSCOM in accordance with provisions outlined in DIAM 57-4.

The KEYSCOM solicits assistance from all users of this publication. Correspondence directed toward increasing the utility of the keys program or nominating new subject matter may be sent directly to the producer of this manual. Production and maintenance of keys are difficult tasks since keys can quickly become outdated and adequate source materials are often difficult to obtain. Keeping volumes current can be accomplished only by cooperative, community-wide efforts. Therefore, users are requested to be alert for imagery which satisfies any of the following criteria.

- a. Imagery of significantly better quality than that presented in the volume.
- b. Imagery of a new item in the same general category, or to fill in gaps in information provided in the volume.
  - c. Imagery displaying a modification of a particular ship or ship class.
  - d. Imagery revealing a new deployment technique or environment.
- e. Multisensor (color, camouflage detection, thermal infrared, side looking airborne radar (SLAR), laser) coverage of objects or activities, particularly in deployed situations.

Imagery should be forwarded with complete identification in accordance with current security regulations to:

> Commanding Officer Naval Intelligence Support Center 4301 Suitland Road Washington, D.C. 20390

SUPERSESSION NOTE: This publication supersedes all previous editions of DIAM 57-7, Volume XIII of 1 October 1977 and all previous keys on this subject.

## PROCUREMENT INSTRUCTIONS

#### ARMY

All U.S. Army units must submit requests for II Keys to:

AG Publications Center 2800 Eastern Boulevard Baltimore, MD 21220

All II Keys are published in the TM 30 series (i.e., TM 30-316, etc.) and are distributed throughout the regular Army, U.S. Army Reserve, and National Guard by means of the Pinpoint Distribution System.

To receive II Keys through this system, the unit must have established an account with the AG Publications Center following the procedures outlined in AR 310-2. After an account has been established, submission of a completed DA Form 12-34b places the unit on automatic distribution for all 30 series TM's that will be produced and distributed in the future.

To obtain an initial issue, or additional copies of previously produced II Keys on a one-time basis, DA Form 4569 must be used.

Volume I of the Joint Imagery Interpretation Keys Structure (JIIKS) (TM 30-326) contains an inventory of the II Keys that have been produced by all the services and the DIA.

The U.S. Army Intelligence and Threat Analysis Center/Imagery Intelligence Production Division (USAITAC/IIPD) Collateral Publications Catalog lists, by volume, the organization of all the JIIKS that have been or will be produced by the Army.

#### NAVY

U.S. Navy components will submit requests for II Keys in accordance with the procedures outlined herein regardless of producing agency.

Dissemination of II Keys is based on strict need-to-know to those activities with an established requirement for the material.

The Operating Forces (Afloat Units) of the Navy under the jurisdiction of U&S Commands will request one-time issue of II Keys by submitting a completed DD Form 1348 directly to:

Naval Publications and Forms Center 5801 Tabor Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19130

Naval shore activities with an established requirement may correct deficiencies or obtain replacement copies by submitting a completed DD Form 1348 to:

Commander Naval Intelligence Command (NIC-05) 4600 Silver Hill Road Washington, DC 20389 Volume XIII DIAM 57-7

Operating forces/afloat units desiring to change, delete or establish requirements for II Keys will submit the request by letter via the administrative chain of command to Commander, Naval Intelligence Command (NIC-05). This request will include:

- a. List of the iI Keys required.
- b. Justification of need.
- c. A statement that a continuing need for changes and/or revisions exists.
- d. Completed DD Forms 1348 for initial issue of each II Key requested.

Type commanders will evaluate each request, indicate approval/disapproval, and provide a statement whether the requirement applies to all units of the type.

Naval shore activities desiring to change, delete or establish requirements for II Keys will submit the request by letter to Commander, Naval Intelligence Command (NIC-05). The request must contain the same information as above as well as completed DD Forms 1348 for initial issue of the JIIKS Keys requested.

#### AIR FORCE

Air Force organizations will submit requests for II Keys in accordance with AFR 5-3, "Standard Intelligence Publications System." These procedures apply to requests for all II Keys regardless of production agency (Army, Navy, Air Force, DIA). Specific procedures are summarized below for convenience.

All II Keys are disseminated on a strict need-to-know basis by AFIS/INDOC to activities having an intelligence mission or an operational requirement for intelligence publications.

Initial distribution requirements for new publications are established in response to specific written requests from AFIS/INDOC direct to Major Commands, Separate Operating Agencies, and offices within the Air Staff. Each of these activities establishes its own requirements and those of its subordinate organizations, including AFRES and ANG units. Requirements then are forwarded to AFIS/INDOC, Washington, DC 20330.

Activities not on initial distribution, those requiring a replacement issue, or those having a new onetime requirement must submit a DD Form 1142, (Interagency Document Request). The DD Form 1142 will be prepared in accordance with paragraph 8 of AFR 5-3 and forwarded to the Office of the Director of Intelligence of the Major Command or Separate Operating Agency.

The Major Command or Separate Operating Agency's Director of Intelligence or his designated representative will validate the requirement and, if approved, will forward the DD Form 1142 to ATIS/INDOC, Washington, DC 20330.

AFIS/INDOC will then process the requirement.

## PROCUREMENT INSTRUCTIONS FOR ALL JOINT STAFF HEADQUARTERS AND ORGANIZATIONS AND AGENCIES EXTERNAL TO THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Requests for additional copies of DIA 57-4, "Coordination, Production and Maintenance of the Joint Imagery Interpretation Keys Structure," or keys (Volumes and Parts) constituting DIAM 57-7, "The Joint Imagery Interpretation Keys Structure," will be sent to:

Chairman DOD KEYSCOM, DB-5A
Defense Intelligence Agency
Washington, D. C. 20301

## **RECORD OF CHANGES**

CHANGE NO. AND DATE OF CHANGE	DATE OF ENTRY	PAGE COUNT VERIFIED BY (SIGNATURE)		

## LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

Subject	Page No.	Effective
Title page	None	Original
FOREWORD	3 (RB)	Original
PROCUREMENT INSTRUCTIONS	5 thru 7 (RB)	Original
RECORD OF CHANGES	9 (RB)	Original
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	2-3 (RB)	Original
•	2-5 (RB)	Original
	2-7 thru 2-11 (RB)	Original
	2-13 thru 2-19 (RB)	Original
	2-21 (RB)	Original
	2-23 (RB)	Original
CHAPTER 3	3-1 thru 3-4	Original
CHAPTER 4	4-1, 4-2	Original
	4-3 (RB)	Original
	4-5 (RB)	Original
CHAPTER 5	5-1 (RB)	Original
	5-3 thru 5-11 (RB)	Original
PART TWO. KEYS TO INDIVIDUAL SUE	BMARINE CLASSES	
AGOSTA thru ZWAARDVIS	180 unnumbered pages	Original

## **DISTRIBUTION LIST**

U.S. Army	250
U.S. Navy	350
U.S. Air Force	250
DIA	250
NIC-05	50
Stock	100
	1250

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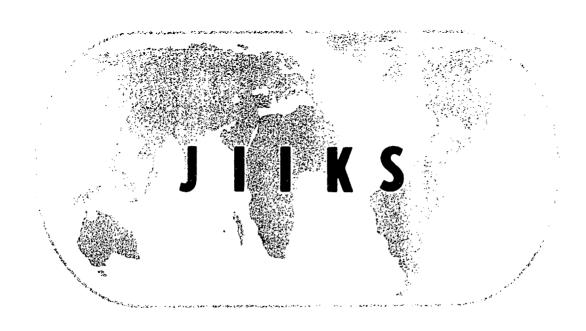
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## **VOLUME XIII**



## **PART ONE**

## INTRODUCTION, INDEXES, AND IDENTIFICATION AIDS

#### **CHAPTER 1**

## Introduction

#### 1. GENERAL

The JIIKS, Volume XIII, "Submarines" is an encyclopedic compilation of keys consisting of materials presented mainly in the photographic medium to aid the imagery interpreter in recognition and identification. Information in this publication is substantially the same as the submarine recognition data contained in NWP 12-7-1 (Rev. A), "Recognition Guide to Major Combatants," June 1982.

This publication contains two parts. Part One provides various materials to facilitate the recognition process-lists, indexes, submarine nomenclature, and a coding procedure. Part Two provides imagery interpretation keys--photographs, line drawings, silhouettes and recognition features-of the world's submarines arranged alphabetically by class name.

#### 2. BACKGROUND

Identifying submarines is a difficult task

because many are similar in appearance. For that reason, the designed identification procedure directs the observer to look at specific features in a prescribed sequence. By assigning a number to specific attributes, the observer obtains a code number which enables him to locate a group of submarines with similar features. After comparing the unidentified submarine with photographs and line drawings of submarines with the same code (the "keys"), he can identify the class. Chapter 4 describes the coding procedure in detail.

#### 3. CLASSIFICATION

Considerable effort has been made to keep this guide unclassified to optimize its usefulness. Some sacrifices were made occasionally in photographic quality and in details of data or characteristics in order to meet the unclassified criterion. For exact information or specific details, the user should consult those publications designed specifically to provide technical information.

#### **CHAPTER 2**

### **Indexes and Lists**

The following indexes and lists are provided to facilitate the identification process:

- Submarine Classifications a list of submarine classifications and their descriptions. (Section A.)
- o Country Code Abbreviations/Country Index alphabetic listings by country code and by country name for country code symbols used throughout the publication where brevity is desired. (Section B.)
- Alphabetical Index of Submarines by Class

   an alphabetical listing by class of the world's submarines along with builder country, user country, and recognition code for each class. (Section C.)
- o User Country Index of Submarines a grouping of submarine classes by country which is useful in determining an approximate force level or in identifying a

- submarine class when the user country is known. (Section D.)
- o Index of Submarines by Classification an arrangement of submarines by classification within which submarine classes are alphabetically listed along with their user countries. (Section E.)
- o List of Submarines by Pennant/Hull Number - a means for identifying individual submarines within a particular class, or for identifying a unit with a visible pennant or hull number when the unit cannot be properly coded. (Section F.)
- o Descending Length Index of Submarines a listing of submarine classes by length. (Section G).
- o Master Submarine Cross Reference List an alphabetical listing of submarines by class with alternate names by which particular classes may be known. (Section H.)

#### **SECTION A**

#### **SUBMARINE CLASSIFICATIONS**

The classifications for the submarines described in this publication are listed below. The submarines are diesel-electric powered unless otherwise indicated.

AGSS	Auxiliary Submarine, noncombatant
SS	Attack Submarine
SSA	Auxiliary Submarine, noncombatant
SSB	Ballistic Missile Submarine
SSBN	Ballistic Missile Submarine, nuclear powered
SSG	Cruise Missile Submarine
SSGN	Cruise Missile Submarine, nuclear powered
SSN	Attack Submarine, nuclear powered
SSQ	Auxiliary Submarine, communications
SSR	Radar Picket Submarine
SST	Training Submarine

#### **SECTION B**

#### **COUNTRY CODE ABBREVIATIONS/COUNTRY INDEX**

#### **COUNTRY CODE ABBREVIATIONS**

CODE	COUNTRY	CODE	COUNTRY	CODE	COUNTRY
AL	Albania	FR	France	PK	Pakistan
AR	Argentina	GE	Germany, Feb Repb	PL	Poland
AS	Australia	GR	Greece	PO	Portugal
BR	Brazil	l 1D	Indonesia	SF	South Africa
BU	Bulgaria	IN	India	SP	Spain
CA	Canada	IS	Israel	sw	Sweden
CH	China	l IT	Italy	TU	Turkey
CI	Chile	JA	Japan	TW	Taiwan
CO	Colombia	KN	Korea, Demo Peop Repb	UK	United Kingdom
CU	Cuba	LY	Libya	UR	USSR
DA	Denmark	NL	Netherlands	us	United States
EC	Ecuador	NO	Norway	VE	Venezuela
EG	Egypt	PE	Peru	YO	Yugoslavia

#### **COUNTRY INDEX**

COUNTRY	CODE	COUNTRY	CODE	COUNTRY	CODE
Albania	AL	France	FR	Peru	PE
Argentina	AR	Germany, Fed Repb	GE	Poland	PL
Australia	AS	Greece	GR	Portugal	PO
Brazil	BR	India	IN	South Africa	SF
Bulgaria	BU	Indonesia	ID	Spain	SP
Canada	CA	Israel	IS	Sweden	SW
Chile	CI	Italy	IT	Taiwan	TW
China	CH	Japan	JA	Turkey	TU
Colombia	CO	Korea, Demo Peop Repb	KN	United Kingdom	UK
Cuba	CU	Libya	LY	United States	US
Denmark	DA	Netherlands	NL	USSR	UR
Ecuador	EC	Norway	NO	Venezuela	VE
Egypt	EG	Pakistan	PK	Yugoslavia	YO

SECTION C
ALPHABETICAL INDEX OF SUBMARINES BY CLASS

CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	BUILDER COUNTRY	USER COUNTRY	RECOGNITION CODE
AGOSTA	SS	FR, SP	FR, PK, SP	414
ALFA	SSN	UR	UR	111
ARETHUSE	SS	FR	FR	537
ASASHIO	SS	JA	JA	714
BALAO (Type 1)	SS	US	SP	726
	SS	US	CI	526
BALAO (Type 2)	SS	US	US	311
BARBEL BRAVO	35 T22	UR	UR	311
BRAVO	331	011	<b></b>	
CHARLIE I	SSGN	UR	UR	123
CHARLIE II	SSGN	UR	UR	133
DAPHNE	SS	FR, SP	FR, PK, PO, SF, SP	537
DARTER	SS	US	US	224
DELFINEN	SS	DA	DA	545
	SSBN	UR	UR	213
DELTA II	SSBN	UR	UR	213
				213
DELTA III	SSBN	UR	UR	
DOLFIJN	SS	NL	NL HS	523 712
DOLPHIN	AGSS	US	US	
DRAKEN	SS	SW	SW	754
DREADNOUGHT	SSN	UK	UK	311
ECHO	SSN	UR	UR	514
ECHO II	SSGN	UR	UR	514
ETHAN ALLEN	SSN .	US	US	211
FOXTROT	SS	UR	CU, IN, LY, UR	625
GAL	SS	uĸ	ıs	823
GEORGE WASHINGTON		ÜS	US	211
GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB		űš	US	311
GOLF	SSQ	ÜR	UR	926
GOLF	SSB	CH, UR	CH, UR	<b>62</b> 6
GOLF II	SSB	UR UR	UR	625
GRAYBACK	SS	US	US	633
	SS	US	AR, BR, GR, PE, SP, TU, TW, VE	525
GUPPY IA, II, IIA GUPPY III	55 SS	US US		525
GYMNOTE	SSB	FR	BR, GR, IT, TU FR	227
HAN HEROJ	SSN SS	CH YO	CH YO	 424
HOTEL II	SSBN	UR	UR	114
INDIA	SSA	UR	UR	916
JULIETT	SSG	UR	บห	624
KILO	SS	UR	UR	-
LAFAYETTE	SSBN	US	us	211
				311
LE REDOUTABLE	SSBN	FR	FR	
LIMA	SSA	UR	UR	744
LOS ANGELES	SSN	US	us	311
MING	SS	CH	СН	-
NACKEN	SS	SW	SW	214
NARVAL	SS	FR	FR	547
NARWHAL	SSN	US	US	311
NOVEMBER	M28	UR	UR	112
			40 DD 04 OL 117	546
OBERON	SS	UK	AS, BR, CA, CI, UK	311
OHIO	SSBN	บร	US	122
OSCAR	SSGN	UR	UR	144

**SECTION D** 

#### USER COUNTRY INDEX OF SUBMARINES

USER COUNTRY CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	USER COUNTRY CLASS	CLASSIFICATION
ALBANIA		GREECE	·
WHISKEY	SS	GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SS
***************************************	33	GUPPY III	
ARGENTINA		TYPE 209	SS
GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SS	1 1 PE 209	SS
TYPE 209	SS SS		
1112 203	33	INDIA	
AUSTRALIA		FOXTROT	SS
OBERON	20		•
OBERON	SS	INDONESIA	
BRAZIL		TYPE 209	SS
		WHISKEY	SS
GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SS	}	
GUPPY III	SS	ISRAEL	
OBERON	SS	GAL	SS
BULGARIA		ITALY	
ROMEO	SS	GUPPY III	SS
WHISKEY	SS	SAURO	
	93		SS
CANADA		TANG	SS
OBERON	SS	тоті	SS
ODEITOR	33		
CHILE		JAPAN	
		ASASHIO	SS
BALAO (Type 2)	SS	UZUSHIO	SS
OBERON	SS	YUUSHIO	SS
CHINA		KOREA, DEMO PEOP REPB	
GOLFI	· SSB	ROMEO	SS
HAN	SSN	WHISKEY	SS SS
MING	SS	WINSKE !	33
ROMEO	SS	LIBYA	
WHISKEY	SS	FOXTROT	SS
			40
COLOMBIA		NETHERLANDS	
TYPE 209	SS	DOLFIJN	SS
		ZWAARDVIS	SS
CUBA		•	
FOXTROT	SS	NORWAY	
WHISKEY	SS	TYPE 207	SS
fically a py			
DENMARK		PAKISTAN	
DELFINEN	SS	AGOSTA	SS
TYPE 205	SS	DAPHNE	<b>S</b> 5
ECUADOR		DEDLI	
TYPE 209	SS	PERU	
111 205	55	GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SS
EGYPT		TIBURON	SS
ROMEO		TYPE 209	SS
WHISKEY	SS		
MUISKET	SS	POLAND	
FRANCE	į.	WHISKEY	SS
AGOSTA	ss	PORTUGAL	
ARETHUSE	SS	DAPHNE	SS
DAPHNE	SS		•
GYMNOTE	SSB	SOUTH AFRICA	
LE REDOUTABLE	SSBN	DAPHNE	SS
NARVAL	SS		
SNA-72	SSN	SPAIN	
		AGOSTA	66
GERMANY FEDERAL BEDI	BLIC		SS
		BALAO (Type 1)	SS
GERMANY, FEDERAL REPU TYPE 205 TYPE 206	BLIC SS SS		

#### **SECTION E**

#### INDEX OF SUBMARINES BY CLASSIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION CLASS	USER COUNTRY	CLASSIFICATION	HEED COUNTRY
CLASS	USER COUNTRY	CLASS	USER COUNTRY
AGSS - AUXILIARY SUBMARII DOLPHIN	NE, NON-COMBATANT US	SSBN - BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBM POWERED	•
00 477400 000044 0000		DELTA I	UR
SS - ATTACK SUBMARINE		DELTA II	UR
AGOSTA	FR, PK, SP	DELTA III	UR
ARETHUSE	FR	HOTEL II	UR
ASASHIO	JA	HOTEL III	UR
BALAO (Type 1)	SP	LAFAYETTE	US
BALAO (Type 2)	CI	LE REDOUTABLE	FR
BARBEL	US	ОНЮ	US
DAPHNE	FR, PK, PO, SF, SP	RESOLUTION	UK
DARTER	us	TYPHOON	UR
DELFINEN	DA	YANKEE I	UR
DOLFIJN	NL	YANKEE II	UR
DRAKEN	SW		
FOXTROT	CU, IN, LY, UR	SSG - CRUISE MISSILE SUBMARI	
GAL	IS	JULIETT	UR
GRAYBACK	UŞ	WHISKEY LONG BIN	UR
GUPPY IA, II, IIA	AR, BR, GR, PE, SP, TU, TW, VE	WHISKEY TWIN CYLINDER	UR
GUPPY III	BR, GR, IT, TU	SSGN - CRUISE MISSILE SUBMAI	RINE, NUCLEAR-
HEROJ	YO	POWERED	-
KILO	UR	CHARLIE I	UR
MING	CH	CHARLIE II	UR
NACKEN	SW	ECHO II	UR
NARVAL	FR	OSCAR	ÜR
OBERON	AS, BR, CA, CI, UK	PAPA	ÚR
ROMEO	BU, CH, EG, KN, UR		
SAURO	IT	SSN - ATTACK SUBMARINE, NU	CLEAR-POWERED
SAVA	YO	ALFA	UR
SJOORMEN	SW	DREADNOUGHT	ÜK
SUTJESKA	YO	ECHO	ÜR
TANG	IT, TU, US	ETHAN ALLEN	US
TANGO	UR	GEORGE WASHINGTON	ÜŠ
TIBURON	PE	GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB	ÜS
TOTI	1T	HAN	CH
TYPE 205	DA, GE	LOS ANGELES	us
TYPE 206	GE	NARWHAL	ūš
TYPE 207	NO	NOVEMBER	UR
TYPE 209	AR, CO, EC, GR, ID,	PERMIT	ÜS
	PE, TU, VE	SEAWOLF	us
UZUSHIO	JA	SKATE	ÜS
WHISKEY	AL, BU, CH, CU, EG,	SKIPJACK	us
	ID, KN, PL, UR	SNA-72	FR
YUUSHIO	JA	STURGEON	us
ZULU IV	ÜR	SWIFTSURE	ÜK
ZWAARDVIS	NL	TULLIBEE	us
		VALIANT	UK
SSA - AUXILIARY SUBMARIN	F NON-COMBATANT	VICTOR I	UR
INDIA	UR	VICTOR II	UR
LIMA	UR	VICTOR III	UR
	0	YANKEE	UR
SSB - BALLISTIC MISSILE SUB			
GOLF !	CH, UR	SSQ - AUXILIARY SUBMARINE,	COMMUNICATIONS
GOLF II	UR	GOLF	UR
GOLF III	UR		
GOLF IV	UR	SSR - RADAR PICKET SUBMARI	NE
GOLFV	UR	WHISKEY CANVAS BAG	UR
GYMNOTE	FR		
		SST - TRAINING SUBMARINE	
		BRAVO	

SECTION F
LIST OF SUBMARINES BY PENNANT/HULL NUMBER

S01	PENNANT NUMBER	SUBMARINE CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	USER COUNTRY	SUBMARINE NAME
SST	\$01	ORERON	SS	UK	PORPOISE
SSB				ŬK	SEA LION
Sign				UK	WALRUS
STO   GUPPY IA, II, IIA   SS   BR   GUANABARA			SS	UK	OBERON
Si0			SS	BR	
\$111 OBERON \$S UK ORPHEUS \$111 TYPE 209 \$S EC SHYRI \$12 WHISKEY \$S BU SLAVA \$12 WHISKEY \$S BU SLAVA \$12 OBERON \$S UK OLYMPUS \$13 OBERON \$S UK OLYMPUS \$13 OBERON \$S UK OSIRIS \$14 OBERON \$S UK OSIRIS \$15 OBERON \$S UK OSIRIS \$16 GUPPY III \$S BR GIAZ \$16 OBERON \$S UK OFFICE \$17 OBERON \$S UK OFFICE \$18 OBERON \$S UK OFFICE \$19 OBERON \$19 OBERON \$10 OBERON \$10 OBERON \$10 OBERON \$10 OBERON \$10 O			SS	UK	
12					
11			SS	UK	
12			SS		
\$12		WHISKEY			
\$12 OBERON \$\$ UK OITHOUSE \$13 OBERON \$\$ EC HUANCAVILCA \$13 OBERON \$\$ EC HUANCAVILCA \$13 OBERON \$\$ UK OSIBIS \$14 OBERON \$\$ UK OSIBIS \$15 OBERON \$\$ UK OSIBIS \$15 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$15 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$16 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$16 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$17 OBERON \$\$ UK OFFICIAL \$17 OBERON \$\$ UK OFFICIAL \$17 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$18 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$19 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER \$19 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTUS \$19 OBERON \$\$19 OBERON \$\$19 OBERON \$\$19 OBERON \$\$10 OBERON \$\$10 OBE		GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SS	BR	
SS	S12	OBERON			
STA	\$12	TYPE 209			
SI	S13	OBERON			
SIS	S14	GUPPY IA, II, IIA			
\$15 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTER  \$16 GUPPY III \$\$ \$\$ BR AMAZONAS \$16 OBERON \$\$ UK ORACLE \$17 OBERON \$\$ UK ORACLE \$18 OBERON \$\$ UK OCELOT \$18 OBERON \$\$ UK OTTUS \$19 OBERON \$\$ UK OPOSSUM \$20 FOXTROT \$\$ IN KURSURA \$20 OBERON \$\$ UK OPOSSUM \$20 OBERON \$\$ BR HUMAITA \$20 OBERON \$\$ UK OPPORTUNE \$21 BALBOA (Type 2) \$\$ CI SIMPSON \$21 FOXTROT \$\$ IN KARANJ \$21 OBERON \$\$ IN KARANJ \$21 OBERON \$\$ BR TONELERO \$21 OBERON \$\$ UK ONYX \$21 OBERON \$\$ UK ONYX \$21 OBERON \$\$ IN KARANJ \$21 OBERON \$\$ UK ONYX \$22 OBERON \$\$ UK ONYX \$22 OBERON \$\$ UK ONYX \$23 OBERON \$\$ UK ONYX \$24 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$25 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$25 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$26 GUPPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ S\$ VE PICUA \$27 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$28 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$29 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$20 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$21 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$22 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$23 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$24 OBERON \$\$ IN KANDER! \$25 OBERON \$\$ OF PICUA \$25 OBERON \$\$ OF PICUA \$26 OBERON \$\$ OF PICUA \$27 RESOLUTION \$\$ IN KALVAR! \$28 TYPE 209 \$\$ CO PILAO \$31 TYPE 209 \$\$ CO PILAO \$31 TYPE 209 \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$32 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$33 OBERON \$\$ OF PILAO \$34 TYPE 209 \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OF PILAO \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$34 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$35 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$36 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$37 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$38 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$39 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$31 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$32 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN SEN UK REPONCE \$33 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN TO TAYRONA \$34 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOMEN TO TAYRONA \$40 OUTPY IA, II, IIA \$\$ SP OCOM	S14				
SIGNO	S15	GUPPY III			
SIGN	S15	OBERON	SS	UK	OTTER
\$17 OBERON	S16	GUPPY III			
STEAT	S16	OBERON			
SI	S17				
S20	S18	OBERON			
S20	S19				
S20		FOXTROT			
21 BALBOA (Type 2) SS CI SIMPSON  221 FOXTROT SS IN KARANJ  321 OBERON SS BR TONELERO  321 OBERON SS BR TONELERO  321 OBERON SS UK ONYX  22 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS AR SANTIAGO DEL ESTERO  22 OBERON SS IN KANDERI  322 FOXTROT SS IN KANDERI  322 FOXTROT SS IN KANDERI  322 OBERON SS BR RIACHUELO  323 OBERON SS BR RIACHUELO  23 OBERON SS BR RIACHUELO  23 OBERON SS BR RIACHUELO  23 OBERON SS IN KALVARI  323 FOXTROT SS IN KALVARI  323 FOXTROT SS IN KALVARI  324 SESOLUTION SSBN UK RESOLUTION  2526 RESOLUTION SSBN UK REPULSE  326 RESOLUTION SSBN UK REPULSE  326 RESOLUTION SSBN UK REVENGE  28 TYPE 209 SS CO PIJAO  29 TYPE 209 SS CO TAYRONA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE CASMA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE CASMA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE CASMA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SALTA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SALTA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SALTA  32 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SALTA  33 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SALTA  34 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SALTA  35 SP ISAAC PERAL  32 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SAN LUIS  32 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SAN LUIS  33 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SAN LUIS  34 TYPE 209 SS PE AR SAN LUIS  35 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP ISAAC PERAL  36 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP ISAAC PERAL  37 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA  38 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP ISAAC PERAL  39 TYPE 209 SS PE OOS DE MAYO  41 TIBURON SS PE OOS DE MAYO  42 TIBURON SS PE ARTAO  43 TIBURON SS PE ARTAO  44 TIBURON SS PE ARTAO  45 POXTROT SS IN VAGSHEER					
STATE					
S21					
S21					
22 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS AR SANTIAGO DEL ESTERCO 22 OBERON SS CI O'BRIEN \$22 FOXTROT SS IN KANDERI \$22 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS VE PICUA \$22 OBERON SS VE PICUA \$22 OBERON SS BR RIACHUELO \$22 RESOLUTION SSBN UK RESOLUTION \$23 OBERON SS CI HYATT \$23 FOXTROT SS IN KALVARI \$23 FOXTROT SS IN KALVARI \$24 RESOLUTION SSBN UK REPULSE \$25 RESOLUTION SSBN UK REPULSE \$26 RESOLUTION SSBN UK RENOWN \$27 RESOLUTION SSBN UK REVENGE \$28 TYPE 209 SS CO PIJAO \$29 TYPE 209 SS CO PIJAO \$31 TYPE 209 SS CO PIJAO \$31 TYPE 209 SS PE CASMA \$31 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA \$32 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA \$32 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA \$33 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA \$34 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP ISAAC PERAL \$35 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP NARCISO MONTURIOL \$40 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR \$41 TIBURON SS PE ANTOPAGASTA \$42 TIBURON SS PE ANTOPAGASTA \$43 TIBURON SS PE ARTAO \$44 TIBURON SS PE ARTAO \$45 POXTROT SS IN VAGIR \$44 TIBURON SS PE ARTAO \$45 POXTROT SS IN VAGIR					
22					
S22					
S22   GUPPY IA, II, IIIA   SS   VE					
S22   OBERON   SS					
S22					
23					
S23					
S23					
S26					
S27   RESOLUTION   SSBN   UK   REVENGE					
28					
29 TYPE 209 SS CO TAYRONA  31 TYPE 209 SS AR SALTA  31 TYPE 209 SS PE CASMA  31 TYPE 209 SS VE SABALO  32 TYPE 209 SS AR SAN LUIS  32 TYPE 209 SS AR SAN LUIS  32 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA  S32 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP ISAAC PERAL  S32 TYPE 209 SS VE CARIBE  S34 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP COSME GARCIA  S35 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP NARCISO MONTURIOL  S40 FOXTROT SS IN VELA  41 TIBURON SS PE DOS DE MAYO  S41 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR  42 TIBURON SS PE ABTAO  S42 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR  43 TIBURON SS PE ABTAO  S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGII  44 TIBURON SS PE ABTAO  S42 FOXTROT SS IN VAGII  43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS  S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIE					
31 TYPE 209 SS AR SALTA 31 TYPE 209 SS PE CASMA S31 BALBOA (Type 1) SS SP S31 TYPE 209 SS VE SABALO 32 TYPE 209 SS AR SAN LUIS 32 TYPE 209 SS PE ANTOFAGASTA S32 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP ISAAC PERAL S32 TYPE 209 SS VE CARIBE S34 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP COSME GARCIA S35 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP COSME GARCIA S35 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP NARCISO MONTURIOL S40 FOXTROT SS IN VELA 41 TIBURON SS PE DOS DE MAYO S41 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR 42 TIBURON SS PE ABTAO S42 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR S43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR					
TYPE 209	29	1 4 PE 209	33	CO	TATTIONA
S31					
S31					CASMA
32				-	CARALO
TYPE 209					
S32   GUPPY IA, II, IIA   SS   SP   ISAAC PERAL					
S32					
S34   GUPPY IA, II, IIA   SS   SP   COSME GARCIA					
\$35 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS SP NARCISO MONTURIOL \$40 FOXTROT SS IN VELA 41 TIBURON SS PE DOS DE MAYO \$41 FOXTROT SS IN VAGIR 42 TIBURON SS PE ABTAO \$42 FOXTROT SS IN VAGLI 43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS \$43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGLI 43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS \$43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGSHEER					
\$40         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VELA           41         TIBURON         \$S         PE         DOS DE MAYO           \$41         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VAGIR           42         TIBURON         \$S         PE         ABTAO           \$42         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VAGLI           43         TIBURON         \$S         PE         ANGAMOS           \$43         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VAGSHEER			oo ce		
41         TIBURON         SS         PE         DOS DE MAYO           S41         FOXTROT         SS         IN         VAGIR           42         TIBURON         SS         PE         ABTAO           S42         FOXTROT         SS         IN         VAGLI           43         TIBURON         SS         PE         ANGAMOS           S43         FOXTROT         SS         IN         VAGSHEER					
\$41         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VAGIR           42         TIBURON         \$S         PE         ABTAO           \$42         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VAGLI           43         TIBURON         \$S         PE         ANGAMOS           \$43         FOXTROT         \$S         IN         VAGSHEER					
42 TIBURON SS PE ABTAO S42 FOXTROT SS IN VAGLI 43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGSHEER					
S42 FOXTROT SS IN VAGLI 43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGSHEER					
43 TIBURON SS PE ANGAMOS S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGSHEER					
S43 FOXTROT SS IN VAGSHEER					
			55		
44 TIBURON SS PE IQUIQUE					
-	44	TIBURON	22	re .	ועטועטב

## LIST OF SUBMARINES BY PENNANT/HULL NUMBER (Continued)

PENNANT NUMBER	SUBMARINE CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	USER COUNTRY	SUBMARINE NAME
153	ROMEO	SS	СН	
\$163	DAPHNE	SS	PO	ALBAÇORA
S164	DAPHNE	ŠŠ	PO	BARRACUDA
S166	DAPHNE	SS	PO	DELFIN
S170	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 21
S171	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 22
172	ROMEO	SS	CH	U 22
S172	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 23
\$172 \$173	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 24
S173	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 25
S175	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 26
176	ROMEO	SS	CH	U 20 
\$176	TYPE 206	SS	GE	u 27
\$176 \$177	TYPE 206	55 SS	GE GE	U 28
S178	TYPE 206	\$\$ \$\$	GE	
\$176 \$179	TYPE 206	SS SS		U 29
5179	1 TPE 200	55	GE	U 30
S180	TYPE 205	SS	GE	U 1
S181	TYPE 205	SS	GE	U 2
S188	TYPE 205	SS	GE	U 9
\$189	TYPE 205	SS	GE	U 10
S190	TYPE 205	SS	GE	U 11
\$191	TYPE 205	SS	GE	U 12
S192	TYPE 206	SS	GE	บ 13
S193	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 14
S194	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 15
S195	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 16
S196	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 17
S197	TYPE 206	SS	GE	U 18
S198 S199	TYPE 206 '	SS SS	GE GE	บ 19 บ 20
				0.25
201	WHISKEY	SS	CH	•••
202	WHISKEY	ŞŞ	CH	•••
203	WHISKEY	SS	CH	***
204	WHISKEY	SS	CH	
205	WHISKEY	SS	CH	
206	WHISKEY	SS	CH	
207	WHISKEY	SS	CH	•••
208	WHISKEY	SS	СН	***
208	ROMEO	SS	CH	
209	ROMEC	SS	CH	***
210	ROMEO	SS	CH	•••
211	ROMEO	SS	CH	
212	ROMEO	SS	CH	
221	WHISKEY	SS	CH	•••
227	ROMEO	SS	CH	•••
228	ROMEO	SS	CH	•••
229	ROMEO	SS	СН	
241	WHISKEY	SS	СН	·
243	WHISKEY	SS	CH	•••
244	WHISKEY	SS	CH	***
245	ROMEO	SS	CH	***
248	ROMEO	SS	CH	•••
249	ROMEO	SS	CH	
254	ROMEO	SS	CH	•••
265	WHISKEY	SS	CH	•••
	WHISKEY	SS	CH	•••
266		SS	CH	•••
266 267	ROMEO			
	ROMEO			
267 268	ROMEO	SS	CH	
267 268 269	ROMEO ROMEO	SS SS	CH CH	
267 268	ROMEO	SS	CH	•

#### LIST OF SUBMARINES BY PENNANT/HULL NUMBER (Continued)

PENNANT NUMBER	SUBMARINE CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	USER COUNTRY	SUBMARINE NAME
515	TANG	ss	ıτ	LIVIO PIOMARTA
516	TANG	SS	IT	ROMEO ROME!
516	WHISKEY	SS	AL	***
518	SAURO	SS	iT	NAZARIO SAURO
519	SAURO	SS	iŤ	FECIA DI COSSATO
520	SAURO	SS	IT	LEONARDO DA VINCI
521	SAURO	SS	IT	GUGLIELMO MARCONI
555	DOLPHIN	AGSS	US	DOLPHIN
S561	ASASHIO	SS	JA	•••
S562	ASASHIO	SS	JΆ	ASASHIO
S563	ASASHIO	SS	JA	HARUSHIO
S564	ASASHIO	SS	AL	MICHISHIO
565	TANG	SS	US	WAHOO
S565	ASASHIO	SS	JA	ARASHIO
566	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	UZUSHIO
567	TANG	SS	UŞ	GUDGEON
567	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	MAKISHIO
568	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	ISOSHIO
569	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	NARUSHIO
570	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	KUROSHIO
571	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	TAKASHIO
572	UZUSHIO	SS	JA	YAESHIO
573	YUUSHIO	SS	JA	YUUSHIO
574	GRAYBACK	SS	US	GRAYBACK
574	YUUSHIO	SS	JA	MOCHISHIO
575	SEA WOLF	SSN	US	SEA WOLF
575	YUUSHIO ,	SS	JA	SETOSHIO
576	DARTER	SS	US	DARTER
578	SKATE	SSN	US	SKATE
579	SKATE	SSN	US	SWORDFISH
580	BARBEL	SS	US	BARBEL
581	BARBEL	SS	US	BLUEBACK
582	BARBEL	SS	US	BONEFISH
583	SKATE	SSN	US	SARGO
584	SKATE	SSN	บร	SEA DRAGON
585	SKIPJACK	SSN	บร	SKIPJACK
588	SKIPJACK	SSN	US	SCAMP
590	SKIPJACK	SSN	US	SCULPIN
591	SKIPJACK	SSN SSN	US US	SHARK SNOOK
592	SKIPJACK	SSN	US	PERMIT
594 595	PERMIT PERMIT	SSN	US	PLUNGER
596	PERMIT	SSN	US	BARB
5 <del>90</del> 597	TULLIBEE	SSN	US	TULLIBEE
598	GEORGE WASHINGTON	SSN	US	GEORGE WASHINGTON
599	GEORGE WASHINGTON	SSN	üs	PATRICK HENRY
600	GEORGE WASHINGTON	SSN	US	THEODORE ROOSEVELT
601	GEORGE WASHINGTON	SSN	ÜŠ	ROBERT E. LEE
S601	SNA-72	SSN	FR	RUBIS
602	GEORGE WASHINGTON	SSN	US	ABRAHAM LINCOLN
603	PERMIT	SSN	US	POLLACK
604	PERMIT	SSN	US	HADDO
605	PERMIT	SSN	ÜS	JACK
606	PERMIT	SSN	ŪŠ	TINOSA
607	PERMIT	SSN	บร	DACE
608	ETHAN ALLEN	SSN	UŠ	ETHAN ALLEN
609	ETHAN ALLEN	SSN	US	SAM HOUSTON
610	ETHAN ALLEN	SSN	ÜS	THOMAS A. EDISON
611	ETHAN ALLEN	SSN	ÜŠ	JOHN MARSHALL
612	PERMIT	SSN	ÜŠ	GUARDFISH
613	PERMIT	SSN	ÜŠ	FLASHER
013				

#### LIST OF SUBMARINES BY PENNANT/HULL NUMBER (Continued)

666	UBMARINE IAME	SER DUNTRY	CLASSIFICATION	SUBMARINE CLASS	PENNANT NUMBER
STURGEON					
STURGEON	UITARRO	S	SSN	STURGEON	665
667 STURGEON SSN US SF 668 STURGEON SSN US SF 669 STURGEON SSN US SF 669 STURGEON SSN US SF 669 STURGEON SSN US SF 670 STURGEON SSN US SSN US N. 671 NARWHAL SSN US N. 671 NARWHAL SSN US N. 671 NARWHAL SSN US PI 673 STURGEON SSN US FI 674 STURGEON SSN US TI 675 STURGEON SSN US TI 675 STURGEON SSN US SSN US SSN US STURGEON SSN US SSN US STURGEON SSN US SI 676 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US BI 678 STURGEON SSN US BI 679 STURGEON SSN US SSN US SI 678 STURGEON SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US SSN US SI 681 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 684 STURGEON SSN US GE 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US GE 686 STURGEON SSN US GE 686 STURGEON SSN US GE 687 STURGEON SSN US GE 686 STURGEON SSN US GE 687 STURGEON SSN US GE 688 STURGEON SSN US GE 689 STURGEON SSN US GE 69 ST	AWK8ILL				
658 STURGEON SSN US SF 669 STURGEON SSN US SF 669 STURGEON SSN US SF 670 STURGEON SSN US FI 671 NARWHAL SSN US PI 672 STURGEON SSN US PI 673 STURGEON SSN US FI 674 STURGEON SSN US FI 675 STURGEON SSN US FI 676 STURGEON SSN US BI 676 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US BI 678 STURGEON SSN US BI 679 STURGEON SSN US SI 679 STURGEON SSN US SI 681 STURGEON SSN US SI 681 STURGEON SSN US SI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 683 STURGEON SSN US BI 684 STURGEON SSN US BI 685 GLEMARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 689 GLEMARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 681 STURGEON SSN US G 682 GLEMARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 685 GLEMARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 681 STURGEON SSN US G 682 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW  H 711 ROMEO SS EG 7744 ROMEO SS EG 7755 ROMEO SS EG 7756 ROMEO SS EG 7766 ROMEO SS EG 7768 SOMEO SS EG 778 STURGEON SS	ERGALL	-			
### STURGEON   SSN   US	PADEFISH				
670 STURGEON SSN US FINTERSON SSN US BINTERSON SSN US SINTERSON SSN US SINTERSON SSN US BINTERSON SSN US SINTERSON SSN US BINTERSON SSN US BIN					
671 NARWHAL SSN US PR 672 STURGEON SSN US PR 674 STURGEON SSN US FF 674 STURGEON SSN US FF 675 STURGEON SSN US BR 676 STURGEON SSN US BR 676 STURGEON SSN US BR 677 STURGEON SSN US BR 678 STURGEON SSN US BR 679 STURGEON SSN US BR 679 STURGEON SSN US SSN US BR 681 STURGEON SSN US SSN US BR 682 STURGEON SSN US BR 683 STURGEON SSN US BR 684 STURGEON SSN US BR 684 STURGEON SSN US BR 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US GR 686 STURGEON SSN US GR 687 STURGEON SSN US GR 688 STURGEON SSN US GR 689 STURGEON SSN US GR 680 STURGEON SSN US GR 681 STURGEON SSN US GR 682 STURGEON SSN US GR 683 STURGEON SSN US GR 684 STURGEON SSN US GR 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US GR 686 STURGEON SSN US GR 687 STURGEON SSN US GR 687 STURGEON SSN US GR 688 STURGEON SSN US GR 689 STURGEON SSN US GR 680 STURGEON SSN US GR 687 STURGEON SSN US GR 688 STURGEON SSN US GR 689 STURGEON SSN US GR 689 SSN US GR 711 ROMEO SS EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 756 ROMEO SS EG 7580 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H  744 ROMEO SS EG 7580 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H  7580 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H  7580 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H  766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 768 ROMEO SS SS SS NL TO SSN SS NL TO SSN SS NL TO SSN SSN SSN SSN SSN SSN SSN SSN SSN SS	EAHORSE	>	SSN	STURGEON	669
672 STURGEON SSN US PI 673 STURGEON SSN US FI 674 STURGEON SSN US TI 675 STURGEON SSN US BI 676 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US DI 678 STURGEON SSN US DI 679 STURGEON SSN US AI 680 STURGEON SSN US WS BI 680 STURGEON SSN US WS BI 681 STURGEON SSN US WS BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 683 STURGEON SSN US BI 684 STURGEON SSN US GI 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US GI 686 STURGEON SSN US GI 687 STURGEON SSN US GI 711 ROMEO SS EG 711 ROMEO SS EG 712 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 756 ROMEO SS EG 7576 ROMEO SS EG 8804 DOLFIJN SS NL TW H 8804 DOLFIJN SS NL TW H 8806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL TW H 8806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL TW H 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL TW H 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL TW B 8811 SUTJESKA SS YO SI 812 SUTJESKA SS YO SI 822 HEROJ SS SW NL 823 HEROJ SS SW NL 824 HEROJ SS SW NL 825 SW NN 84 NACKEN SS SW NN 85 SW SS 85 SW NN 86 SJOORMEN SS SW SS 86 SW SS 86 SW SS 86 SW SS 86 SJOORMEN SS SW SS 86 SW SS 86 SJOORMEN SS SW SS 86 SJOORMEN SS SW SS	INBACK	S	SSN	STURGEON	670
673         STURGEON         SSN         US         FT           6744         STURGEON         SSN         US         TT           675         STURGEON         SSN         US         BI           676         STURGEON         SSN         US         BI           677         STURGEON         SSN         US         AI           678         STURGEON         SSN         US         AI           679         STURGEON         SSN         US         AI           680         STURGEON         SSN         US         BI           681         STURGEON         SSN         US         BI           682         STURGEON         SSN         US         DI           683         STURGEON         SSN         US         C           684         STURGEON         SSN         US         C           685         GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB         SSN         US         C           686         STURGEON         SSN         US         C           687         STURGEON         SSN         US         C           711         ROMEO         SS         EG	IARWHAL	S	SSN	NARWHAL	671
674 STURGEON SSN US BI 675 STURGEON SSN US BI 676 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US DI 677 STURGEON SSN US DI 678 STURGEON SSN US DI 679 STURGEON SSN US AI 679 STURGEON SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US FI 684 STURGEON SSN US FI 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 768 ROMEO SS EG 769 ROMEO SS EG 760 ROMEO SS EG	INTADO	S	SSN	STURGEON	672
675 STURGEON SSN US BI 676 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US DI 678 STURGEON SSN US DI 678 STURGEON SSN US AI 679 STURGEON SSN US AI 680 STURGEON SSN US BI 680 STURGEON SSN US BI 681 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 683 STURGEON SSN US DI 684 STURGEON SSN US CI 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US CI 686 STURGEON SSN US CI 687 STURGEON SSN US CI 688 STURGEON SSN US CI 687 STURGEON SSN US CI 687 STURGEON SSN US CI 688 STURGEON SSN US CI 687 STURGEON SSN US CI 687 STURGEON SSN US CI 711 ROMEO SS EG 711 ROMEO SS EG 712 ROMEO SS EG 713 ROMEO SS EG 714 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 756 ROMEO SS EG 7574 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H 744 ROMEO SS EG 810 SPP4 IA, II, IIA SS NL TW H 75806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL Z 820 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 8307 ZWAARDVIS SS NL Z 8308 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 8309 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 8311 SUTJESKA SS YO NL 822 HEROJ SS YO NL 823 HEROJ SS SS SW D  Del DRAKEN SS SW NN Nor DRAKEN SS SW NN Nor DRAKEN SS SW NN Nor DRAKEN SS SW SS Nor SS Nor DRAKEN SS SW SS Nor SS Nor DRAKEN SS SW SS Nor SS Nor DRAKEN SS SW SS Nor DRAKEN SS SW SS Nor SS Nor SS Nor DRAKEN SS SW SS Nor SS N	LYING FISH	S	SSN	STURGEON	673
675 STURGEON SSN US BI 676 STURGEON STURGEON STURGEON SSN US DD 678 STURGEON SSN US DD 678 STURGEON SSN US A 679 STURGEON SSN US A 680 STURGEON SSN US BI 680 STURGEON SSN US BI 681 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 683 STURGEON SSN US P 684 STURGEON SSN US P 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 681 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 681 STURGEON SSN US G 682 G 711 ROMEO SS EG 711 ROMEO SS EG 712 ROMEO SS EG 714 ROMEO SS EG 715 ROMEO SS EG 716 ROMEO SS EG 717 ROMEO SS EG 718 ROMEO SS EG 72 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 758 ROMEO SS EG	REPANG	S	SSN	STURGEON	674
676 STURGEON SSN US BI 677 STURGEON SSN US DI 678 STURGEON SSN US AI 679 STURGEON SSN US SI 679 STURGEON SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US SI 681 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US BI 682 STURGEON SSN US FI 683 STURGEON SSN US FI 684 STURGEON SSN US CI 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 689 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 680 STURGEON SSN US G 681 STURGEON SSN US G 682 SS EG 711 ROMEO SS EG 711 ROMEO SS EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 810 SSN US SS	LUEFISH	Š			
677 678 STURGEON 678 STURGEON 678 STURGEON SSN US AA 679 STURGEON SSN US 680 STURGEON SSN US 680 STURGEON SSN US 681 STURGEON SSN US 681 STURGEON SSN US 682 STURGEON SSN US 683 STURGEON SSN US 684 STURGEON SSN US 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US GG 686 STURGEON SSN US GG 687 STURGEON SSN US GG 688 STURGEON SSN US GG 687 STURGEON SSN US GG 688 GENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US GG 687 T11 ROMEO SS GG 687 T11 ROMEO SS GG T1	ILLFISH				
678 STURGEON SSN US AA 679 STURGEON SSN US SI 6680 STURGEON SSN US W W 681 STURGEON SSN US BE 682 STURGEON SSN US BE 682 STURGEON SSN US BE 682 STURGEON SSN US CO. 683 STURGEON SSN US CO. 684 STURGEON SSN US CC. 684 STURGEON SSN US CC. 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G. 686 STURGEON SSN US G. 686 STURGEON SSN US G. 687 STURGEON SSN US G. 687 STURGEON SSN US R. 711 ROMEO SS EG 687 STURGEON SSN US EG 687 STURGEON SS EG 687 STURGEON SS EG 687 STURGEON SS EG 687 STURGEON SS EG 687 STURGEON SSN US EG 687 STURGEON SS EG 687 STURGEON STURGEON SS EG 687 STURG	DRUM				-
679 STURGEON SSN US SI 680 STURGEON SSN US W 680 STURGEON SSN US W 681 STURGEON SSN US TI 682 STURGEON SSN US TI 683 STURGEON SSN US TI 684 STURGEON SSN US C 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 688 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US G 687 STURGEON SSN US R 711 ROMEO SS EG 712 ROMEO SS EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 766 GUPPY IA, II, IIIA SS TW H 744 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 7894 GUPPY IA, II, IIIA SS TW H S804 DOL FIJN SS NL TW H S805 DOL FIJN SS NL TY S806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL TY S807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL TY S808 DOL FIJN SS NL TY S809 DOL FIJN SS NL TY 811 SUTJESKA SS YO SS 812 SUTJESKA SS YO SS 812 SUTJESKA SS YO N 821 HEROJ SS SW D 822 HEROJ SS SW D 823 HEROJ SS SW D 844 NACKEN SS SW N 85 SW SS 86 SW SM 8	RCHERFISH				
SECTION   SECT	SILVERSIDES				
681 STURGEON SSN US BACKER STURGEON SSN US TITED STURGEON SSN US PACE STURGEON SSN US PACE STURGEON SSN US CACCES GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US REG STURGEON SS EG STURGEON SS SS NL TW SSO STURGEON SS SS NL TRURGEON SS SS SW NL TRURGEON SS SW NN SS SS SW NN SS SS SW NN SS SS SW SS SS SW SS SS SW SS SS SW SS SS					
682 STURGEON SSN US PY 683 STURGEON SSN US PY 684 STURGEON SSN US C 685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G 686 STURGEON SSN US L 687 STURGEON SSN US L 711 ROMEO SS EG 711 ROMEO SS EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 734 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 756 ROMEO SS EG 8804 DOLFIJN SS RU H 8804 DOLFIJN SS NL P 8805 DOLFIJN SS NL P 8806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8808 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8811 SUTJESKA SS YO S 811 SUTJESKA SS YO S 811 HEROJ SS YO SI 812 SUTJESKA SS YO SI 822 HEROJ SS SW NO 844 NACKEN SS SW NA 855 SN NACKEN SS SW NA 865 SN NACKEN SS SW NA 876 NACKEN SS SW NA 877 DRAKEN SS SW NA 887 NACKEN SS SW NA 888 NACKEN SS SW NA 889 NACKEN SS SW NA 880 NACKEN SS SW NA 880 SJOORMEN SS SW SS 880 SW SS 880 SN SW SS 880 SN SW SS 880 SN SW SS 880 SN SS SN SS 880 SN SS 880 SN SN SS 880 SN SS 880 SN SN SS 880 SN SN SN SS 880 SN	VILLIAM H. BATES				
683	BATFISH				
STURGEON	UNNY				
685 GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB SSN US G686 STURGEON SSN US L. 687 STURGEON SSN US L. 711 ROMEO SS EG 712 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 736 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 8794 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H 8804 DOLFIJN SS NL PH 8805 DOLFIJN SS NL PH 8805 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8808 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8808 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 8811 SUTJESKA SS YO S 812 SUTJESKA SS YO S 821 HEROJ SS YO H 822 HEROJ SS YO H 823 HEROJ SS SW N 824 NACKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW S Sha SJOORMEN SS SW S Sha SJOORMEN SS SW S	ARCHE			T 1 T 1 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	
686 STURGEON SSN US L 687 STURGEON SSN US R 711 ROMEO SS EG 712 ROMEO SS EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 8736 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H 744 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 8794 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H 8804 DOLFIJN SS NL P 8805 DOLFIJN SS NL P 8806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL Z 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8808 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 811 SUTJESKA SS YO SS 812 SUTJESKA SS YO SS 821 HEROJ SS YO JI 822 HEROJ SS YO JI 823 HEROJ SS SS YO U 824 DRAKEN SS SW N Nak NACKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW N NOR SS SW SS SHA SJOORMEN SS SW SS SHA SJOORMEN SS SW SS SHA SJOORMEN SS SW SS	AVALLA				
687         STURGEON         SSN         US         R           711         ROMEO         SS         EG	GLENARD P. LIPSCON		SSN	GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB	
711 ROMEO SS EG 722 ROMEO SS EG 733 ROMEO SS EG 734 ROMEO SS EG 755 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 768 ROMEO SS EG 78804 DOLFIJN SS NL PE SS NL TW H SSOS DOLFIJN SS NL TW H SSOS DOLFIJN SS NL TW TW TW TW SSOS TW	MENDEL RIVERS	S	SSN	STURGEON	686
722         ROMEO         SS         EG            733         ROMEO         SS         EG            8736         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           744         ROMEO         SS         EG            755         ROMEO         SS         EG            766         ROMEO         SS         EG            8794         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           8804         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         P           8805         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           8806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           8807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           8808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           8809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           8811         SUTJESKA         SS         NL         D           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         N           8	RICHARD B. RUSSELI	S	SSN	STURGEON	687
722         ROMEO         SS         EG            733         ROMEO         SS         EG            8736         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           744         ROMEO         SS         EG            755         ROMEO         SS         EG            766         ROMEO         SS         EG            8794         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           8804         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         P           8805         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           8806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           8807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           8808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           8809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           8811         SUTJESKA         SS         NL         D           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         N           8	<b></b>	G	SS	ROMEO	711
T333   ROMEO   SS   EG					
S736         GUPPY IA, II, IIIA         SS         TW         H           744         ROMEO         SS         EG         H           755         ROMEO         SS         EG            766         ROMEO         SS         EG            8794         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           8804         DOL FIJN         SS         NL         PI           8805         DOL FIJN         SS         NL         T           8806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           8807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           8808         DOL FIJN         SS         NL         T           8809         DOL FIJN         SS         NL         D           8809         DOL FIJN         SS         NL         D           8811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         S           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           82					
744         ROMEO         SS         EG         H           755         ROMEO         SS         EG            766         ROMEO         SS         EG            S794         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           S804         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         P           S805         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           S806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         Z           S807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           S808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           S811         SUTJESKA         SS         NO         SS           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           823	AAI SHIH				
755 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 766 ROMEO SS EG 8794 GUPPY IA, II, IIA SS TW H 8804 DOLFIJN SS NL P 8805 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8806 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8807 ZWAARDVIS SS NL T 8808 DOLFIJN SS NL T 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL D 8809 DOLFIJN SS NL Z 811 SUTJESKA SS NL Z 811 SUTJESKA SS YO SI 812 SUTJESKA SS YO SI 821 HEROJ SS YO H 822 HEROJ SS YO JI 823 HEROJ SS YO JI 824 HEROJ SS YO U  Del DRAKEN SS SS YO U Del DRAKEN SS SW N Naj NACKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW N Nor DRAKEN SS SW S Sbj SJOORMEN SS SW S Shu SJOORMEN SS SW S	IAI SHIH				
766         ROMEO         SS         EG            S794         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           S804         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         PP           S805         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           S806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           S807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           S808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         S           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         SW         N           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         D		_			
S794         GUPPY IA, II, IIA         SS         TW         H           S804         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         PI           S805         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           S806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         Z           S807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           S808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         N           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAK					
S804         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         PF           S805         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         T           S806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         Z           S807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           S808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         SI           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN					
\$805 DOLFIJN \$\$ NL 75 \$806 ZWAARDVIS \$\$ NL 25 \$807 ZWAARDVIS \$\$ NL 75 \$808 DOLFIJN \$\$ NL D \$809 DOLFIJN \$\$ NL D \$809 DOLFIJN \$\$ NL Z \$11 SUTJESKA \$\$ NL Z \$11 SUTJESKA \$\$ YO \$\$ \$12 SUTJESKA \$\$ YO N \$21 HEROJ \$\$ YO HEROJ \$\$ YO JI \$22 HEROJ \$\$ YO JI \$23 HEROJ \$\$ YO JI \$24 DEL DRAKEN \$\$ YO U \$25 DEL DRAKEN \$\$ SW N Naj NACKEN \$\$ SW N Nor DRAKEN \$\$ SW S	1AI PAO				
S806         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         Z           S807         ZWAARDVIS         SS         NL         T           S808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         D           S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         H           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN	POTVIS				
\$807         ZWAARDVIS         \$\$         NL         T           \$808         DOLFIJN         \$\$         NL         D           \$809         DOLFIJN         \$\$         NL         Z           \$811         SUTJESKA         \$\$         YO         N           \$12         SUTJESKA         \$\$         YO         N           \$21         HEROJ         \$\$         YO         H           \$22         HEROJ         \$\$         YO         J           \$23         HEROJ         \$\$         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         \$\$         \$\$         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         \$\$         \$\$         \$\$         N           Naj         NACKEN         \$\$         \$\$         \$\$         N           Naj         NACKEN         \$\$         \$\$         \$\$         N           Nep         NACKEN         \$\$         \$\$         \$\$         N           Nor         DRAKEN         \$\$         \$\$         \$\$         N           Nor         DRAKEN         \$\$         \$\$         \$\$           Nor         DRAKEN         \$\$	LONIN				
S808         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         DO           S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         SI           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         J           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	ZWĄARDVIS				
S809         DOLFIJN         SS         NL         Z           811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         SI           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         H           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	TIJGERHAAI	IL		ZWAARDVIS	S807
811         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         SI           812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	DOLFIJN	IL	SS	DOLFIJN	S808
812         SUTJESKA         SS         YO         N           821         HEROJ         SS         YO         H           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SVJ         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	ZEEHOND	IL	SS	DOLFIJN	S809
821         HEROJ         SS         YO         H           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SVI         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	SUTJESKA	'O	SS	SUTJESKA	811
821         HEROJ         SS         YO         H           822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SVI         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	NERETVA				812
822         HEROJ         SS         YO         JI           823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	HEROJ				
823         HEROJ         SS         YO         U           Del         DRAKEN         SS         SW         D           Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SVI         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	JUNAK				
Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	USKOK				
Naj         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	DEL CIAICNI	441	00	DDAVCAL	Del.
Nak         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nep         NACKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	DELFINEN				
Nep         NAČKEN         SS         SW         N           Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SV!         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	NAJAD				
Nor         DRAKEN         SS         SW         N           Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	NACKEN				
Sbj         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S           Sha         SJOORMEN         SS         SVJ         S           Shu         SJOORMEN         SS         SW         S	NEPTUN				
Sha SJOORMEN SS SV/ S Shu SJOORMEN SS SW S	NORDKAPAREN			DRAKEN	
Sha SJOORMEN SS SV/ S Shu SJOORMEN SS SW S	SJOBJORNEN	W	SS	SJOORMEN	Sbj
Shu SJOORMEN SS SW S	SJOHASTEN			SJOORMEN	Sha
	SJOHUNDEN			T 1 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	Shu
SIE SJOORMEN SS SW S	SJOLEJONET		SS	SJOORMEN	Sle
= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	SJOORMEN				
-1	SPRINGAREN VARGEN				<i></i>

SECTION G
DESCENDING LENGTH INDEX OF SUBMARINES

LENGTH (FEET)	SUBMARINE CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	LENGTH (FEET)	SUBMARINE CLASS	CLASSIFICATION
560	оню	SSBN	278.9	JULIETT	SSG
560	TYPHOON	SSBN	278.5	PERMIT	SSN
499	DELTA II	SSBN	275.6	GYMNOTE	SSB
499	DELTA III	SSBN	275.6	WHISKEY LONG BIN	SSG
446	DELTAI	SSBN	273	TULLIBEE	SSN
425	LAFAYETTE	SSBN	272	SWIFTSURE	SSN
425	RESOLUTION	SSBN	267.7	SKATE	SSN
422.1	LE REDOUTABLE	SSBN	265.8	DREADNOUGHT	SSN
419.9	YANKEE I	SSBN	260.9	DOLFIJN	SS
419.9	YANKEE II	SSBN	260.1	ALFA	SSN
410	ETHAN ALLEN	SSN	254.6	NARVAL	SS
381.7	GEORGE WASHINGTON	SSN	251.7	SKIPJACK	SSN
380.6	ECHO II	SSGN	250	MING	SS
377.3	HOTEL II	SSBN	249.3	YUUSHIO	SS
365	GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB	SSN	249	ROMEO	SS
364	ECHO	SSN	248	WHISKEY	SS
360	LOS ANGELES	SSN	248	WHISKEY CANVAS BAG	SSR
354	NOVEMBER	SSN	248	WHISKEY TWIN CYLINDS	R SSG
344	INDIA	SSA	243	TIBURON	SS
337.5	SEAWOLF	SSN	236.5	SNA-72	SSN
334.6	VICTOR III	SSN	236.2	UZUSHIO	SS
334	GRAYBACK	SS	226.4	DRAKEN	SS
328	PAPA	SSGN	221.7	AGOSTA	SS
326,5	GUPPY III	SS	219.1	BARBEL	SS
321.5	CHARLIE II	SSGN	217.2	ZWAARDVIS	SS
318.2	GOLF	SSQ	215.8	SAVA	SS
318.2	GOLF I	SSB	213	BRAVO	SST
318.2	GOLF !!	SSB	210	HEROJ	SS
314.6	NARWAL	SSN	210	SAURO	SS
311.7	VICTOR II	SSN	196.8	SUTJESKA	SS
311.6	BALAO (Type 2)	SS	195.1	TYPE 209	SS
311.5	BALAO (Type 1)	SS	189.6	DAPHNE	SS
306	GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SS	177.2	DELFINEN	SS
297.6	FOXTROT	SS	167.3	SJOORMEN	SS
295.2	OBERON	SS	162.7	ARETHUSE	SS
295.2	TANGO	SS	159.4	TYPE 206	SS
292.2	STURGEON	SSN	157.5	GAL	SS
292	CHARLIE I	SSGN	152	DOLPHIN	AGSS
288.7	ASASHIO	SS	151.5	TOTI	SS
287.7	ZULU IV	SS	149	TYPE 207	SS
287	TANG	SS	144	TYPE 205	SS
285	VALIANT	SSN	135	NACKEN	SS
284.5	DARTER	SS		HAN	SSN
282.1	LIMA	SSA		KILO	SS
279	VICTOR I	SSN		OSCAR	SSGN

SECTION H
MASTER SUBMARINE CROSS REFERENCE LIST

- INACTED COMMINE CHOOS REFERENCE EIGH					
CLASS	CLASSIFICATION	REMARKS	CLASS C	LASSIFICATION	REMARKS
AGOSTA ALFA ARETHUSE ASASHIO	SS SSN SS SS		NACKEN NARHVALEN NARVAL NARWHAL NOVEMBER	55 55 55 55 55N 55N	SEE TYPE 205
BALAO (Type 1) BALAO (Type 2) BARBEL BENJAMIN FRANKLII BRAVO	SS SS SS N SSBN SST	SEE LAFAYETTE	OBERON OHIO OOSHIO OSCAR	SS SSBN SS SSGN	SEE ASASHIO
CHARLIE I CHARLIE II CHURCHILL DAPHNE	SSGN SSGN SSN	SEE VALIANT	PAPA PERMIT PIOMARTA PORPOISE POTVIS	SSGN SSN SS SS SS	SEE TANG SEE OBERON SEE DOLFIJN
DARTER DELFINEN DELTA II DELTA II DELTA III	SS SS SSBN SSBN SSBN		RESOLUTION ROMEO RUBIS	SSBN SS SSN	SEE SNA-72
DOLFIJN DOLPHIN DRAKEN DREADNOUGHT	SS AGSS SS SSN		SALTA SAURO SAVA SEAWOLF SJOORMEN	SS SS SS SSN SS	SEE TYPE 209
ECHO ECHO II ETHAN ALLEN	SSN SSGN SSN		SKATE SKIPJACK SNA-72 STURGEON	SSN SSN SSN SSN	
GAL GEORGE WASHINGTO			SUTJESKA SWIFTSURE TANG TANGO	SS SSN SS	
GLAVKOS GLENARD P. LIPSCOI GOLF GOLF I GOLF II	SS VIB SSN SSQ SSB SSB	SEE TYPE 209	TANGO THRESHER TIBURON TOTI TULLIBEE	SS SSN SS SS SSN	SEE PERMIT
GOLF III GOLF IV GOLF V GRAYBACK GUPPY IA, II, IIA	SSB SSB SSB SS SS	SEE GOLF I SEE GOLF I SEE GOLF I	TYPE 205 TYPE 206 TYPE 207 TYPE 209 TYPHOON	55 55 55 55 58 588N	
GUPPY III GYMNOTE	SS SSB		иzиѕню	SS	
HAN HEROJ HOTEL II HOTEL III	SSN SS SSBN SSBN	SEE HOTEL II	VALIANT VICTOR I VICTOR II VICTOR III	SSN SSN SSN SSN	
INDIA	SSA		WHISKEY CANVAS BAC	SS S SSR	
JAMES MADISON JULIETT	SSBN SSG	SEE LAFAYETTE	WHISKEY LONG BIN WHISKEY TWIN CYLIN	SSG	
KiLO KOBBEN LAFAYETTE	SS SS SSBN	SEE TYPE 207	YANKEE YANKEE I YANKEE II YUUSHIO	SSN SSBN SSBN SS	SEE YANKEE I
LE REDOUTABLE LIMA LOS ANGELES	SSBN SSA SSN		ZULU IV ZWAARDVIS	SS SS	
MING	SS		1		

#### **CHAPTER 3**

### **Submarine Nomenclature**

#### 1. GENERAL

The exterior view of the submarine presents a very low silhouette. This is because the submarine has a high density and therefore is normally two-thirds submerged, even when surfaced. The exterior hull of the submarine has a cylindrical shape which gradually tapers forward and aft to become the bow and stern, respectively.

On older fleet type, World War II submarines, the superstructure deck-called the main deckextends virtually from the tip of the bow to near the stern. The deck is generally level. Beginning near the midships section, it rises gradually in the direction of the bow to a height of approximately 10 feet above the waterline. Freeboard at the after end of the main deck is about 4 feet.

#### 2. OLDER SUBMARINE TYPES

Figure 3-1 depicts an annotated example of an older type submarine. The forward or bow section of the main deck normally has the following installations: a sonar head (1) which is

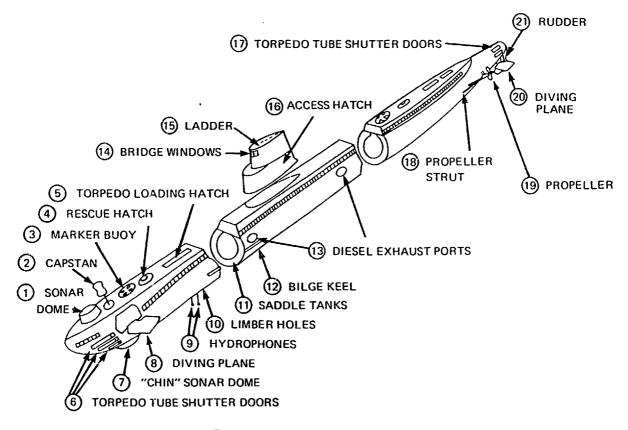


Figure 3-1. Older Submarine Types

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often called a sonar dome; a capstan (2) which is often retractable; a marker buoy (3); an escape hatch (4); and a loading hatch (5) for forward torpedoes.

The bow section may be fitted with torpedotube shutter doors (6); a "chin"-mounted sonar dome (7); retractable or foldable "diving" planes (8); and hydrophones (9) or other retractable sound equipment.

Running from the bow section through the midship section and terminating in the after section, free-flooding ports called "limber holes" (10) may be arranged in various patterns. Saddle tanks (11) form a noticeable bulge in the hull shape. A bilge keel (12) might be evident if the hull were raised out of the water. Diesel exhaust ports (13) are located at the waterline.

Windows in the sail (14), ladders (15), and entrance hatches (16) are sometimes visible on the sail.

The stern section has deck structures similar to the bow section (marker buoy, rescue hatch, access hatch, capstan, etc.). There are usually fewer torpedo-tube shutter doors (17) aft than forward. Propeller struts (18) and propellers (19) are usually located port and starboard. Control surfaces at the stern include movable diving planes (20) and a rudder (21).

#### 3. NEWER SUBMARINE TYPES

The basic hull shape of modern submarines resembles a torpedo, with a rounded bow forward and control planes at the stern set at right angles to each other (see Figure 3-2). Other surfaces show streamlined fairing. The following prominent recognition features are characteristic of modern submarines.

- a. A sonar belt (1) or sound-transparent window may encircle the bow.
  - b. Sonar plates (2) or another belt of similar

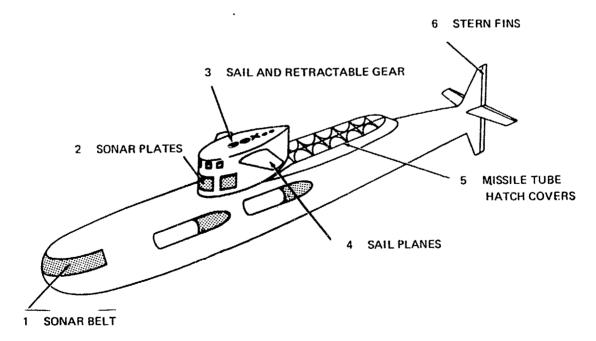


Figure 3-2. Newer Submarine Types

material may encircle the lower sail front.

- c. The sail (3) may be rectangular, streamlined, or stepped, and it may have retractable gear wells.
- d. Sail planes (4) are often present on newer submarines.
- e. If so equipped, missile-tube hatch covers (5), or cowlings, occur in a variety of patterns. Tubes installed vertically may be located within the hull aft of the sail or within the sail itself.
- f. Stern fins (6) provide one of the most prominent features of modern submarines. The vertical fin, which incorporates an extended rudder surface, may extend well above the main deckline. Fins on some units are set at a 45-degree angle to the vertical.

#### 4. TYPICAL RETRACTABLE GEAR

Figure 3-3 depicts typical retractable equipment in a hypothetical submarine sail. The shape, sequence, and combinations of equipment will vary extensively, but will normally include:

- a. An attack periscope (1).
- b. A reconnaissance or search periscope (2), characterized by an enlarged barrel and head.
  - c. A navigation/search radar (3).
- d. An air-induction valve (4) which is often called a snorkel intake.
- e. A direction-finding antenna (5) which is often some type of DF loop.

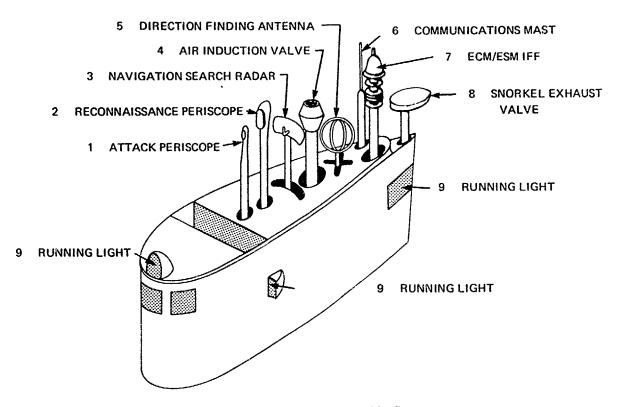


Figure 3-3. Typical Retractable Gear

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- f. One or more communications masts (6) for various radio frequency ranges.
- g. An antenna (7) which houses various ECM/ESM and IFF installations.
- h. A snorkel exhaust valve (8) which may take the form of a fixed installation within the sail.
- i. Running lights (9) which may be fixed, recessed, retractable, or folded flush into the sail when not in use.

Other features often observed in the sail include electronic navigation devices, searchlights, fold-down windshields, guardrails, and ladders.

#### CHAPTER 4

## **Submarine Coding System**

#### 1. CODING SYSTEM

Three factors-overall profile, sail placement, and bow profile--are usually sufficient to identify a class; hence each submarine class has a threedigit code number. The coding system is based on examining the profile appearance of a given submarine and assigning a number to each of the three specific features that best corresponds with illustrated examples. In cases where several submarine classes possess the same code number, their profiles and photographs should be carefully compared to differentiate among them. addition, the area of operations in which the submarine is sighted as well as the nationality of the tentatively recognized submarine are other useful factors to consider in identifying the submarine. Silhouette form profiles are arranged in ascending order of their code numbers so that similar appearing units are in close proximity to each other.

#### 2. OVERALL PROFILE

The submarine's overall profile appearance, of which sail shape is the most important factor. determines the first digit in the submarine code. See Section A. Historically, older World War II submarines were virtually nondescript since the superstructure consisted of a conglomeration of raised components such as the conning tower, bridge, and a veritable forest of masts, stanchions, and antennas. The trend after World War II was to design the masts so that they were retractable and to construct a fairing around all objects extending above the weatherdeck. Most early post-World War II sail fairings were prominently stepped. Most stepped-type sails are being phased out, and new construction units feature streamlined sails that are completely faired.

The streamlined "turtleback" sail, which is a Soviet innovation, has a curved topline that

merges with the after trailing edge of the sail. It is code number 1 in the Overall Profile coding group.

Rectangular type sails are so numerous that they must be subdivided as they appear in relation to other features. The new SSBNs usually have a large rectangular sail with sail planes. They also have a bullet-shaped bow, a stern fin, and a prominently raised deckline aft of the sail (a feature necessitated to accommodate missile tubes). SSBN classes largely constitute Overall Profile Code 2 grouping.

Other submarines with rectangular sails comprise groupings with Overall Profile codes of 3, 4, and 5. In these groups, hull features such as stern fin and bow type are the differentiating factors.

Submarines with Overall Profile Code 6 include a small group of transitory design types. In this group, the overall appearance of the sail is rectangular, but the topline is broken with minor knuckles, protuberances, and fixed or semiretractable equipment. If a small step occurs, it measures less than one-fifth of the sail height and usually indicates a shield, raised well cover, or fixed snorkel exhaust casing. Generally speaking, this group is composed of conversions and experimental prototypes which bridge the gap between the irregular shapes of the World War II versions and the streamlined sails of the nuclear age. If the sail topline is broken and has an obvious step measuring one-fourth the sail height or more, it falls within Overall Profile Codes 7 through 9, depending on the position of the step.

#### 3. SAIL PLACEMENT CODING

Sail placement determines the second digit in the code. See Section B. The system for coding sail placement parallels and reinforces the system for overall profile coding. Generally, newer Volume XIII DIAM 57-7

submarines have their sails placed much nearer the bow than older design types. In examining the five basic sail positions, it is intended that the observer choose the example which best shows the position of the sighted sail in relation to the hull. To do this, compare an imaginary line establishing the center of the sail with an imaginary line through the midpoint of the hull. There will be instances in which the visual angle will adversely affect coding so that a borderline judgment is necessary. In such cases, it is advisable to use the lower coding number so that the observer can examine the submarine silhouettes that follow in the general appearance group. The codings for sail placement are based on actual hull length, which includes any protruding stern fin regardless of whether it is readily visible at sea.

#### 4. BOW PROFILE CODING

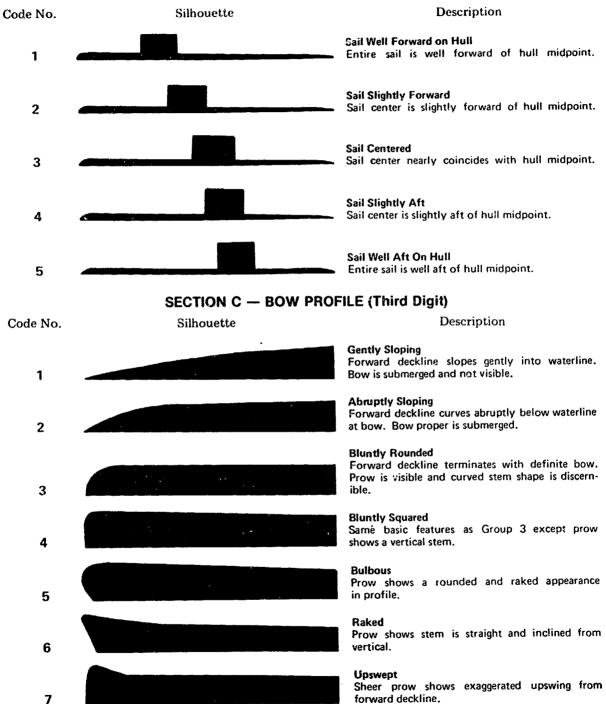
As illustrated in Section C, the bow profile

determines the third digit in the code. A number is assigned in an ascending order that coincides with the severity of angle with which the stem or deckline approaches the waterline. With newer submarines, the bulbous bow is seldom seen even when surfaced, and the deckline forward of the sail appears to slope gently into the water. With older design types, the prow has a definite terminal point, and the angle of the stem is either raked or vertical. In borderline cases, it is again advised that the lower code number be used so that the observer can proceed logically in his search. In coding bow profiles, note that structures atop the bow (unless fully faired-in with a cowling so they appear to contribute to the permanent configuration of the hull) are not considered as part of the bow shape. Bow shapes are often difficult to see because of observer angle or water wave action, but this should not constrain the observer since it is often possible to identify a particular submarine class based only on the first two code numbers.

#### SECTION A — OVERALL PROFILE (First Digit)

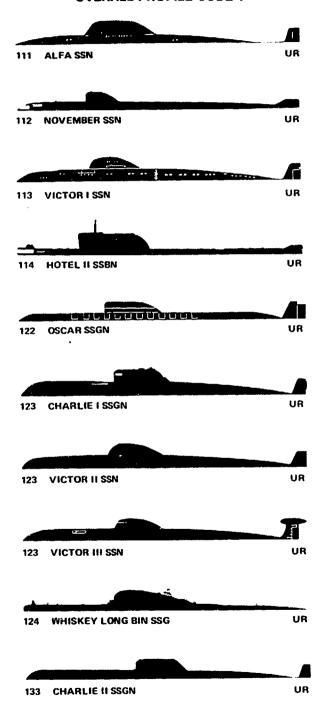
Description Silhouette Code No. Streamlined Sail Sail has unbroken topline with no prominent steps 1 or breaks. Topline blends with trailing edge as it curves toward deckline aft. Rectangular Sail, Broken After Deckline, Stern Fin Sail has unbroken topline and is basically rectangu-2 lar. Prominent break in after deckline forms a knuckle above waterline. Stern fin is visible. Rectangular Sail, Unbroken After Deckline, Sloping Bow Deckline, Stern Fin Sail has unbroken topline and is basically rectangu-3 lar. There is no prominent break visible in after deckline. Deckline at bow slopes into waterline without revealing bow. Stern fin is visible. Rectangular Sail, Unbroken After Deckline, Blunt Bow. No Stern Fin Same as Group 3 except forward deckline is relatively level and the bow profile is exposed. Rectangular Sail, Unbroken After Deckline, Blunt Bow. No Stern Fin Same as Group 4 except no stern fin is visible 5 above waterline. Rectangular Sail with Minor Breaks in Topline Breaks in topline are not prominent enough to be considered steps and usually consist of raised 6 well guards, fixed instruments, knuckles, etc. Sail Stepped Down Toward Bow Sail has one or more prominent breaks in topline, forming a distinct step measuring 1/4 or more of 7 the sail height. There may be a stern fin. Sail Stepped Down Toward Bow and Stern Same as Group 7 except that a downward step aft is also present. 8 Sail Stepped Down Toward Stern Same as Group 7 except the downward step is toward the stern instead of the bow.

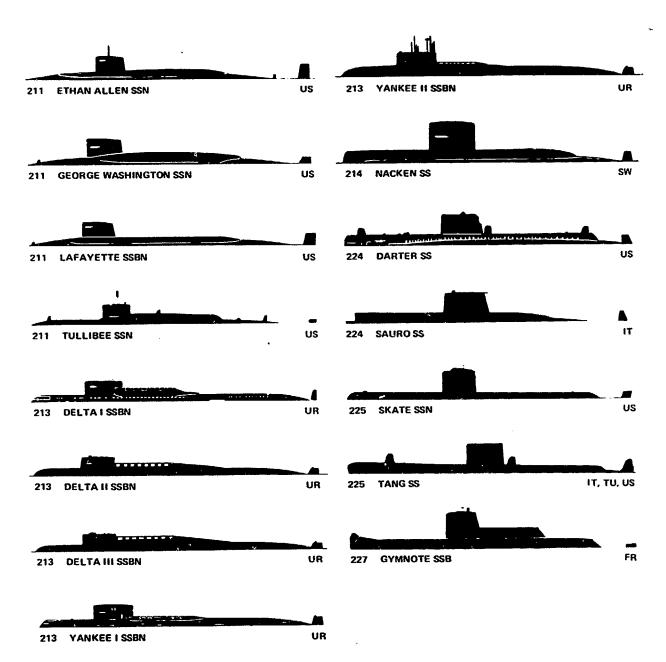


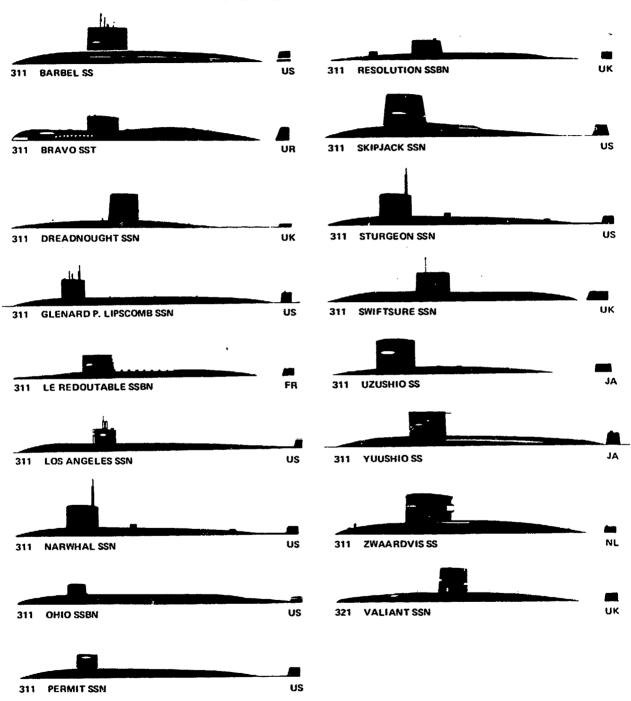


# CHAPTER 5 Submarine Codings

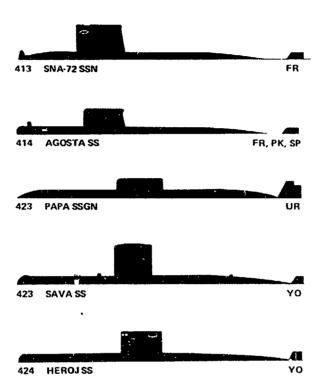
# SUBMARINE CODINGS OVERALL PROFILE CODE 1

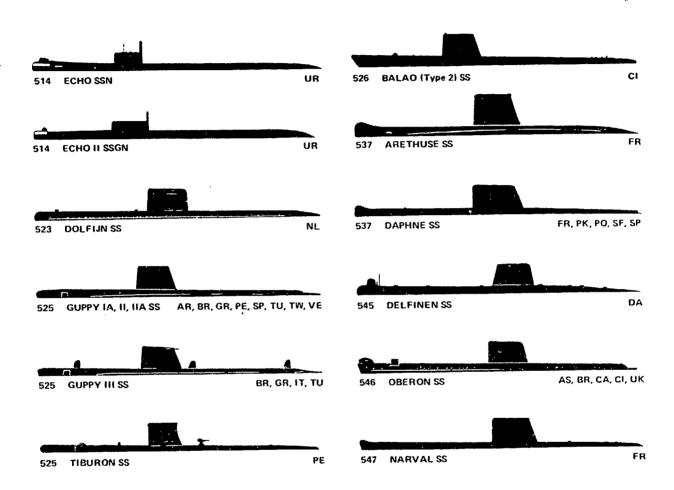




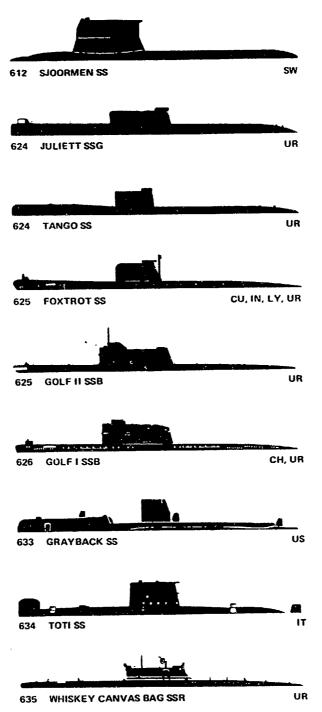


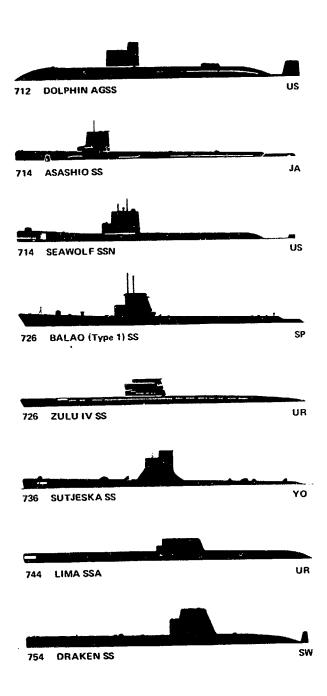
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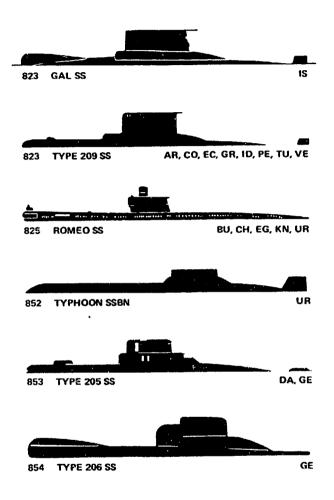


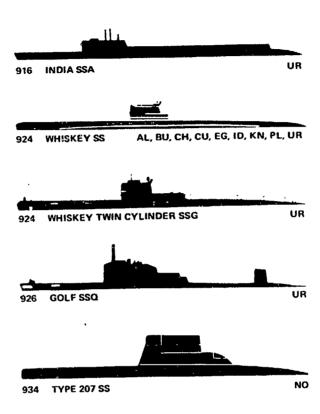
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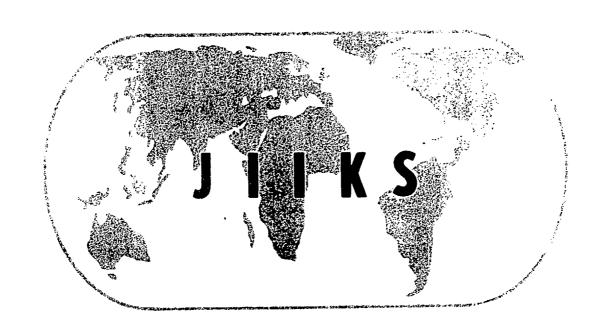


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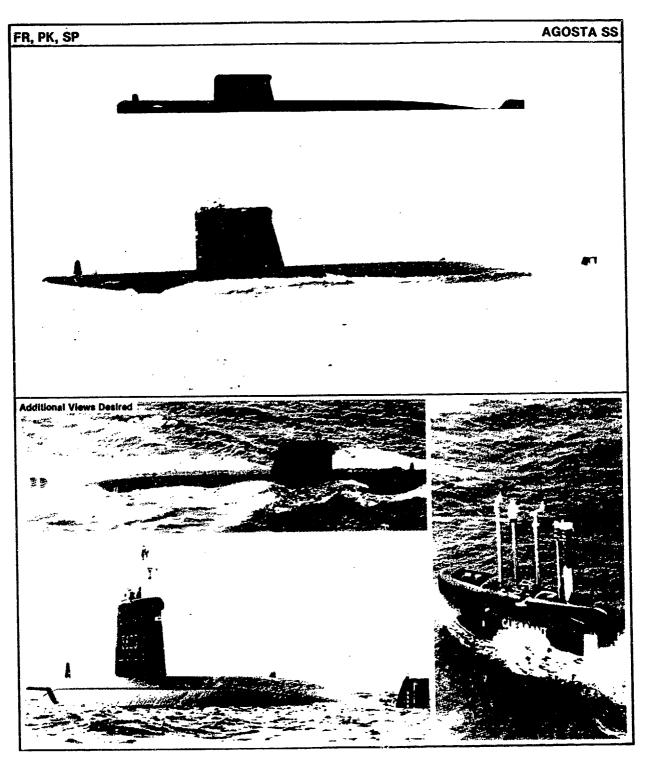


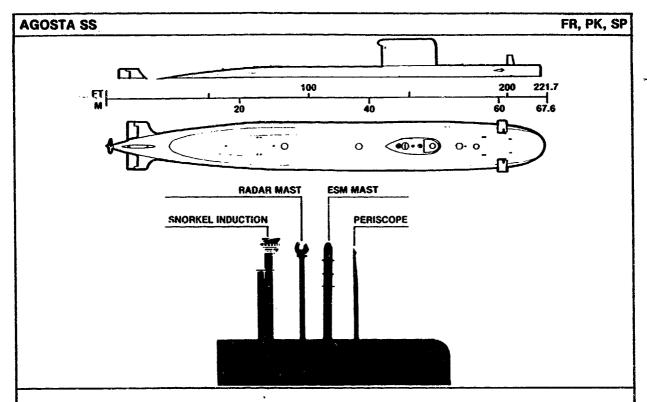
# **VOLUME XIII**



# **PART TWO**

KEYS TO INDIVIDUAL SUBMARINE CLASSES





AGOSTA's sail is rectangular with vertical leading and trailing edges. The top of the sail is smooth and flat with a rounded corner forward and a squared-off corner aft. The spindleshaped hull has an unbroken after deckline, a blunt bow with a vertical stem, and a low stern fin which rises no higher than the deckline. The rectangular sail is placed forward of the hull midpoint. The bow profile is bluntly squared, and the narrow flat deck is flush with the hull. The stern is tapered and gently sloping into the waterline before the visible stern fin.

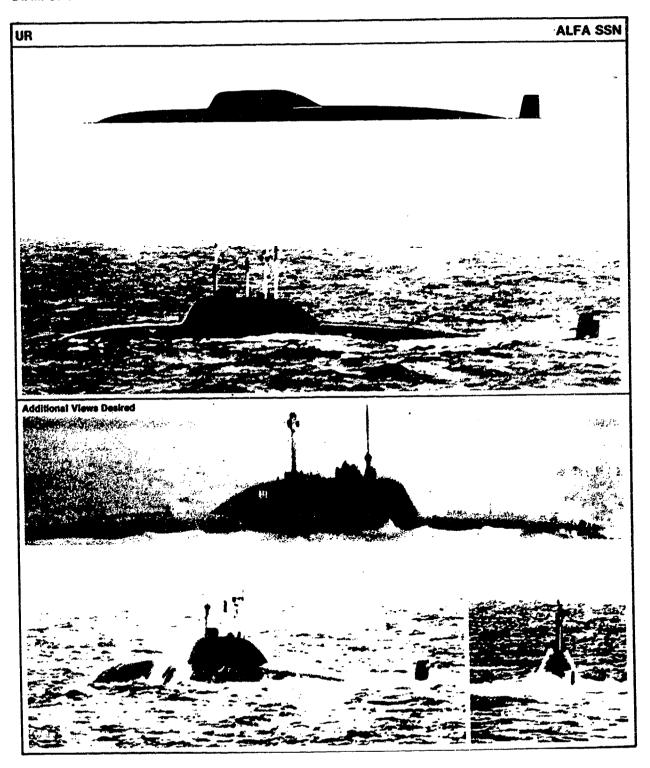
# CHARACTERISTICS:

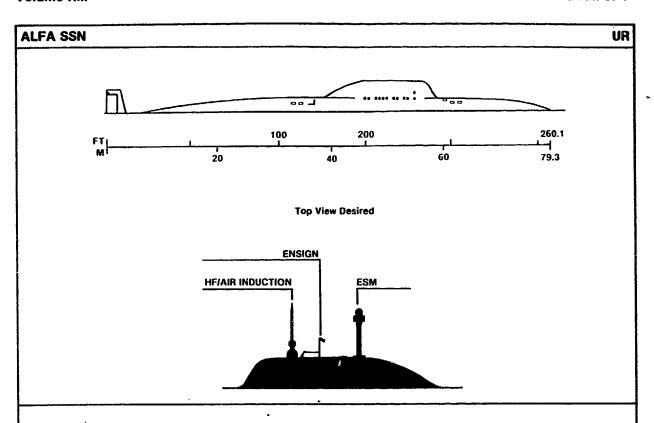
Displacement, tons: 1,450 surfaced; 1,725 submerged
Dimensions, feet (meters): 221.7 x 22.3 x 17.7 (67.6 x 6.8 x 5.4)
Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) bow (FR); 4 x 21.7 in (55 cm) (PK, SP)
Missiles: EXOCET may be carried by Spanish units

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 main motor; 1 cruising motor; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 12 surfaced; 20 submerged Pennant numbers: FR S620 thru S623; PK S135 and S136; SP S71 thru S74

# **REMARKS:**

Four units have been commissioned in the French Navy and two in the Pakistan Navy. Four units are currently under construction for the Spanish Navy.





The ALFA Class has a low, streamlined sail that is raked and rounded fore and aft, and is located fairly forward on the hull. ALFA has a high stern fin aft which projects to about 1/2 of the sail height. The bow and stern both slope gently into the waterline.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,500 surfaced; 4,200 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 260.1 x 32.8 (79.3 x 10) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

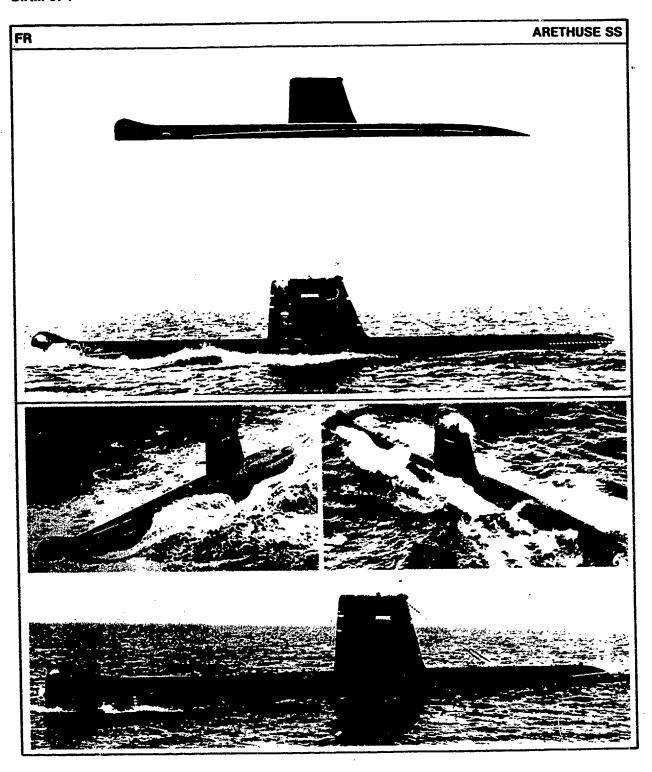
Missiles: May be fitted with ASW or SSMs

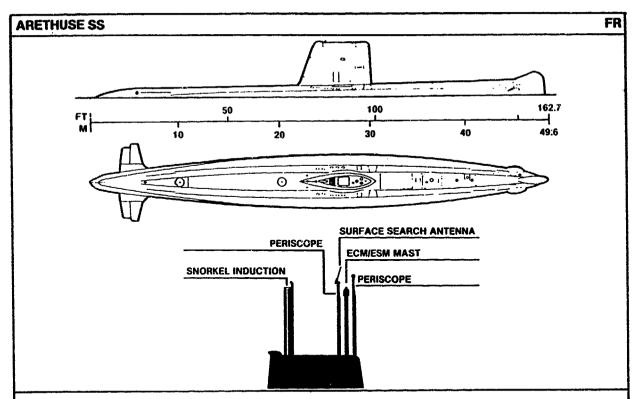
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 42+ submerged

# REMARKS:

The Soviet ALFA Class, which became operational in 1978, is a streamlined design, high speed, deep diving submarine. The class is now in slow series production.





The prime identification feature of French submarines of this vintage is the faired-in bulbous bow which may be called "canoe-shaped." The sail is basically rectangular with a vertical leading edge, a raked trailing edge, and located near the center of the submarine. The fixed snorkel exhaust is somewhat raised above the sail before it is lipped over the trailing edge. ARETHUSE has a deck ridge or knuckle formed by the change of direction in the hull plates after they round off on the sides of the submarine. This effect causes a noticeable bulge at the sides of the submarine, resembling saddle tanks.

# **CHARACTERISTICS:**

Displacement, tons: 543 surfaced; 669 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters):  $162.7 \times 19 \times 13.1 (49.6 \times 5.8 \times 4)$ 

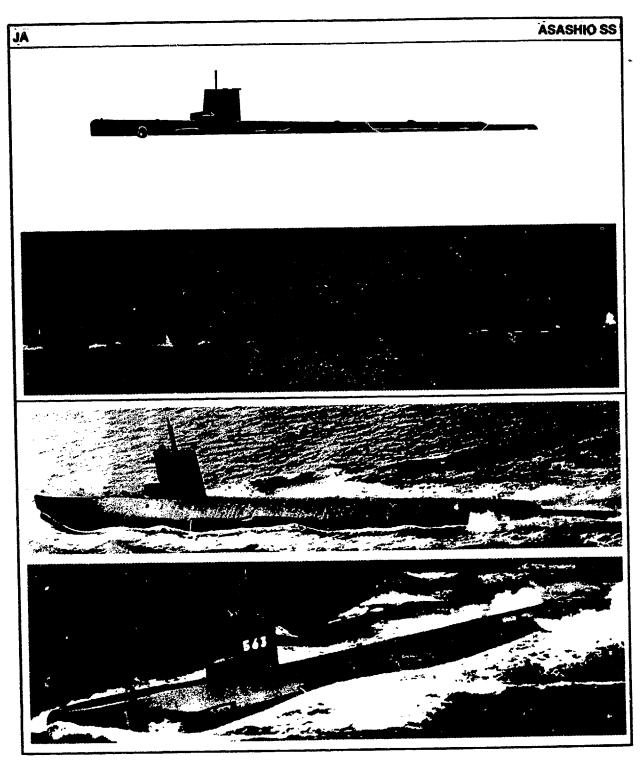
Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21.7 in (55 cm) (bow) Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 1 shaft

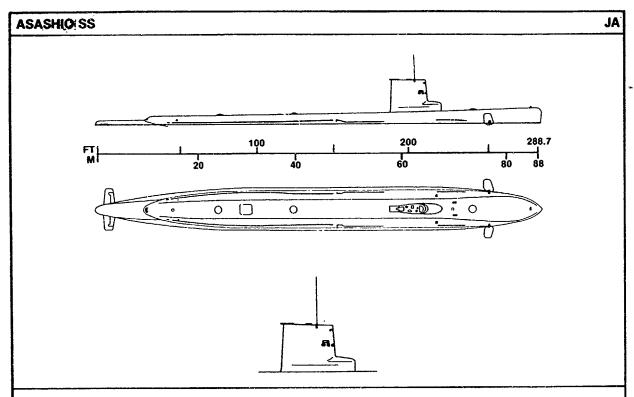
Speed, knots: 12.5 surfaced; 16 submerged

Pennant numbers: \$636

#### REMARKS:

The ARETHUSE Class, first commissioned in 1959, consisted of four small submarines. These units closely resemble the DAPHNE and NARVAL Class submarines also produced by France. There is presently only one in active service.





The sail on the ASASHIO Class is located well forward of amidships. The leading edge has a downward step and the trailing edge is slightly raked. The topline is level except for a very small protuberance near the trailing edge. The bow is bluntly squared and folding bow planes are located midway between the bow and sail. The weatherdeck is flat and steps-down near the stern.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,650 standard; unknown surfaced and submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters):  $288.7 \times 26.9 \times 16.2 (88 \times 8.2 \times 4.9)$ 

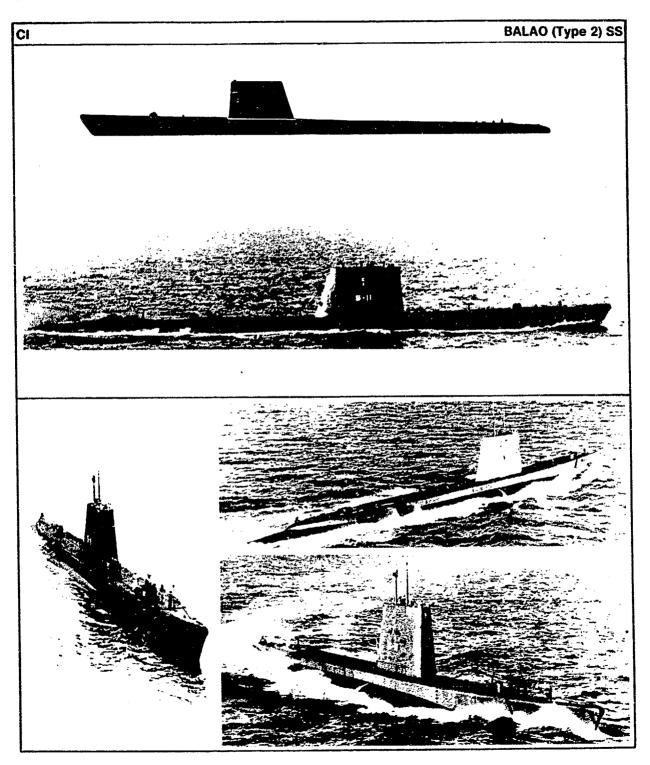
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow); 2 x 12.7 in (32.4 cm) (stern)

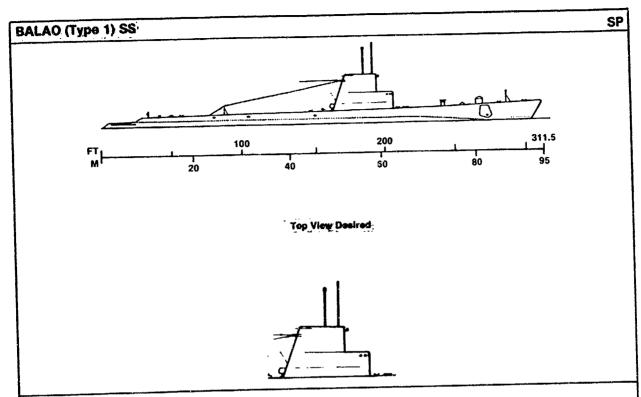
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts Speed, knots: 14 surfaced; 18 submerged

Pennant numbers: S561 thru S565

#### REMARKS:

The ASASHIO Class, first unit commissioned in 1966, is a follow-on to the single-ship OOSHIO Class (S561). The OOSHIO's bow has a more pronounced curve than that found on units of the ASASHIO Class.





The BALAO (Type 1)'s sail is slightly forward of amidships with a sloped trailing edge and a downward step towards the bow. It has a raked bow with visible diving planes and a level aft deck with a single step down to the pressure hull near the stern.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

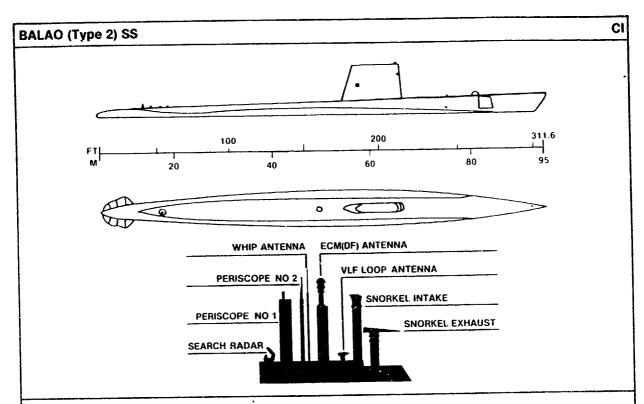
Displacement, tons: 1,816 surfaced; 2,400 submerged
Dimensions, feet (meters): 311.5 x 27.2 x 17.2 (95 x 8.3 x 5.2)
Torpedo tubes: 10 total, (6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) and 4 for ASW torpedoes)

Propulsion: Diesel; 4 diesels; 2 main motors; 2 shafts Speed, knots: 18.5 surfaced; 10 submerged

Pennant number: S31

# REMARKS:

The BALAO Class which became operational in 1944, had over 100 units. The Type 1 and Type 2 designators are used to differentiate between the two currently operational versions, both of which have a different appearance than the original class. The sail of the Type 1 is stepped down forward, whereas the Type 2's sail has a rectangular appearance. There are currently only two units active; one BALAO (Type 1) unit with the Spanish and one Type 2 unit in the Chilian Navy.



The sail of the BALAO (Type 2) is rectangular in appearance and is situated forward of amidships. It has a raked bow with visible diving planes, and a level aft deck with a single step down to the pressure hull near the stern. The BALAO (Type 2) is identical to the GUPPY IA, II, and IIA except that GUPPYs have a rounded bow.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

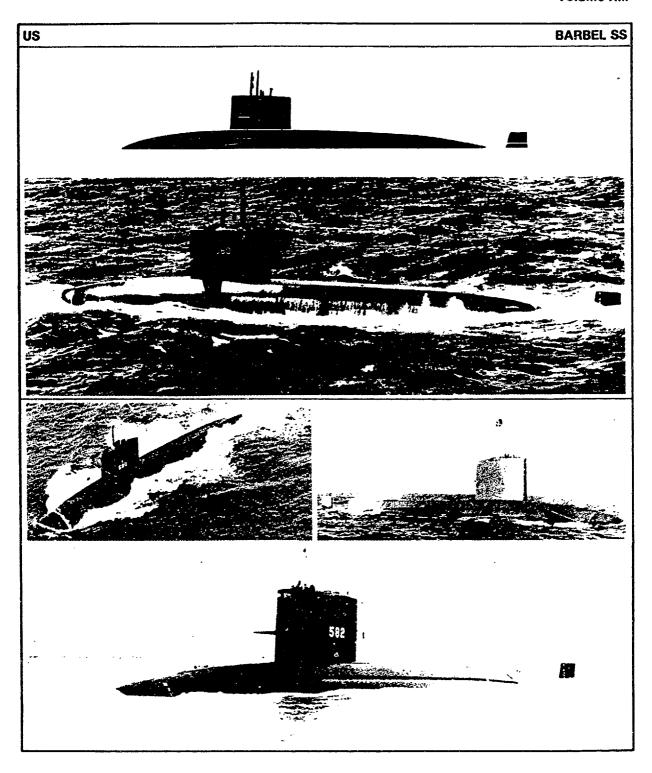
Displacement, tons: 1,816 surfaced; 2,425 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 311.6 x 27 x 17 (95 x 8.2 x 5.2) Torpedo tubes: 10 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 4 stern) Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 4 diesels; 2 electric motors

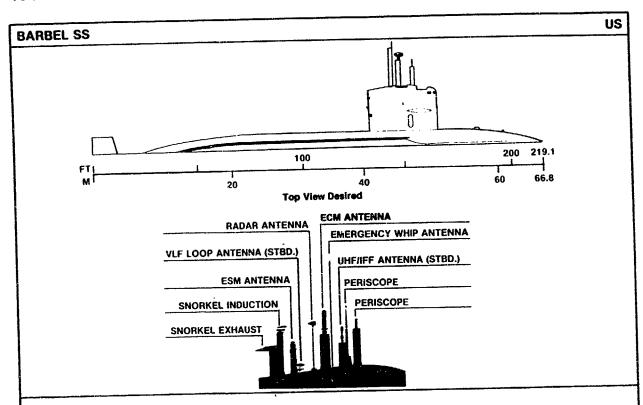
Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 10 submerged

Pennant number: 21

# REMARKS:

The Type 1 and Type 2 designators for BALAO Class submarines are used to differentiate between the two currently operational versions, both of which have a different appearance than the original BALAO units. The sail of the Type 1 is stepped-down forward, whereas the Type 2's sail has a rectangular appearance. The BALAO (Type 2) is a product of the overhaul program conducted in the 1960s. The sail had an additional 12 foot section added and was heightened by 5 feet to provide for an attack center. Only one unit remains active.





BARBEL Class submarines have a rectangular sail situated well forward of amidships, a stern fin, and a prow that slopes gently to the waterline. The leading and trailing edges of the sail are vertical, but the topline evidences a slight convex curve. Sail planes are located near the leading edge of the sail, and are slightly lower than halfway up the sail. The BARBEL has a continuous-line pattern of free-flooding ports on its hull sides.

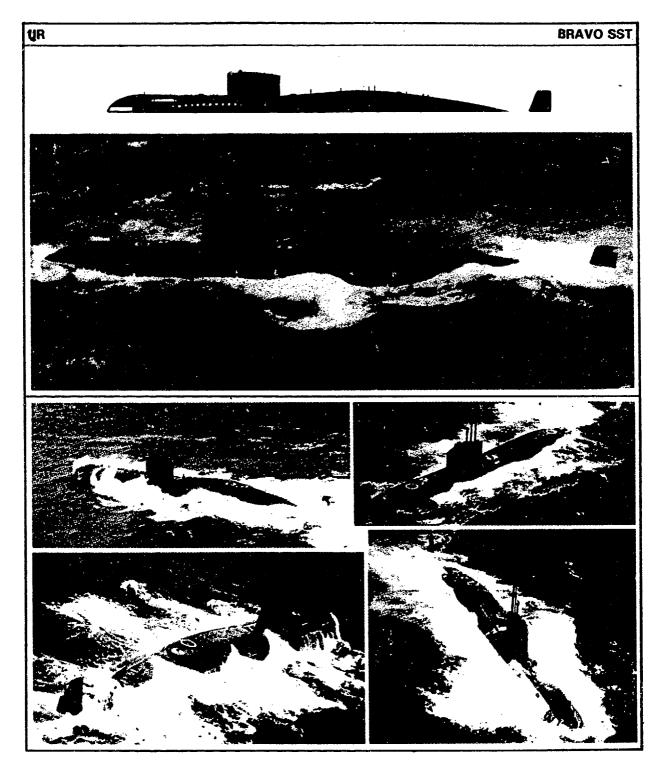
# CHARACTERISTICS:

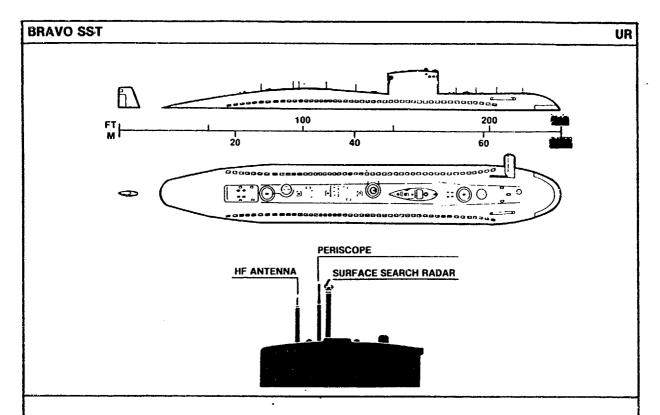
Displacement, tons: 2,145 surfaced; 2,894 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 219.1 x 29 x 28 (66.8 x 8.8 x 8.5) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow) Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 2 electric; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 15 surfaced; 21 submerged Pennent numbers: 590, 591, 592

Pennant numbers: 580, 581, 582

# REMARKS:

The first unit of the three BARBEL Class submarines was commissioned in 1959. These submarines have the "tear drop" hull design. They introduced a new concept in centralized arrangement of controls in an "attack center" to increase efficiency, which was subsequently adopted for all new U.S. combat submarines.





BRAVO has a rectangular sail which is situated well forward of the hull midpoint. The sail is slightly curved on the top, giving the sail top a slight convex appearance. Distinctive features of the BRAVO Class include a stern fin aft and the sail located in the "swayback" area between the curved forward and aft decklines.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

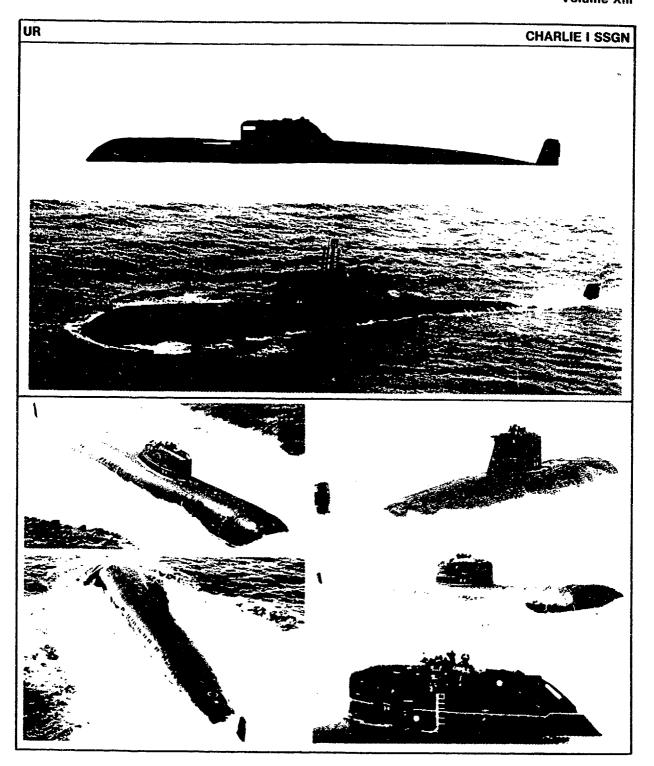
Displacement, tons: 2,400 surfaced; 2,700 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 213 x 32.8 (64.9 x 10) Torpedo tubes: Possible 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

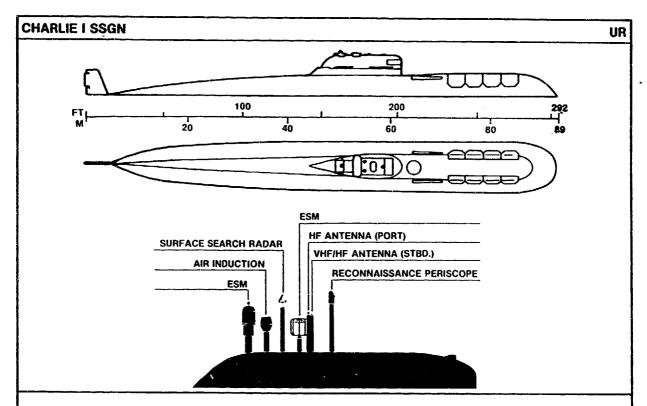
Propulsion: Diesel-electric

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 14 submerged

# REMARKS:

The BRAVO Class entered the Soviet Navy in the late 1960s as target and training submarines. Only four units were produced.





CHARLIE I Class submarines exhibit a short and stubby appearance with a blunt rounded bow and a high stern fin. The sail is located slightly forward of amidships and has a vertical leading edge and a raked trailing edge. The weather deck is rounded, with no suggestion of a flattened catwalk.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 4,000 surfaced; 4,900 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 292 x 32.8 (89 x 10) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

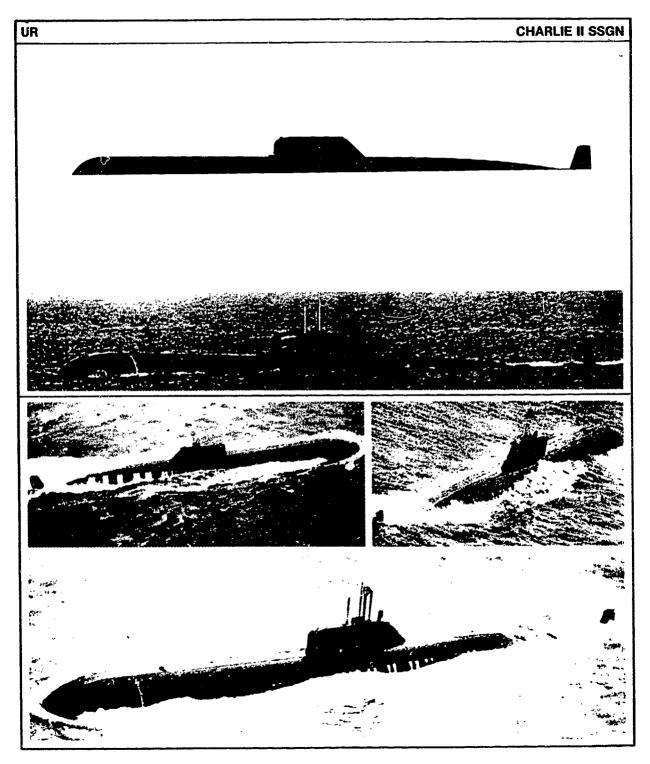
Missiles: 8 tubes for SS-N-7

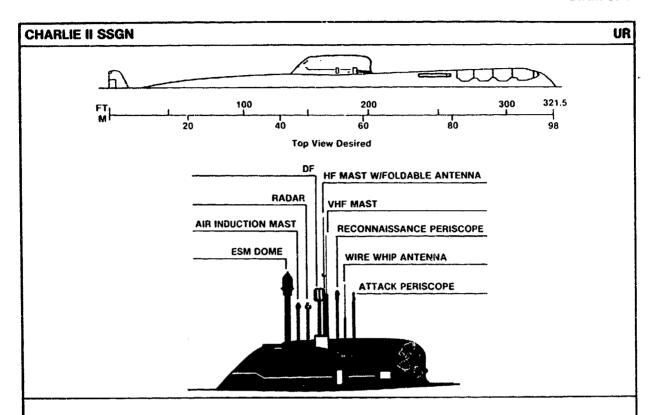
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 28 submerged

# REMARKS:

The first unit of this class became operational in 1968. The CHARLIE I was succeeded by the improved CHARLIE II Class.





The sail on the CHARLIE II is located amidships with a vertical leading edge. The trailing edge is slightly raked. The top of the sail is flat. Attached around the lower forward portion of the sail is a "horseshoe-shaped" device. Its function is unknown. The weatherwalk is rounded with a gentle slope towards the stern. The CHARLIE II has a high stern fin.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

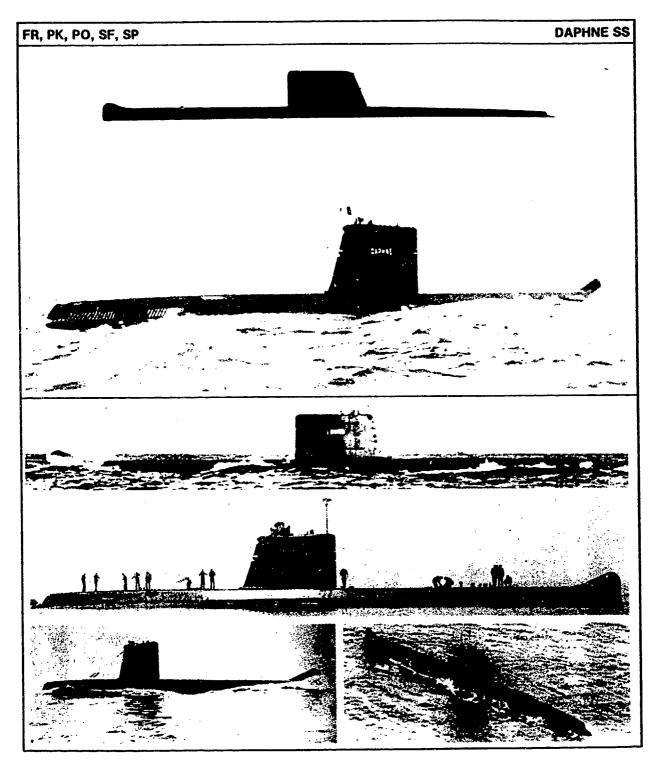
Displacement, tons: 4,400 surfaced; 5,500 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 321.5 x 32.8 (98 x 10) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) Missiles: 8 tubes for SS-N-9

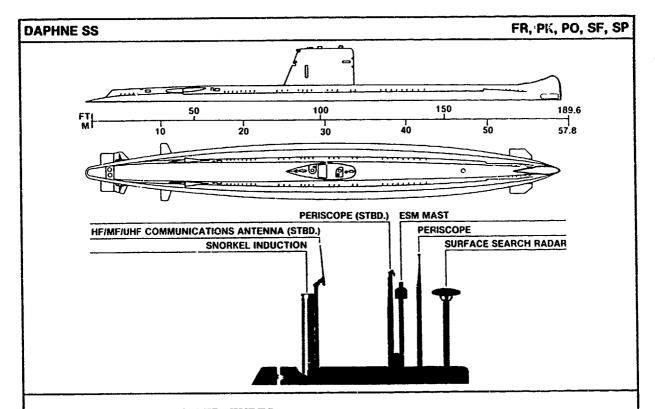
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 28 submerged

# REMARKS:

The CHARLIE II, which entered service in 1973, is an enlarged version of the CHARLIE I. Five units have been constructed.





The DAPHNE Class has a faired-in bulbous bow which may be called "canoe-shaped". The sail is rectangular in shape with a vertical leading edge and a raked trailing edge. The sail is located aft of amidships. The weather deck is level from the bow to the stern. The stern has a step-down to just above the waterline.

# **CHARACTERISTICS:**

Displacement, tons: 869 surfaced; 1,043 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 189.6 x 22.3 x 15.1 (57.8 x 6.8 x 4.6) Torpedo tubes: 12 x 21.7 in (55 cm) (8 bow, 4 stern) Propulsion: Diesel-electric; diesels; electric motors; 2 shafts

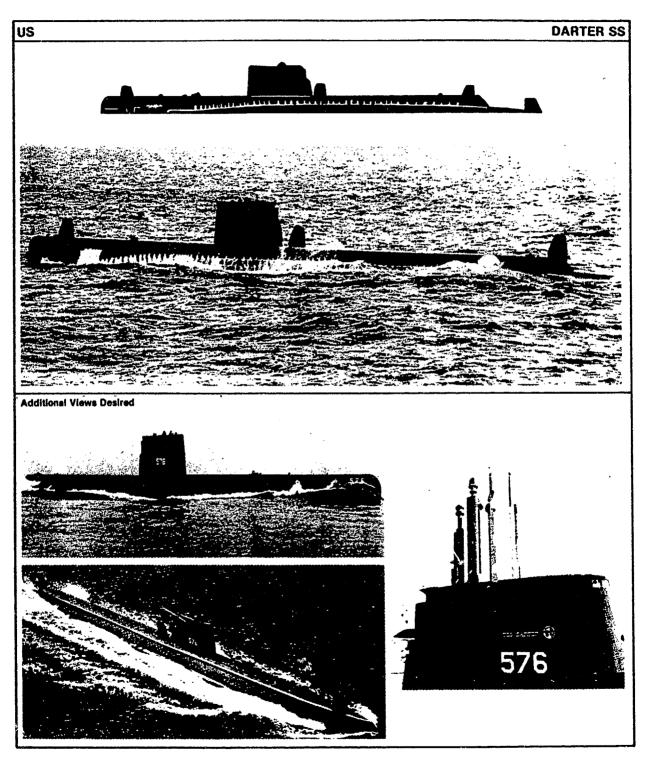
Speed, knots: 13.5 surfaced; 16 submerged

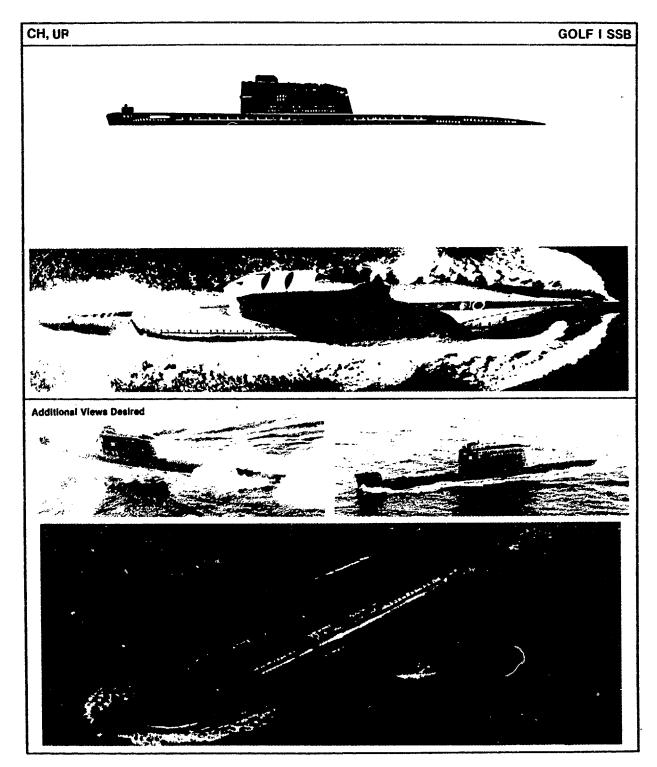
Pennant numbers: PK S131 thru S134; PO S163, S164, S. 66; SF S97, S98, S99; SP S61

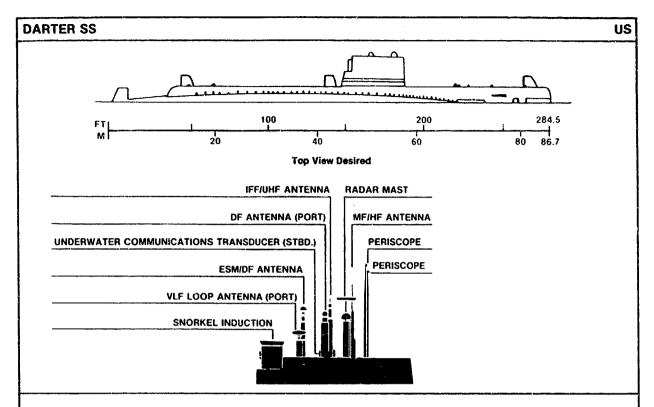
thru S64

# REMARKS:

The DAPHNE Class, operational in 1964, is active in five navies. With the exception of the Spanish units which were built in Spain with French assistance, all versions were constructed in France.







DARTER has a rectangular sail situated slightly forward of hull midpoint. The leading edge is vertical, but the trailing edge shows some minor breaks. The deckline is flat and level from the bow to a point slightly foward of the stern fin, at which point it breaks and drops abruptly into the waterline. There are three sonar domes atop the weather deck which are located near the bow, the stern and behind the sail. These domes constitute a distinctive recognition feature for the DARTER.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,720 surfaced; 2,388 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 284.5 x 27.2 x 19 (86.7 x 8.3 x 5.8)

Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) 6 bow; 2 stern

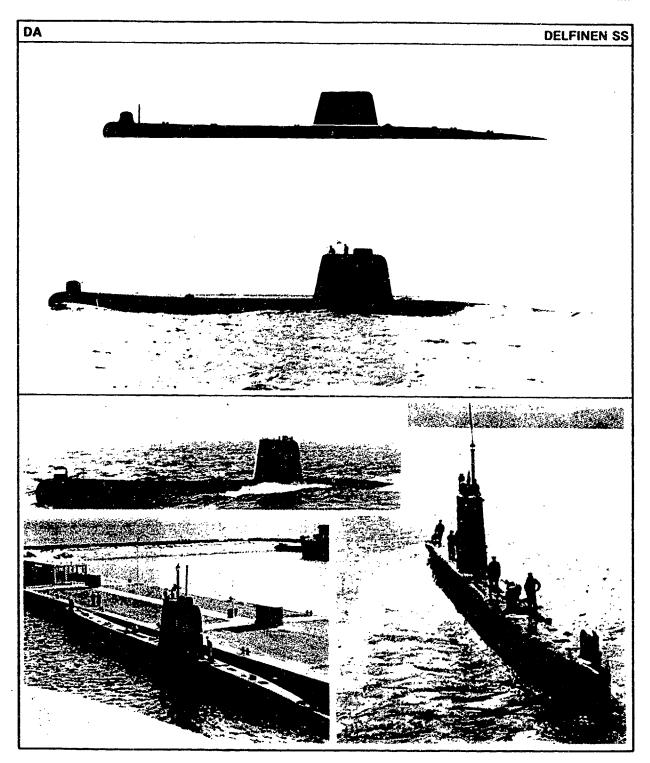
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

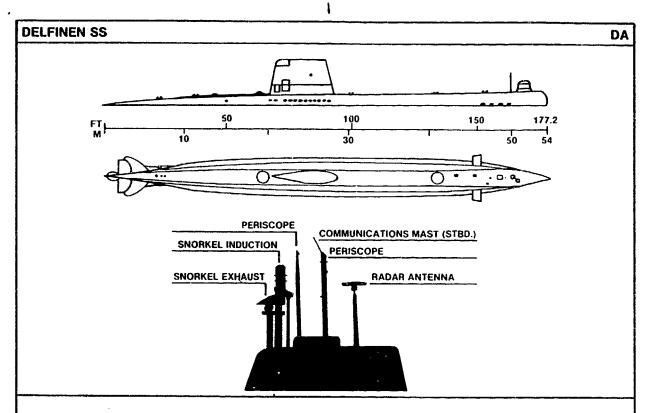
Speed, knots: 19.5 surfaced; 14 submerged

Pennant number: 576

# REMARKS:

The DARTER, one-of-a-kind, was commissioned in 1956. This unit is only one of two U.S. submarines to be homeported overseas.





The DELFINEN's sail is aft of amidships and has raked leading and trailing edges. The sail topline is broken by a small raised structure that projects above the sail. The deckline has a definite upsweep toward the bluntly squared bow. A sonar dome is located on top of the bow. The stern slopes gradually to the waterline.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 595 surfaced; 643 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 177.2 x 15.4 x 13.1 (54 x 4.7 x 4)

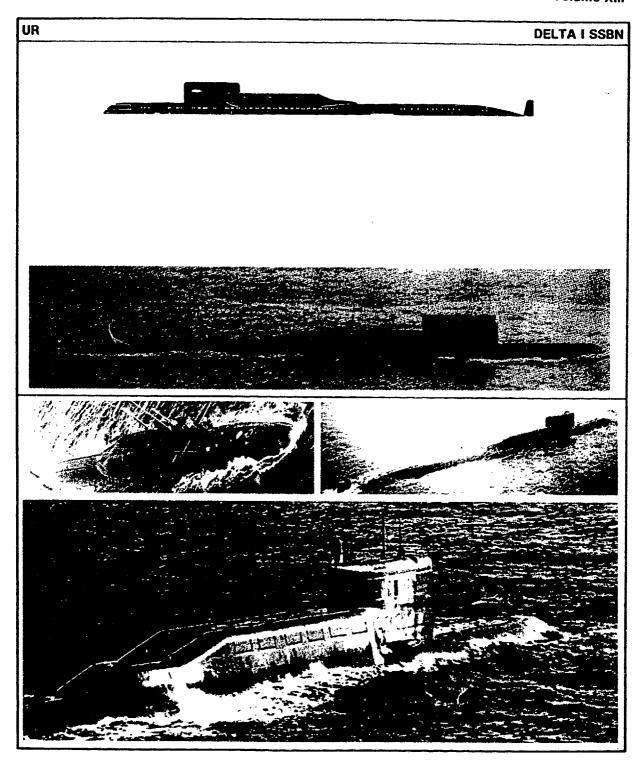
Torpedo tubes:  $4 \times 21$  in (53.3 cm)

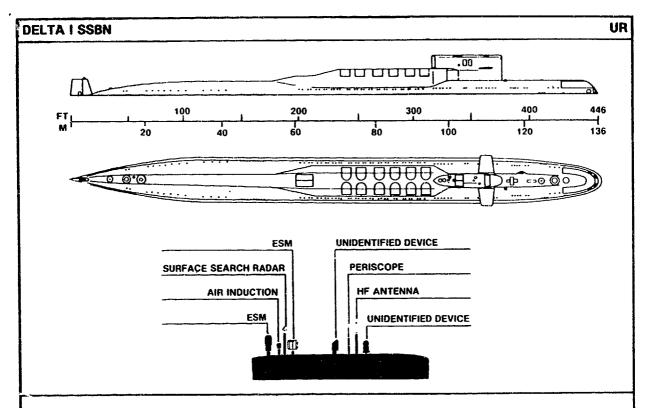
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors

Speed, knots: 16 surfaced; 16 submerged Pennant numbers: S326 through S329

#### REMARKS:

The DELFINEN Class, four units constructed, became operational in 1958. All units are in service with the Royal Danish Navy.





The sail on the DELTA I Class submarine is located well forward. The sail has vertical leading and trailing edges with fixed sail planes located halfway down the sail and near the leading edge. This class has a turtle back appearance which starts approximately two thirds of the way from the leading edge of the sail and is about half the sail's height. This hump continues aft with two slight step-downs to the main deck, which in turn slopes towards the stern. The bow is bluntly rounded. A high stern fin rises at the stern-waterline juncture.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 8,600 surfaced; 11,750 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 446 x 36 (136 x 11) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

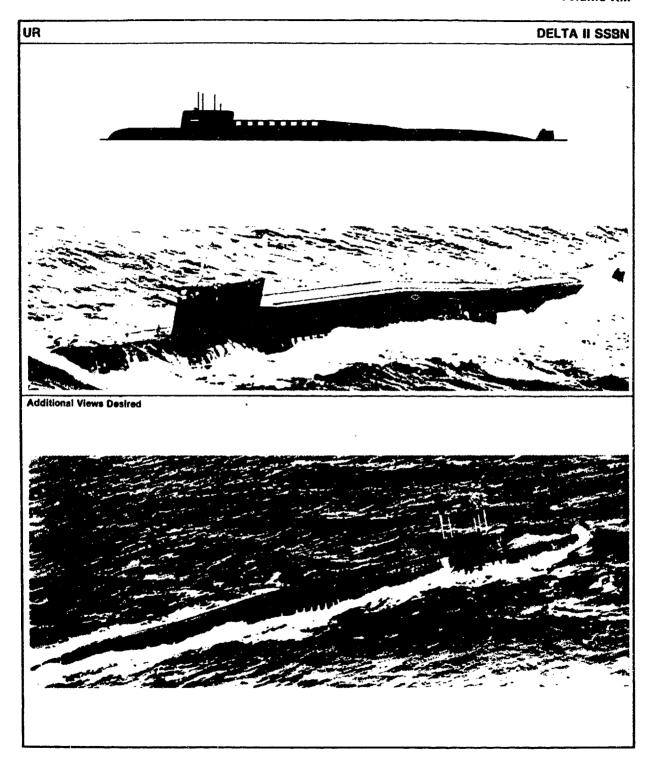
Missiles: 12 SS-N-8 tubes

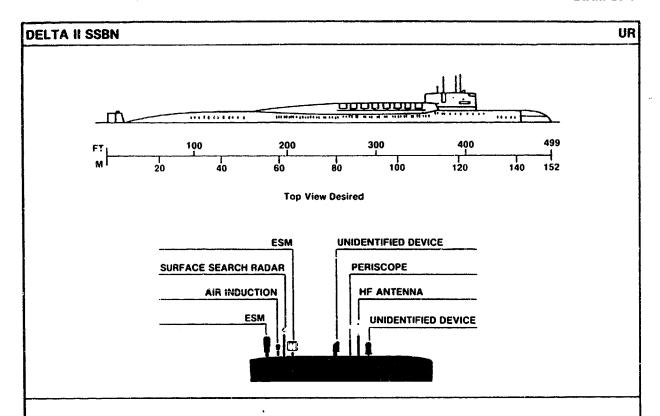
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 2 shafts

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 25 submerged

#### REMARKS:

The DELTA I Class became operational in the Soviet Navy in 1973. Eighteen units of this class have been built. The DELTA I Class is a follow-on program to the Soviet YANKEE Class submarine.





The sail on the DELTA II is located forward of amidships. The sail has fixed sail planes located halfway down the sail and near the leading edge. A missile casing, approximately one-half the height of the sail, begins just forward of the sail's trailing edge. The casing is level for the first half of its length and then gradually slopes to the weatherdeck. A stern fin rises aft. The distinguishing feature between the DELTA II and the DELTA III Classes is the height of the missile casing; the DELTA II's is one-half the height of the sail, and the DELTA III's is two-thirds the height of the sail. The stern fin is also shorter than on the DELTA III. The DELTA II has one VLF buoy compartment versus two on the DELTA III.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 9,600 surfaced; 11,400 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 499 x 36 (152 x 11) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

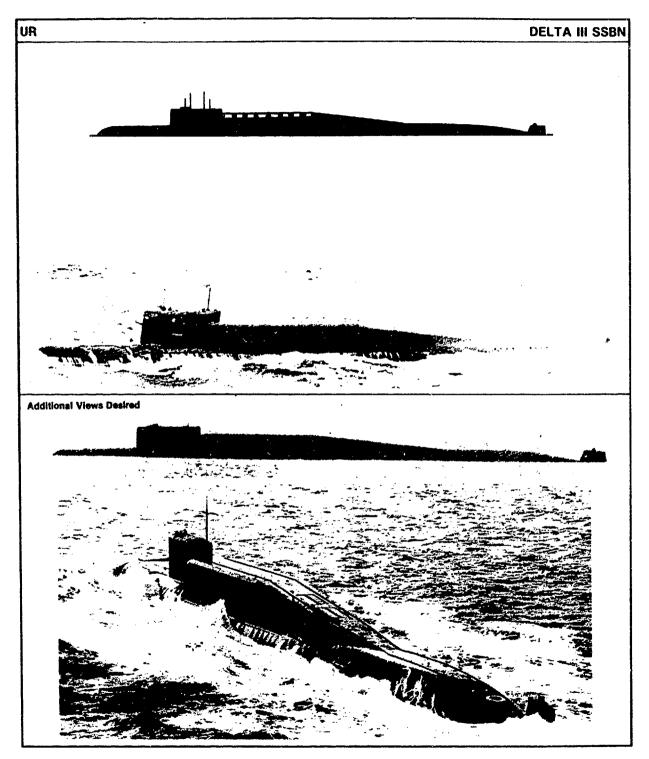
Missiles: 16 tubes for SS-N-8 SLBM

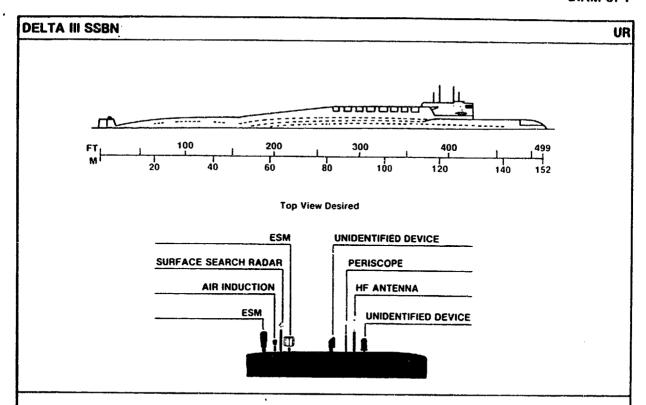
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 28 submerged

# REMARKS:

The DELTA II Class, which was first seen in 1971, is a larger version of the DELTA I.





The sail on the DELTA III is forward of amidships. Sail planes, located halfway up the sail. are just aft of the leading edge. The DELTA III's primary distinguishing feature is the missile casing which is approximately two-thirds the height of the sail. The top of the casing is level for one-third of the aft deck; it is then gradually sloped for another third and rounds to the waterline at the stern fin. Additional distinguishing features are the three parallel lines of limber holes which are located just above the waterline and run from the trailing edge of the sail to the end of the raked missile casing section. The stern fin on the DELTA III is larger than the rudder on the DELTA II. The DELTA III has two VLF buoy compartments versus a single on the DELTA II.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 11,000 surfaced; 13,250 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 499 x 36 (152 x 11) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

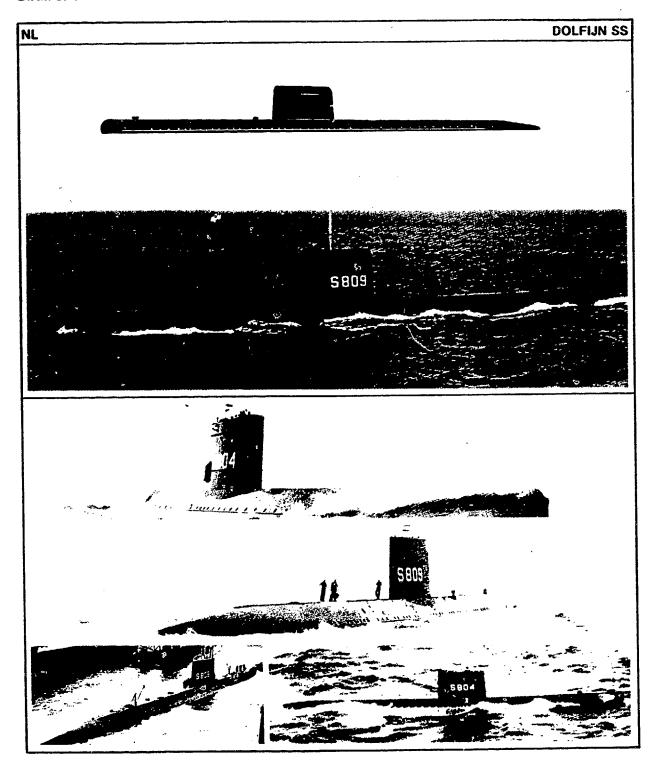
Missiles: 16 tubes for SS-N-18 SLBM

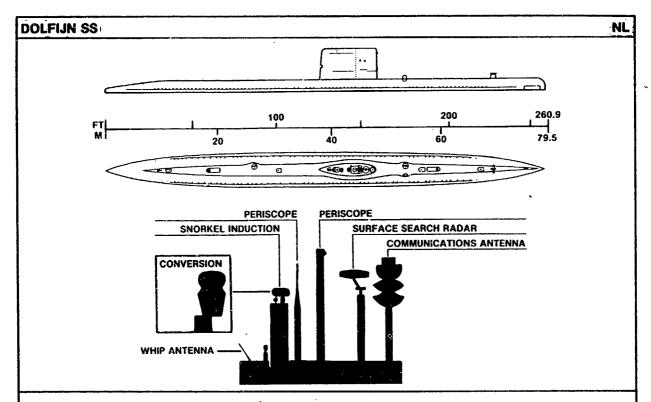
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 25 submerged

#### REMARKS:

The first DELTA III was launched in 1975. There are approximately twelve units active.





The sail on the DOLFIJN Class is forward of amidships. The leading edge is vertical. The trailing edge is vertical and has an inward break that occurs halfway down the sail. A sonar installation is located on the forward weather deck but well aft of the bow. The bow is bluntly square. The deckline is long and flat from the bow to the short tapered section at the stern.

## **CHARACTERISTICS:**

Displacement, tons: 1,140 standard; 1,494 submerged

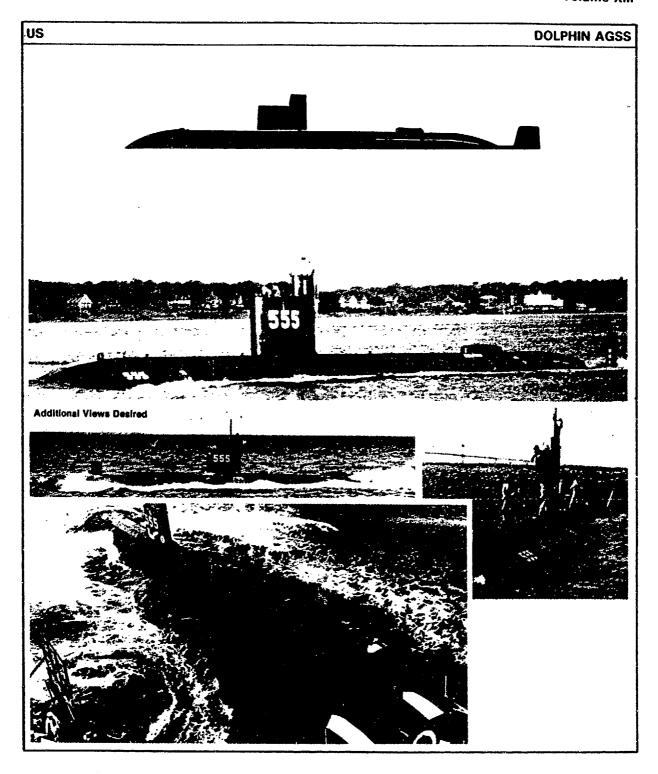
Dimensions, feet (meters): 260.9 x 25.8 x 16.4 (79.5 x 7.8 x 5) Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (4 bow, 4 stern)

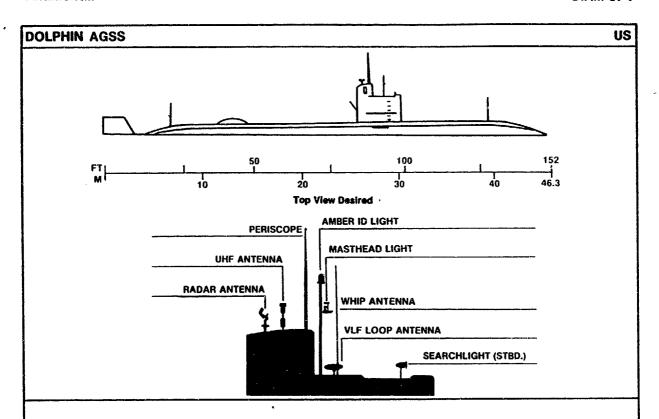
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

Speed, knots: 14.5 surfaced; 17 submerged Pennant numbers: \$804, \$805, \$808, \$809

## REMARKS:

The DOLFIJN Class, operational 1965, consists of four units. All are in service with the Royal Netherlands Navy.





The sail on the DOLPHIN Class is forward of amidships. The sail has a downward step forward, the upper level measuring about one-third of the sail length and about one-third of the sail height. The DOLPHIN has a prominent stern fin. The bow slopes abruptly into the waterline and a similar slope occurs on the after deckline near the stern fin. A small raised "box" is on the weatherdeck between the stern fin and sail.

## **CHARACTERISTICS:**

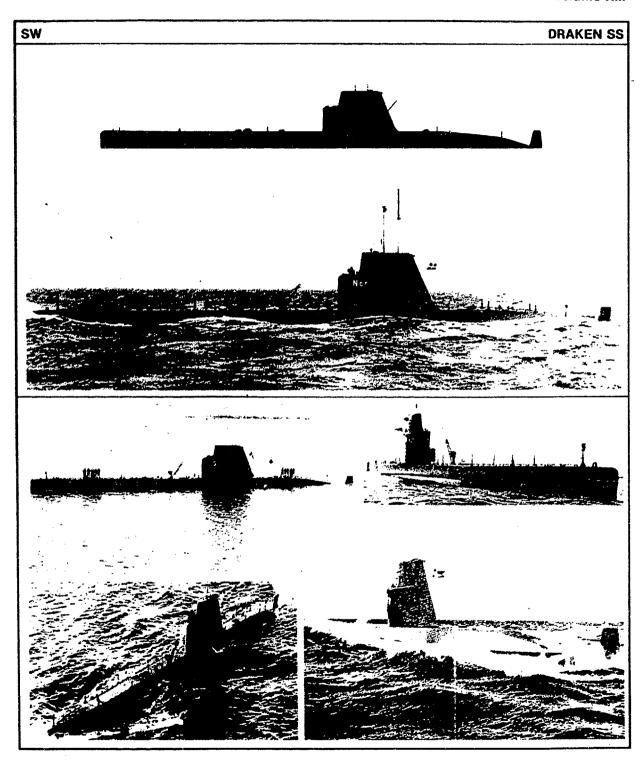
Displacement, tons: 800 standard; 930 submerged

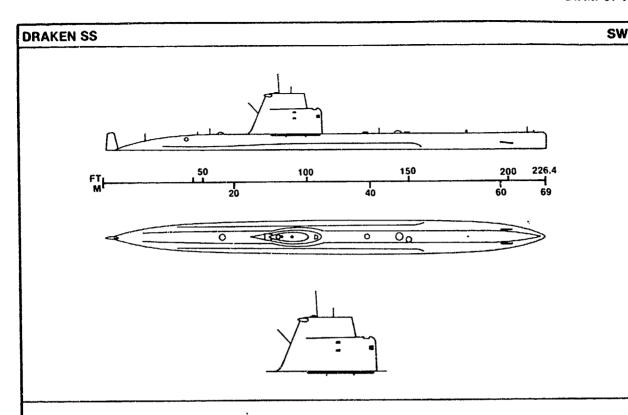
Dimensions, feet (meters): 152 x 19.3 x 18 (46.3 x 5.9 x 5.5) Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 shaft Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 15+ submerged

Pennant number: 555

## REMARKS:

The DOLPHIN, a one-of-a-kind unit, was commissioned in 1968. This submarine was specifically designed for deep-diving operations.





DRAKEN has a stepped sail situated aft of amidships. The step is downward toward the bow. The trailing edge of the sail is raked with a fixed snorkel exhaust extending aft at the top of the upper tier. The forward deckline is long and level with a possible crane emplaced just forward of the sail. The stern is vertical and the bow looks almost squared-off in profile. The short after hull line slopes gently toward a prominent stern fin.

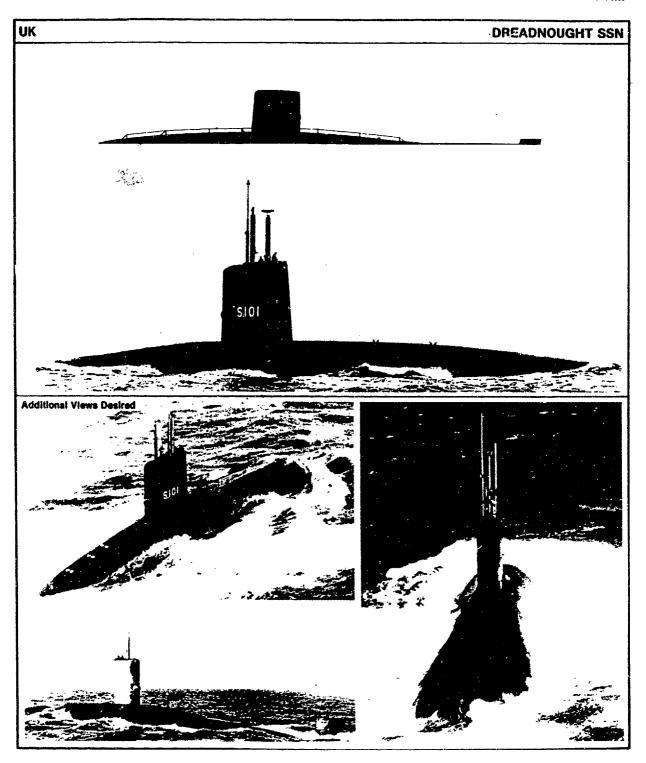
# **CHARACTERISTICS:**

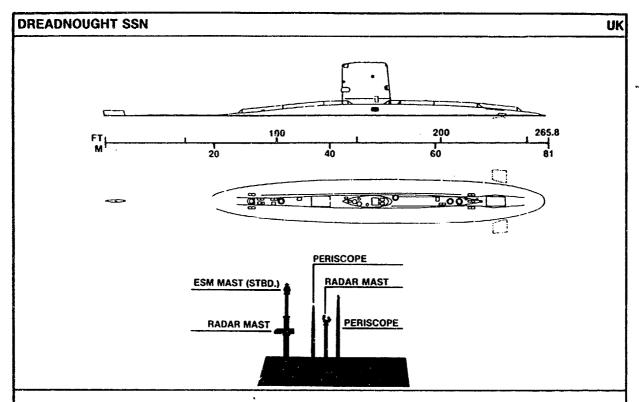
Displacement, tons: 835 surfaced; 1,110 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 226.4 x 16.7 x 16.4 (69 x 5.1 x 5)

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 large 5 bladed propeller
Speed, knots: 17 surfaced; 20 submerged
Pennant numbers: Del, Nor, Spr, Vgn

## REMARKS:

The DRAKEN Class, operational 1962, was a follow-on to the HAJEN Class. Four units have been built, and all are in service with the Royal Swedish Navy.





DREADNOUGHT has a tall and thin rectangular sail situated well forward of amidships on a whale-shaped hull. The sail has a smooth but slightly convex topline, a raked leading edge, and a vertical trailing edge. Prominent folding planes near the bow can often be seen folded upward and extending above the bow when the submarine is surfaced. The deckline slopes gently into the waterline near the bow, as it does aft of the sail. A prominent stern fin projects above the waterline some distance aft of the point where the after deckline enters the water.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,500 surfaced; 4,000 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 265.8 x 32.2 x 26 (81 x 9.8 x 7.9)

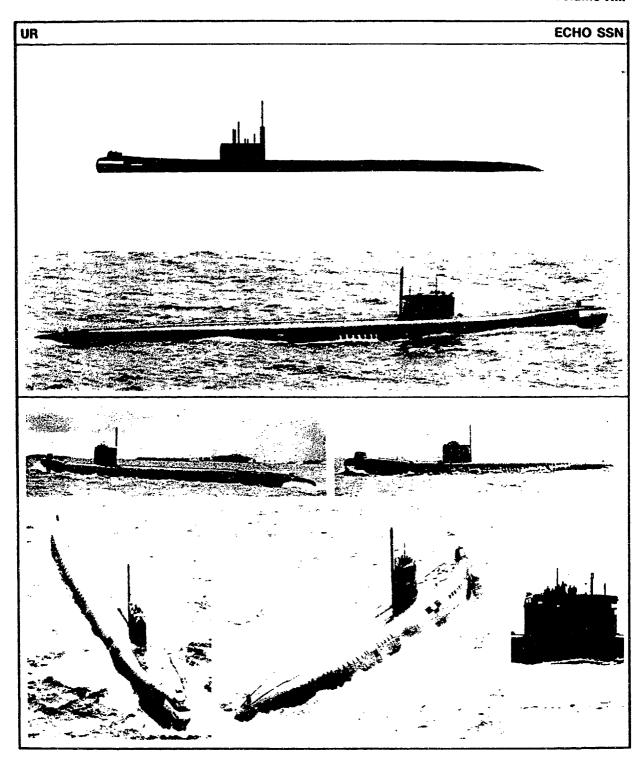
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

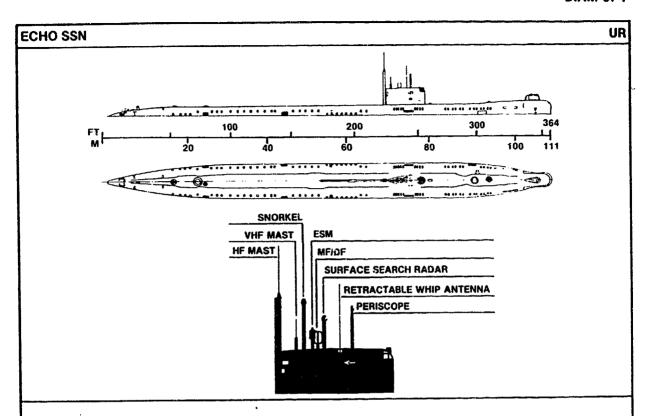
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; steam turbines; 1 shaft Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 28 submerged

Pennant number: S101

## REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind DREADNOUGHT was built in England and commissioned in 1963. Although basically a British design, the after hull lines closely resemble the USS SKIPJACK to accommodate the U.S. nuclear power plant installed.





The sail on the ECHO Class is well forward of amidships. The leading edge is vertical. The trailing edge is vertical with two slight breaks near the top. The bow is bluntly squared with a sonar dome located near the bow. The deck inclines upward from the sail to the bow and is level aft to just forward of the stern where it slopes gradually into the water.

## **CHARACTERISTICS:**

Displacement, tons: 4,500 surfaced; 5,200 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 364 x 29.8 (111 x 9.1)

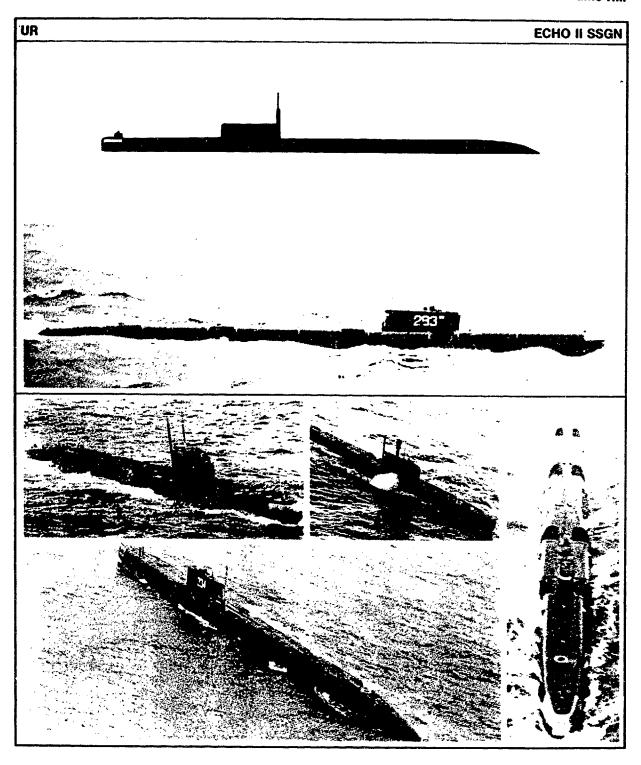
Torpedo tubes:  $6 \times 21$  in (53.3 cm) (bow);  $2 \times 16$  in (40.6 cm) (stern)

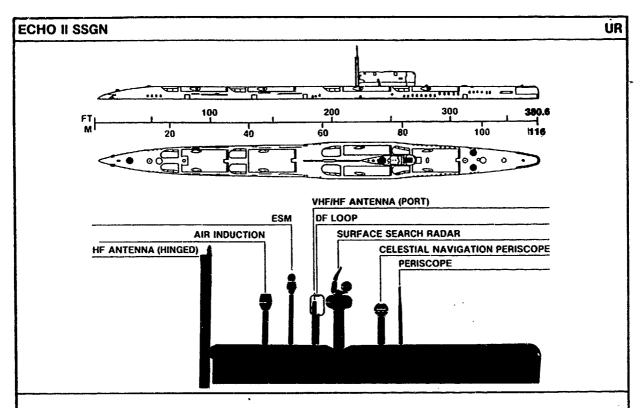
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 28 submerged

#### **REMARKS:**

Five ECHO Class units were built from 1960 to 1962. These submarines were armed originally with six tubes for the SS-N-3 antiship cruise missile and with torpedo tubes and identified as ECHO I Class SSGNs. All five units now have been converted to an attack configuration (SSN) by removal of the missile tubes.





ECHO II Class sails are situated well forward of amidships. The sail is rectangular with vertical leading and trailing edges. The bow is blunt, the hull line is flat with a wide deck which exposes four pairs of blast deflector cavities beginning at the front end of the sail. The stern slopes gradually into the waterline. A sonar dome is located slightly aft of the bow just forward of folding dive planes on some units. Some units have a "bulge" located on the middle of the sail which houses a probable satellite-associated radome antenna.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 5,000 surfaced; 5,800 submerged

Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 380.6 x 32.8 (116 x 10)
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow); 2 x 16 in (40.6 cm) (stern)

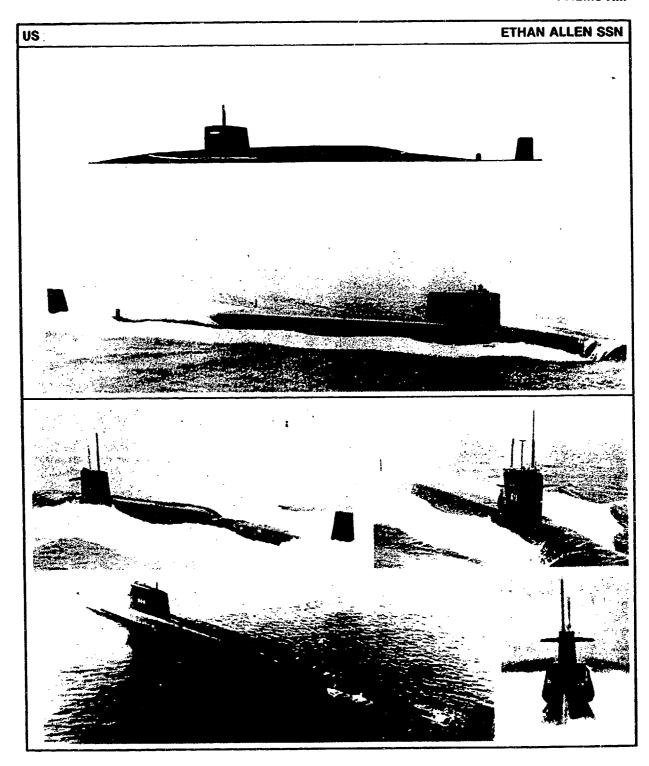
Missiles: 8 tubes for SS-N-3 or SS-N-12

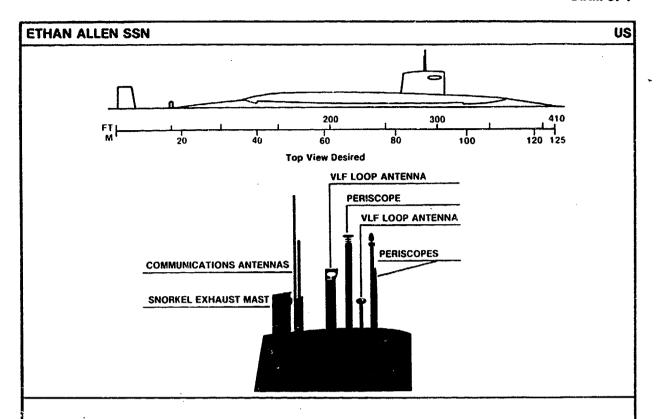
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 25 submerged

## REMARKS:

Twenty-nine ECHO II Class SSGNs were completed between 1962 and 1967. For many years, the ECHO II SSGN was one of the primary anticarrier threats. The ECHO II must surface to launch its missiles.





The sail on the ETHAN ALLEN is located forward of amidships. The leading edge is vertical. The trailing edge is slightly raked. Sail planes are located forward well up on the sail. The bow slopes gradually into the water. The aft weatherdeck is flat approximately two-thirds of the way and then steps down and slopes gradually into the waterline. A small dome-like object is located just forward of the stern at the aft end of the weatherdeck. The ETHAN ALLEN's high stern fin is a prominent feature.

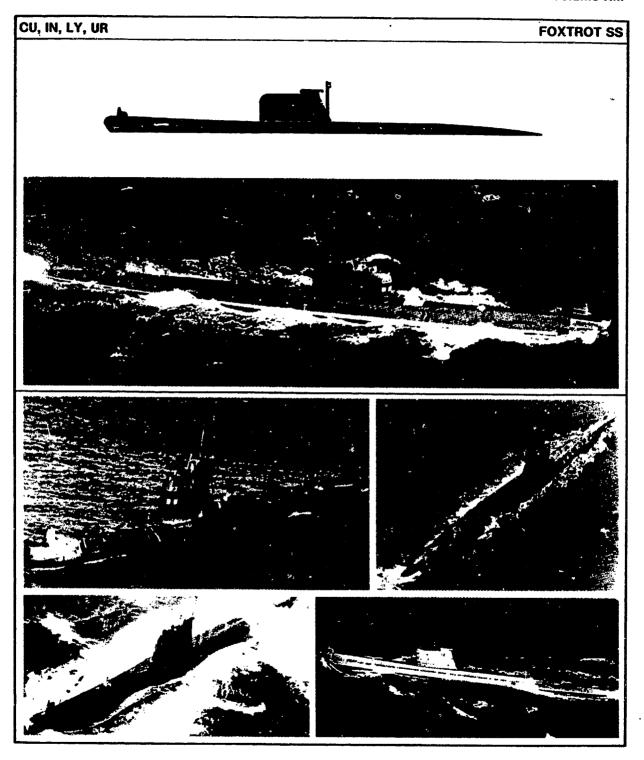
## CHARACTERISTICS:

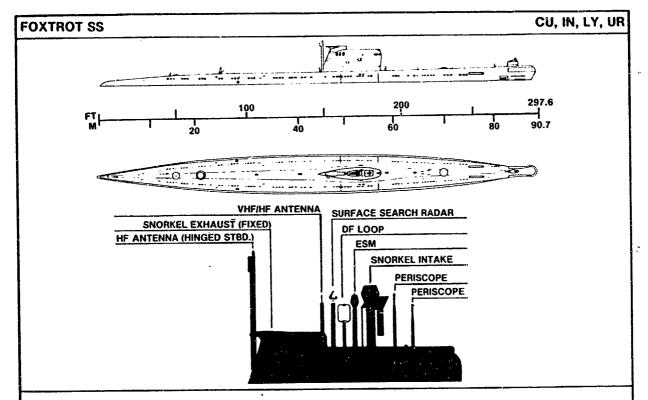
Displacement, tons: 6,955 surfaced; 7,880 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 410 x 33 x 32 (125 x 10.1 x 9.8) Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow) Missiles: 16 tubes for Polaris A-3 SLBM

Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 geared turbines; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 30 submerged Pennant numbers: 608 thru 611, 618

#### REMARKS:

The ETHAN ALLEN Class, first commissioned in 1961, had a total of five units constructed. The submarines are projected to be removed from the SLBM force and converted to SSNs.





FOXTROT Class units are readily recognized by the sail and bow configurations. A unique, fixed snorkel exhaust extends beyond the raked trailing edge of the sail, and also forms a raised step to the after third of the sail. The leading edge of the sail is rounded, but nearly vertical in profile appearance. The bow is flared outward, appearing bulbous, and is usually capped with a prominent sonar dome. Some transferred units were delivered without the sonar dome. The weatherdeck is flat and slopes gradually to the stern. The snorkel intake is unique and serves as a prime recognition feature in views where it is exposed, even when the rest of the submarine is submerged.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,950 surfaced; 2,500 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 297.6 x 22.6 (90.7 x 6.9) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow); 4 x 16 in (40.6 cm) (stern)

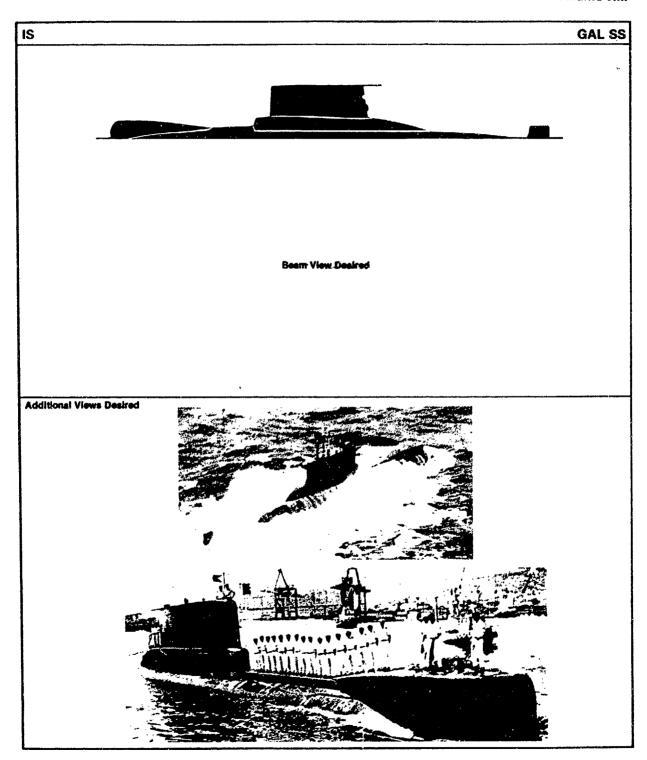
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 3 electric motors; 3 shafts

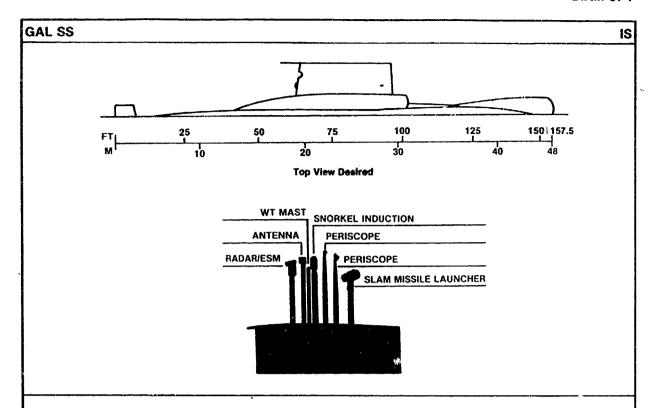
Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 16 submerged

Pennant numbers: IN S20 thru S23, S40 thru S43; LY 312

# REMARKS:

The FOXTROT Class, originally built between 1958-1971, has been deployed worldwide. Production was resumed in limited numbers in the 1970s. Eight units have been provided to India, four to Libya with an additional two units on order, and two to Cuba.





The sail on the GAL Class is slightly forward of amidships. The sail has vertical leading and trailing edges. The topline is unbroken and has a flat protrusion that extends beyond the upper trailing edge. The sail is stepped-down fore and aft, with the aft step being longer and sloped to the deckline. The bow is blunt. The aft weatherdeck slopes gradually to a stern fin.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 500 surfaced; 600 submerged

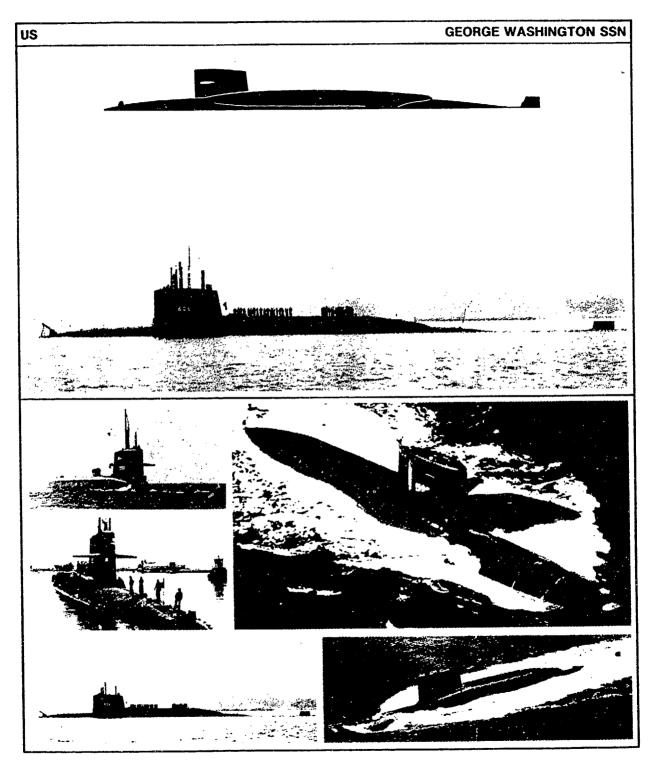
Dimensions, feet (meters):  $157.5 \times 15.4 \times 12.1$  (48 x 4.7 x 3.7)

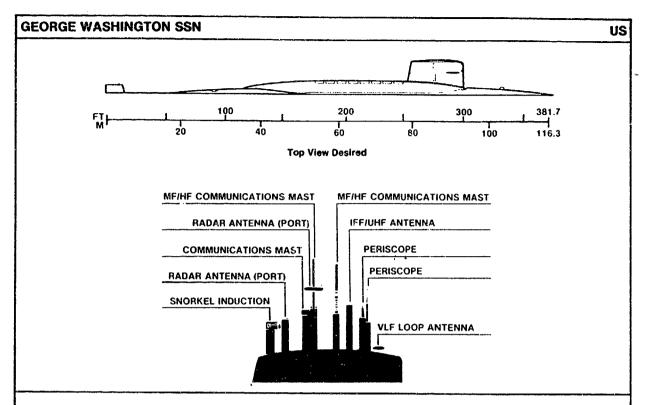
Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (forward)

Missiles: Provision for submarine-launched antiair missile launcher Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 twin electric motor; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 9 surfaced; 18 submerged

## REMARKS:

The GAL, the lead unit of the three GAL Class submarines, was completed in 1976. All units are currently in service with the Israeli Navy.





The GEORGE WASHINGTON Class submarine has a rectangular sail situated well forward of amidships with sail planes just aft of the leading edge one-half way up the sail. There is a noticeable bulge in the deckline beginning at the forward edge of the sail and extending aft midway to the protruding stern fin. Both the bow and the stern slope gently into the water. There is a sonar dome located aft of the bow. The rectangular stern fin is approximately onehalf the height of the weatherdeck.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 6,019 standard; 6,888 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 381.7 x 33 x 29 (116.3 x 10.1 x 8.8) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

Missiles: 16 tubes for Polaris A-3 SLBM

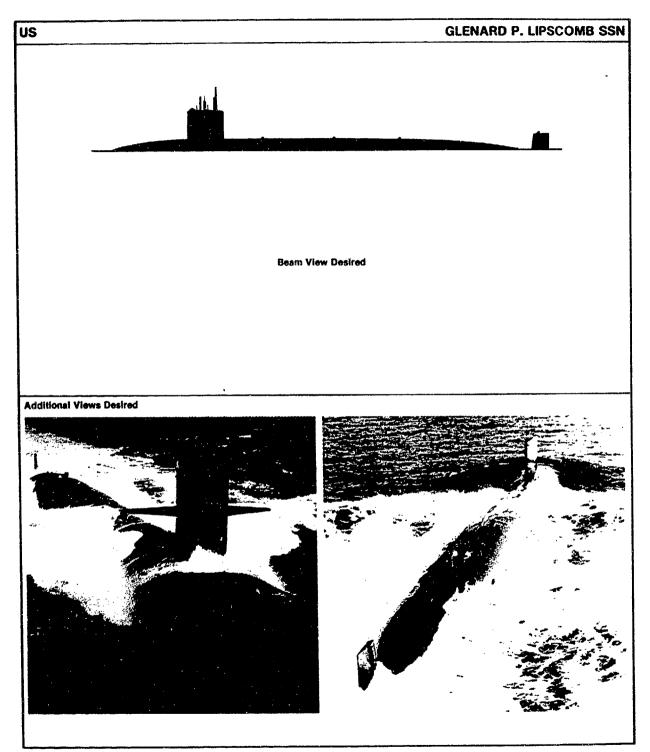
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 geared turbines; 1 shaft

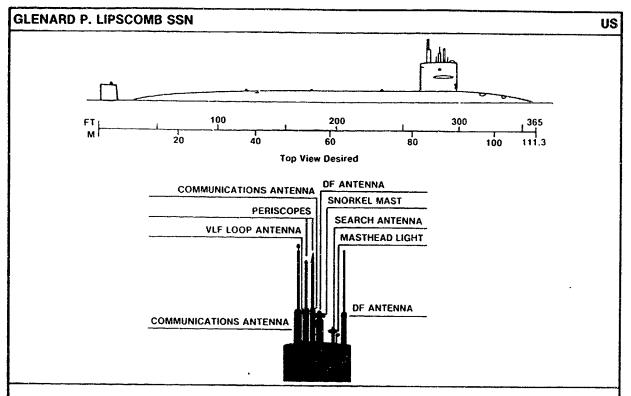
Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 31 submerged

Pennant numbers: 598 thru 602

## REMARKS:

The GEORGE WASHINGTON was the first U.S. submarine armed with ballistic missiles. Of the five ships commissioned between 1959 and 1961, two have been decommissioned, had missile compartments removed, and have been converted and recommissioned as SSNs.





The sail on the GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB is situated well forward of amidships. Leading and trailing edges are vertical. Sail planes are located midway up the sail and just aft of the leading edge. The bow slopes gradually to the waterline. The stern slopes to the waterline until the emergence of a prominent stern fin.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 5,800 surfaced; 6,480 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 365 x 31.7 x 31 (111.3 x 9.7 x 9.5) Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)

Missiles: To be fitted for HARPOON

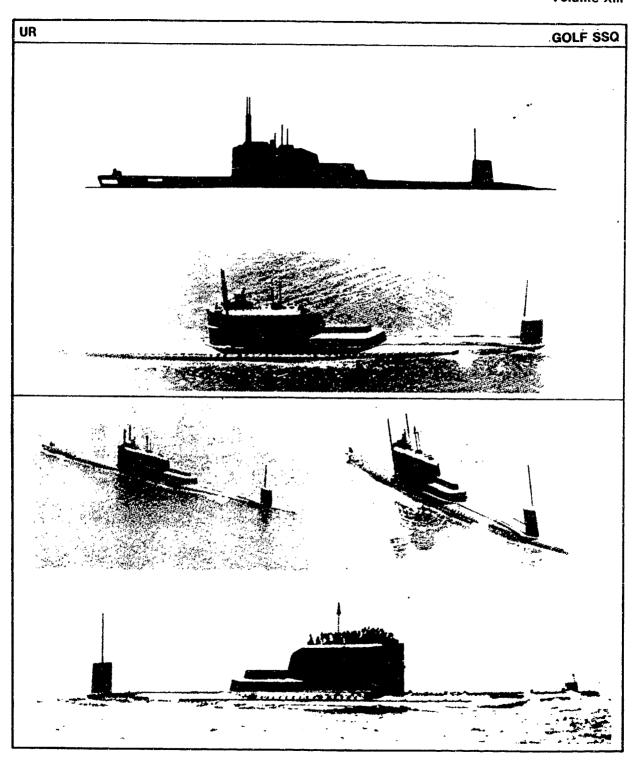
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; turbine-electric drive; 1 shaft

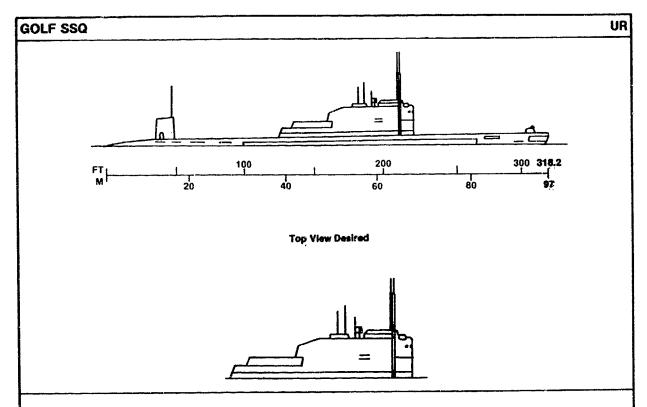
Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 25+ submerged

Pennant number: 685

## REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind USS GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB was commissioned in 1974. This unit was a prototype design with turbine electric drive to test advanced silencing techniques.





The sail on the Soviet GOLF SSQ, located forward of amidships, is so unique that identification should be very easy. The leading edge is vertical and the trailing edge is raked to a two-tiered platform which was part of the now removed missile casing. The bottom tier is the same width as the sail and the top tier is about one-third the width of the sail. A large rectangular object is located just forward of the stern. Large folding masts may be upright on either side of the sail and adjacent to the large object on the stern. A sonar dome is located just aft of the bow.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 2,300 surfaced; 2,850 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 318.2 x 27.9 (97 x 8.5)

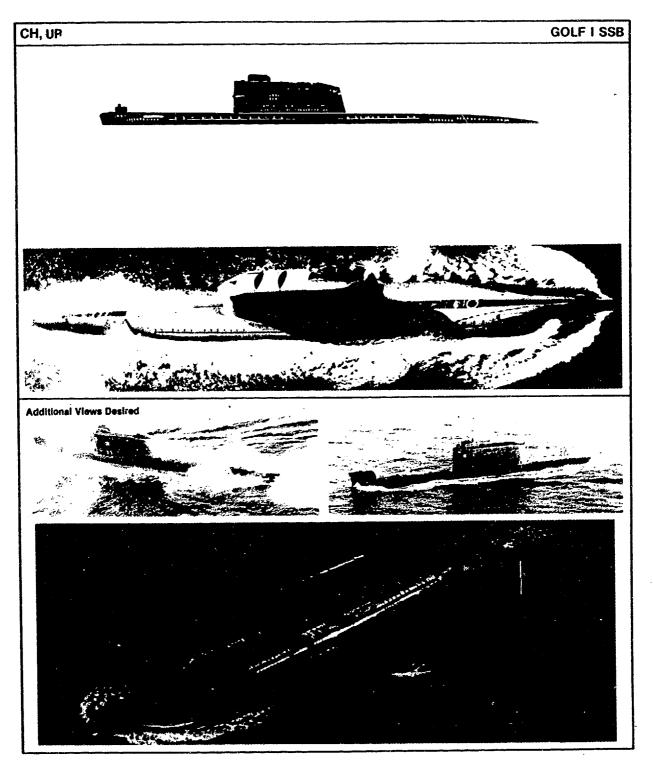
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

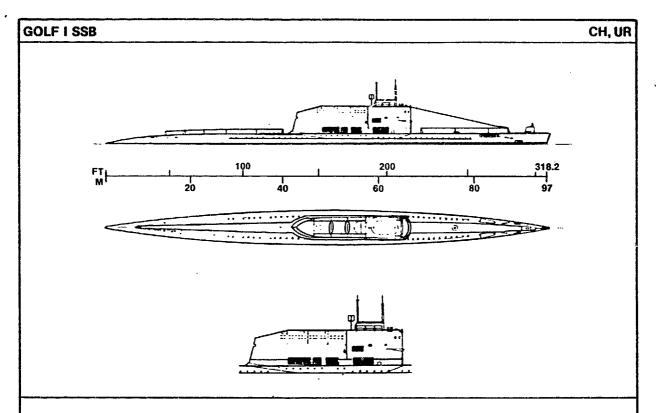
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; electric motors; 3 shafts

Speed, knots: 17 surfaced; 14 submerged

#### REMARKS:

The GOLF SSQ is a recent conversion of the GOLF I Class SSB. The missiles have been removed and a variety of communications antennas have been installed, suggesting the submarines will perform some command, control, and communication function.





The large sail on the GOLF I is amidships with a vertical leading edge which has a small protruding lip that appears midway up the sail. The top of the sail has a box-like protrusion just aft of the leading edge. The back half of the top is broken by the eye shaped slits between the missile tube cowlings; it is also slightly sloped to the trailing edge. The trailing edge of the sail is raked. The bow is slightly raked with a sonar dome located just aft of the bow. The stern is gradually sloped to the waterline.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

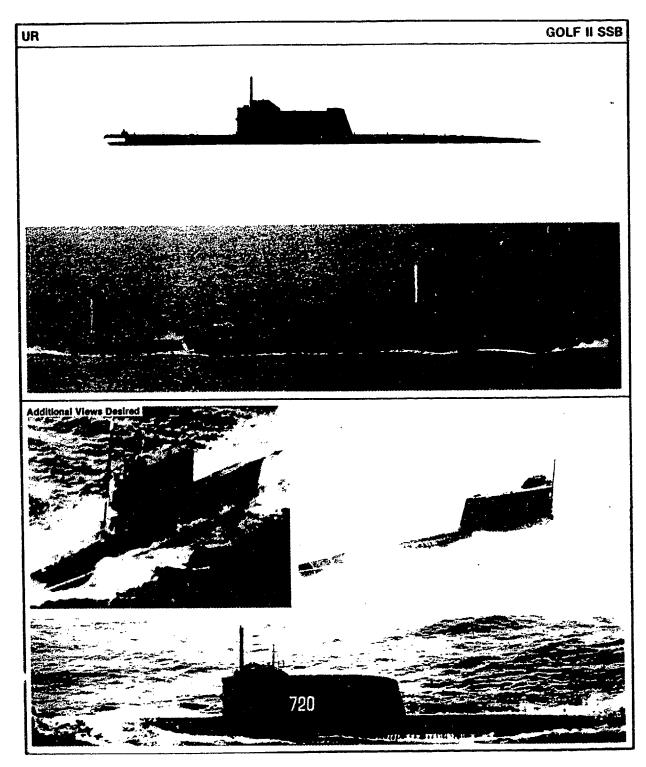
Displacement, tons: 2,300 surfaced; 2,850 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 318.2 x 27.9 (97 x 8.5) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

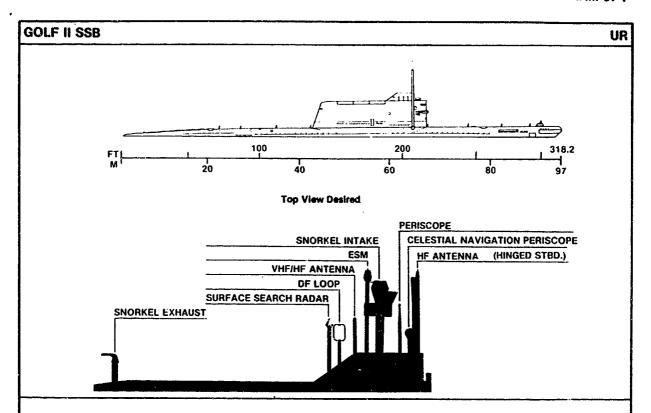
Missiles: 3 SS-N-4 or 3 SS-N-5 SLBMs

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; electric motors; 3 shafts Speed, knots: 17 surfaced; 14 submerged

#### REMARKS:

Twenty-three GOLF is were built by the Soviet Union from 1958 to 1962. Approximately 13 units have been modified to the GOLF II configuration. One unit had 32 feet added to the hull, the sail was elongated, and it was designated GOLF III. One unit was modified to carry the SS-N-6 missile and designated GOLF IV. One other unit was modified to test fire a new missile and designated GOLF V.





The large sail on the GOLF II is slightly forward of amidships with a small streamlined "superstructure" on the forward end. The leading edge is vertical with a small lip in the middle. A tall, hull-mounted antenna is located near the forward end of the sail on the starboard side. The trailing edge is raked to the deck. The bow is bulbous with a sonar dome located just aft of the bow. The weatherdeck slopes gradually towards the amounted VLF buoy. On one version the buoy is mounted and protrudes upward just forward of the stern. The second has the buoy mounted directly aft of the sail giving the sail a step-down appearance.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 2,300 surfaced; 2,800 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 318.2 x 27.9 (97 x 8.5) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

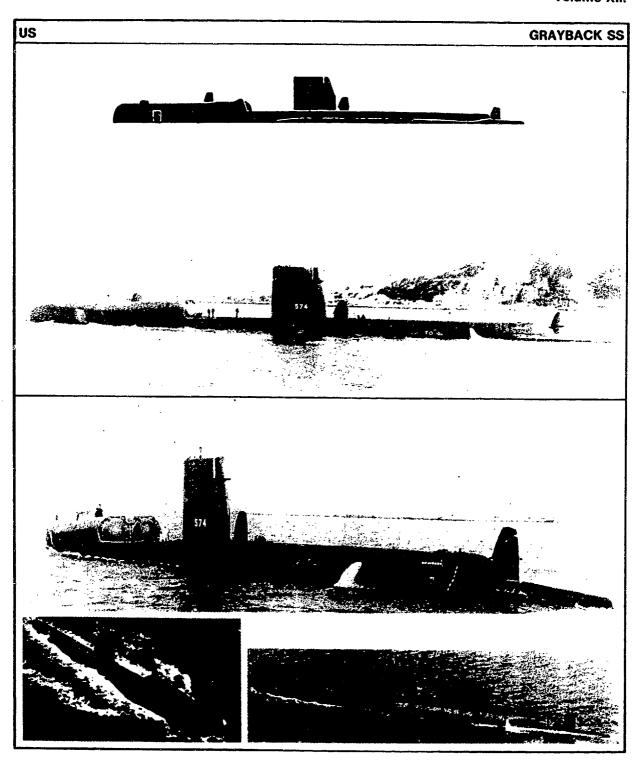
Missiles: 3 SS-N-5 SLBMs

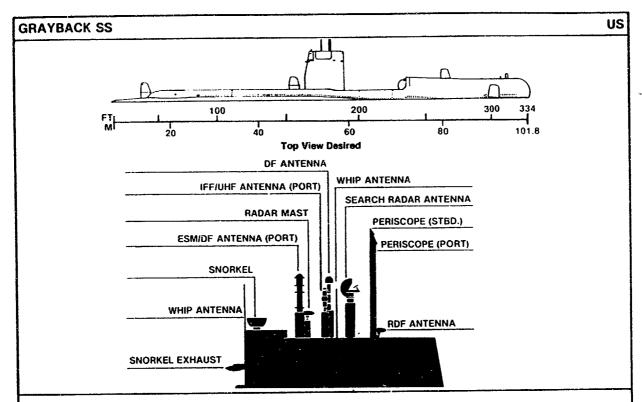
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; electric motors; 3 shafts

Speed, knots: 17 surfaced; 14 submerged

## REMARKS:

This class is a modification of the GOLF I Class submarines. About 13 units are estimated to be in active service.





GRAYBACK has a tall, thin rectangular sail located forward of amidships. The topline is straight and horizontal with a perpendicular leading edge; however, the trailing edge appears raked and broken with two segments, one near the top and one near the deckline. The hull configuration of GRAYBACK is unique. A flat weatherdeck surrounds the sail area, widening to more than double width forward of the sail and tapering to a point at the break near the stern. The bow section is raised and extends more than half way to the sail. The bow stem is bluntly rounded. GRAYBACK is fitted with three fin-like PUFF sonar domes: one on the raised bow section, one on the weatherdeck just aft of the sail, and one at the after break in the weatherdeck which could easily be mistaken for a stern fin.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 2,670 standard; 3,650 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 334 x 27.2 x 19 (101.8 x 8.3 x 5.8)

Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 2 stern)

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

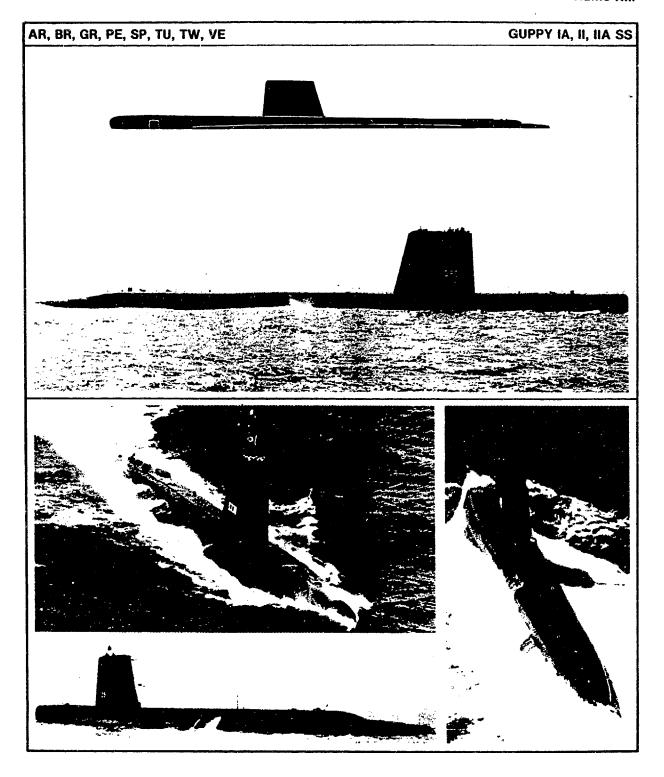
Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 16.7 submerged

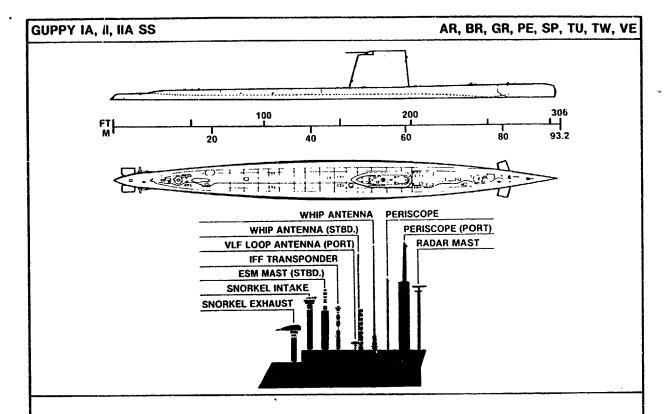
Pennant numbers: 574

#### REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind GRAYBACK, commissioned in 1958, was originally an SSG. However, during the 1968 conversion, she was reclassified as an LPSS and fitted to berth and mess 67 troops and their equipment. Although subsequently reclassified as an SS, GRAYBACK retains both a transport configuration and an attack capability.

**DIAM 57-7** 





The sail on the GUPPY IA, II, and IIA is forward of amidships. The leading and trailing edges are raked; the top is flat with a small step-down which occurs about two-thirds aft. This stepdown houses a retractable antenna which when retracted, extends beyond the sail's trailing edge. The bow is bulbous and folding bow planes are noticable aft of the bow. The weatherdeck is flat and slopes down just forward of the stern. Some units have a rectangular stern fin.

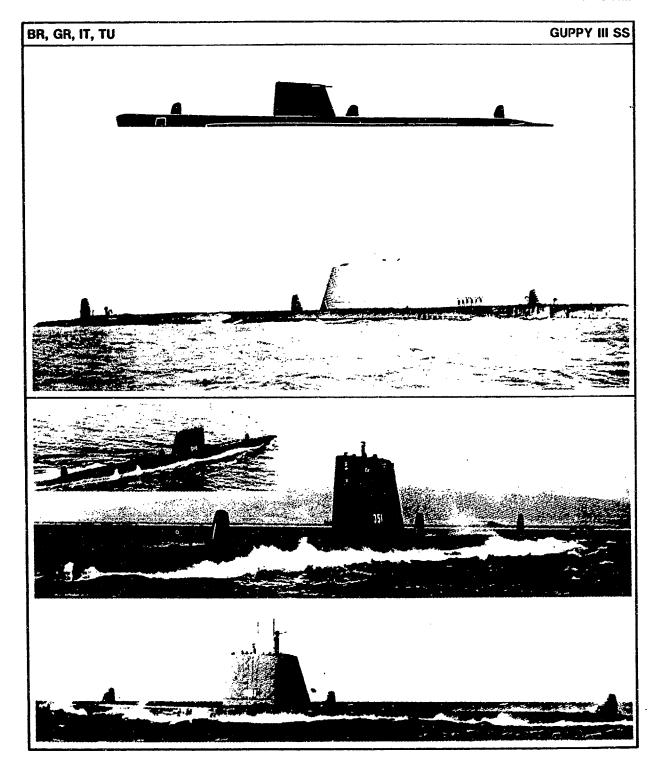
#### CHARACTERISTICS:

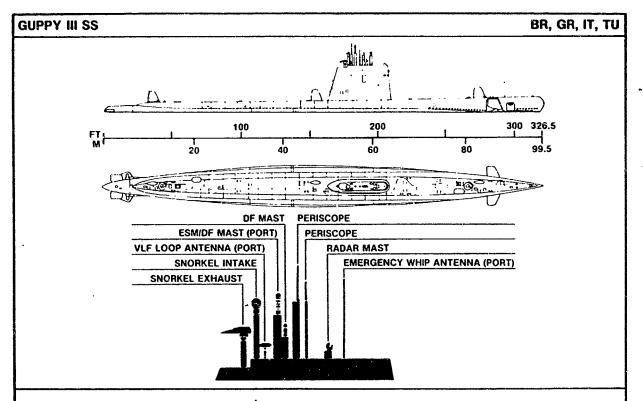
Displacement, tons: 1,840 standard; 2,445 submerged Displacement, tons. 1,040 standard, 2,443 stonlerged
Dimensions, feet (meters): 306 x 27 x 17 (93.2 x 8.2 x 5.2)
Torpedo tubes: 10 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 4 stern)
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts
Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 15 submerged
Pennant numbers: AR 22; BR S10, S12, S14; GR S114; PE 48, 49; SP S32, S34, S35;

TU S335 thru S340, S345, S346; TW S736, S794; VE S22

### REMARKS:

The GUPPY IA, II, and IIA are all conversions of the USS BALAO and TENCH Class submarines. The GUPPY is active in eight navies throughout the world. Displacement, dimensions, and speed vary slightly among units.





GUPPY III submarines are easily identified by three large PUFF sonar domes. One dome is located just aft of the bow, the second just aft of the sail, and the third just forward of the stern. The sail has a near vertical leading edge, a raked trailing edge, and a level topline with a small notch down to the trailing edge. The sail is located just forward of amidships. The bow is rounded. The weatherdeck is level with a slight slope aft of the rear sonar dome. Folding dive planes are located at the waterline just forward of the bow sonar dome.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,975 standard; 2,450 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 326.5 x 27 x 17 (99.5 x 8.2 x 5.2)

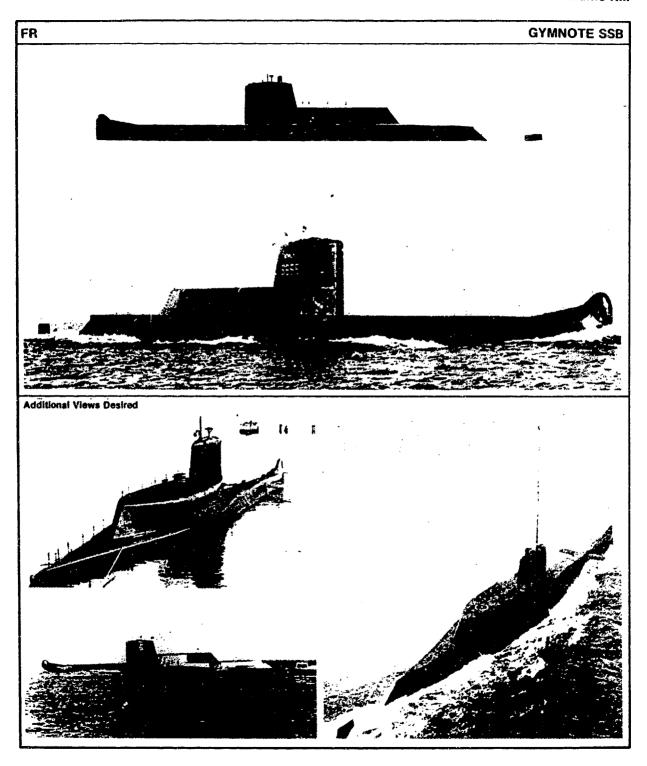
Torpedo tubes: 10 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 4 stern)

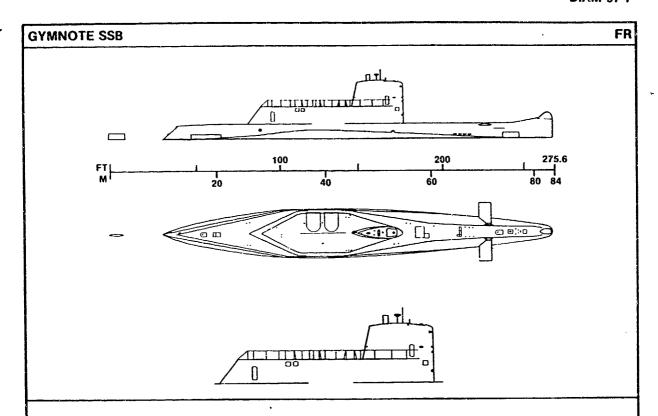
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 4 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 15 submerged

Pennant numbers: BR S15, S16; GR S115; IT 502; TU S341, S333

#### REMARKS:

The GUPPY III, originally of the USS BALAO and TENCH Class submarines, underwent conversion in the 1960s. The GUPPY III is in active service in the following navies: Brazil, Greece, Italy and Turkey.





GYMNOTE's configuration is unique. The sail is rectangular in profile with a vertical leading edge, a raked trailing edge, and a slightly convex topline. In many sightings a telephone pole-type mast is erected atop the sail. The trailing edge is much shorter than the leading edge due to a high platform formed aft as an extension of the sail. The trailing edge of the platform is raked, as is the break in the main deckline aft, which drops into the waterline some distance forward of a prominent stern fin. The GYMNOTE bow has an upswing giving it a "canoe" shape. Fixed diving planes are located some distance aft of the bow, near the top of the weatherdeck.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,000 surfaced; 3,250 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 275.6 x 34.7 x 25 (84 x 10.6 x 7.6)

Missiles: 2 tubes for MSBS

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 4 diesel-electric; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

Speed, knots: 11 surfaced; 10 submerged

Pennant number: S655

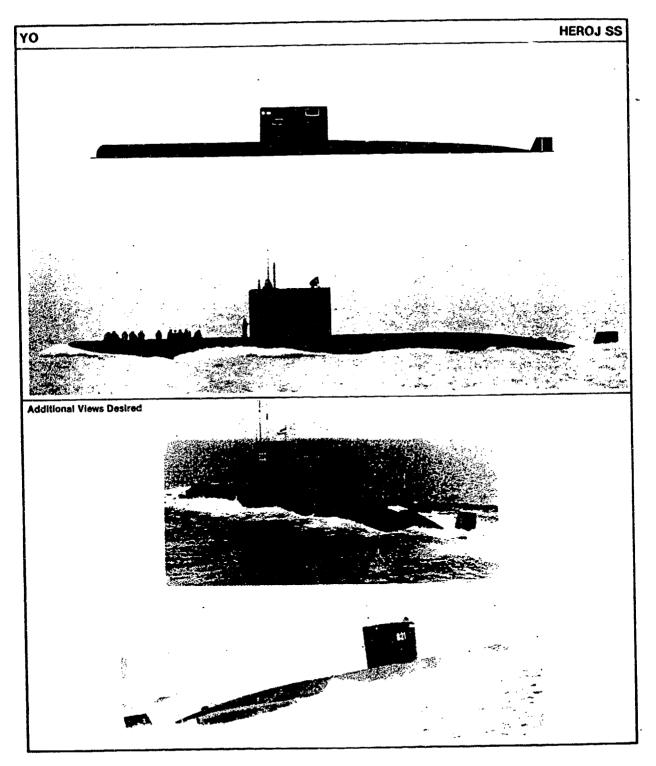
## REMARKS:

GYMNOTE was commissioned in 1966 as an experimental submarine for testing ballistic missiles for the French nuclear-powered SSBNs, and for use as an underwater laboratory to prove equipment and arms for nuclear-powered submarines. It was converted in 1979 for additional trial firings. It is the only ship of its class.

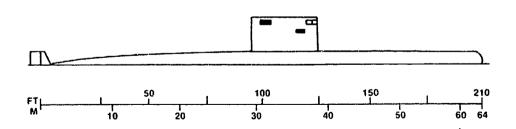
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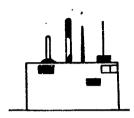
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MAJOR RECOGNITION FEATUR	ES:
Recognition features not avail	able.
CHARACTERISTICS:	
Displacement, tons: Dimensions, feet (meters): Torpedo tubes: Missiles: Propulsion: Speed, knots: Pennant numbers:	UNCLASSIFIED DATA NOT AVAILABLE
REMARKS:	
The HAN Class is believed to reported as completed. No unclass	be the first Chinese nuclear submarine. Two units have been ified pictures or characteristics are available.







Top View Desired



HEROJ Class submarines have a high rectangular sail located slightly forward of amidship. The deckline is level fore and aft of the sail, but curves sharply to the waterline near the stern. A squared-off stern fin rises to the height of the deck level at its highest point.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; 1,068 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 210 x 23.6 x 16.4 (64 x 7.2 x 5) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

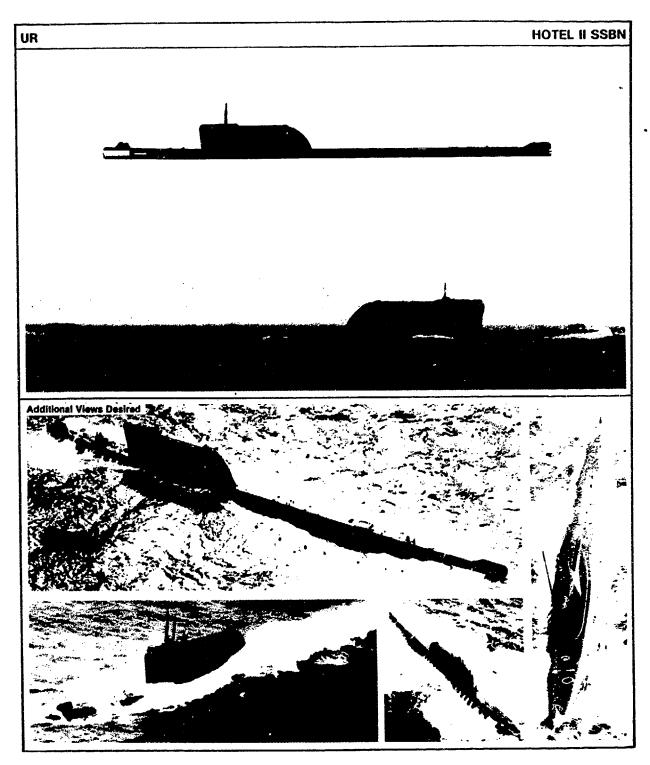
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; diesels; electric motors; 1 shaft

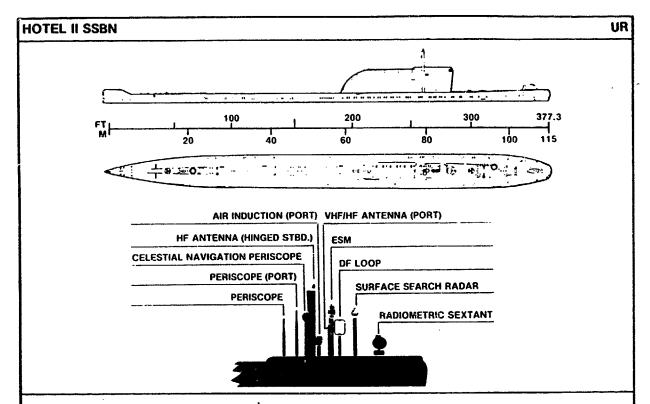
Speed, knots: 16 surfaced; 10 submerged

Pennant numbers: 821, 822, 823

## REMARKS:

The HEROJ Class, built in Yugoslavia and commissioned in 1968, consists of three units. All are active in the Yugoslavian Navy.





HOTEL II Class submarines have a massive streamlined sail situated well forward of amidships. The sail's imposing height and length accommodates three vertically oriented ballistic missile tubes. The sail's leading edge is slightly raked aft from the top while the trailing edge is rounded to the deck. Except for a slight rise forward of the sail, the weatherdeck is flat to the stern. An elongated sonar dome is situated on the bow, and a low modest tail fin is present at the stern.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

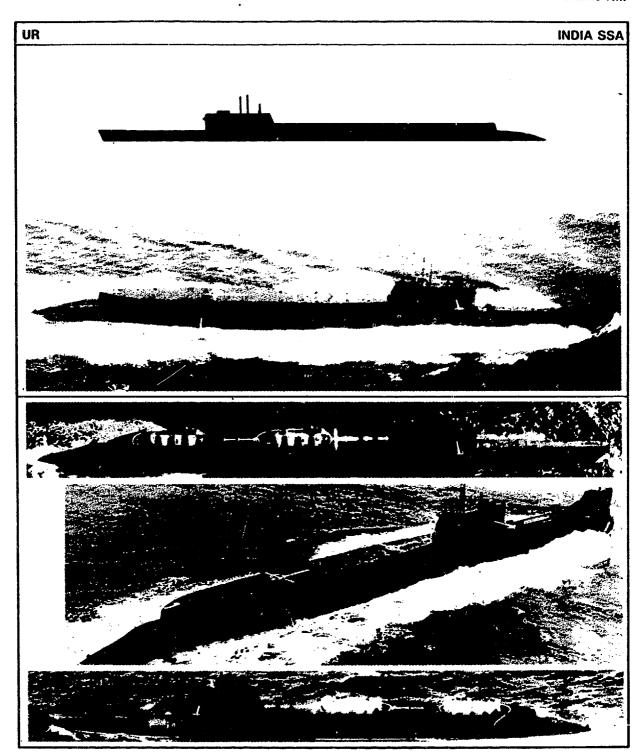
Displacement, tons: 4,750 surfaced; 5,600 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 377.3 x 29.5 (115 x 9) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow); 2 x 16 in (40.6 cm) (stern) Missiles: 3 SS-N-5 tubes

Propulsion: Nuclear

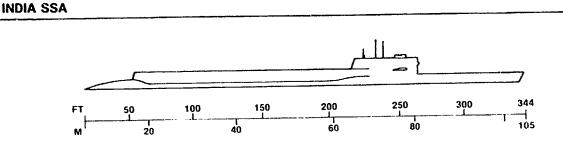
Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 26 submerged

## REMARKS:

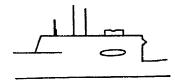
The original HOTEL I Class submarines were constructed between 1958 and 1962 and fitted with SS-N-4 missiles. When these units were converted to carry the SS-N-5 missiles, they were designated the HOTEL II Class. One unit was converted to test fire the SS-N-8 missile and designated the HOTEL III.



UR



**Top View Desired** 



# MAJOR RECOGNITION FEATURES:

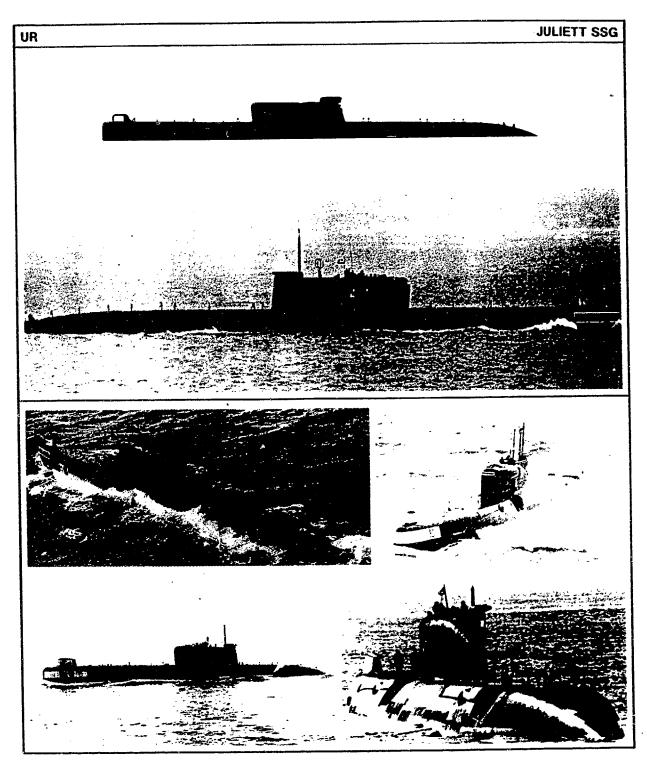
The sail on the INDIA Class is located well forward of amidships. The leading edge is vertical with a protruding lip approximately two-thirds of the way up. The trailing edge is raked. The deck for the submersibles begins at the trailing edge of the sail and is level almost to the stern where it then steps-down to the hull which slopes gradually to the waterline. INDIA has been observed with a removable ice-breaker bow.

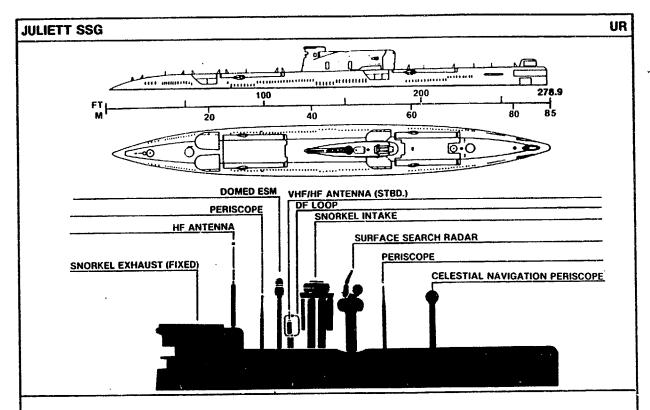
### CHARACTERISTICS:

Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 344 x 32.8 (105 x 10)

## REMARKS:

The INDIA Class is designed for rescue and salvage work; it carries two DSRVs on the after casing.





JULIETT Class submarines have a stubby appearance due to their relatively high freeboard and the length of the sail in comparison with other proportions. The paired cruise missiles are situated in the deck areas fore and aft of the sail, as evidenced by the large missile exhaust deflection cavities. A stepped snorkel exhaust housing is at the extremity of the sail, and a large sonar dome is on the bow.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,000 surfaced; 3,700 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 278.9 x 32.8 (85 x 10)

Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

Missiles: 4 tubes for SS-N-3A (2 forward and 2 aft of sail)
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 3 electric motors; 2 shafts

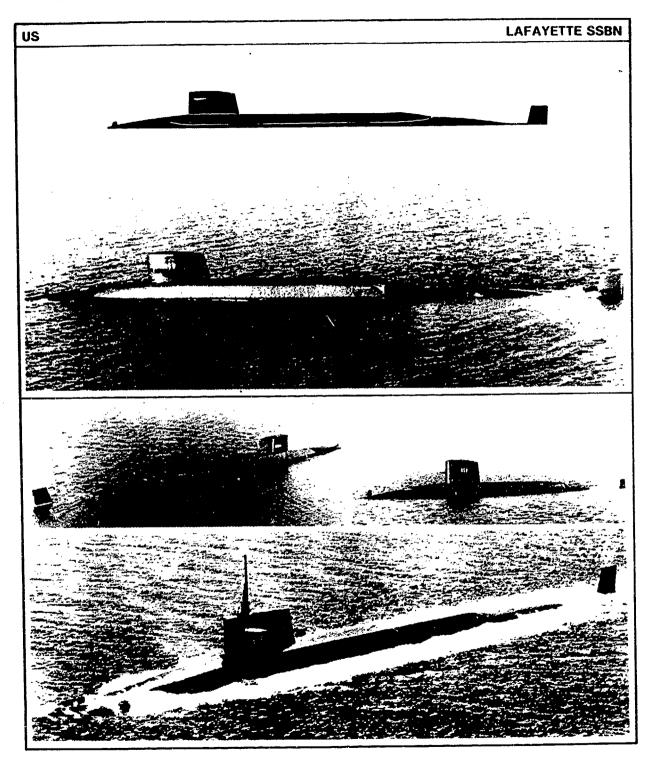
Speed, knots: 19 surfaced; 17 submerged

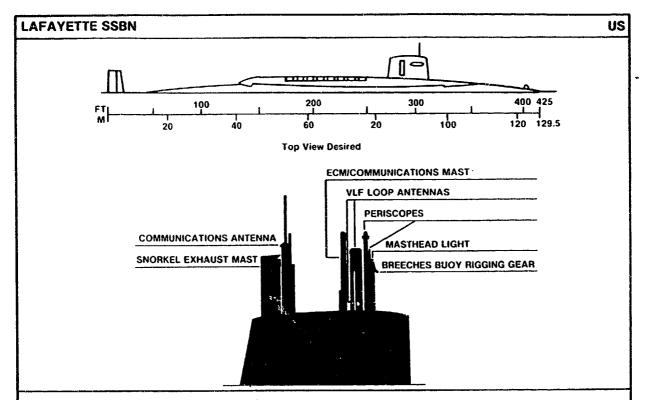
### REMARKS:

The JULIETT Class, completed between 1962 and 1967, was a follow-on program to the WHISKEY Class conversion. A total of 16 units have been produced. This class is the only diesel-powered cruise missile submarine still active as a first-line unit in the Soviet Navy.

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Beam View Desired	
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	MAJOR RECOGNITION FEATURES:	
	Recognition features not available.	
	CHARACTERISTICS:	
	Displacement, tons: Dimensions, feet (meters): Torpedo tubes: Missiles: Propulsion: Speed, knots: Pennant numbers:	ED DATA NOT AVAILABLE
	REMARKS:	
	None.	





With the exception of one unit (DANIEL WEBSTER SSBN 626), all ETHAN ALLEN, LAFAYETTE, JAMES MADISON, and BENJAMIN FRANKLIN units look alike; DANIEL WEBSTER differs by having diving planes on the bow instead of the sail. All others of the above classes have a rectangular sail situated well forward of the hull midpoint with sail planes near the leading edge and situated high on the sail. The classes also have a gently sloping prow, a break in the after deckline, and a prominent stern fin. They can be differentiated from the GEORGE WASHINGTON Class by examining the freeboard just forward and aft of the sail; GEORGE WASHINGTON has a much higher missile tube compartment, which produces a big difference in the length of trailing edge as compared to the leading edge. LAFAYETTE differs from UK SSBNs with regard to the sail planes; UK SSBNs have diving planes on the hull. The French LE REDOUTABLE is also quite similar.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 7,250 surfaced; 8,250 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 425 x 33 x 31.5 (129.5 x 10.1 x 9.6) Torpedo tubes: 16 tubes for POSEIDON C-3, TRIDENT C-4 SLBMs

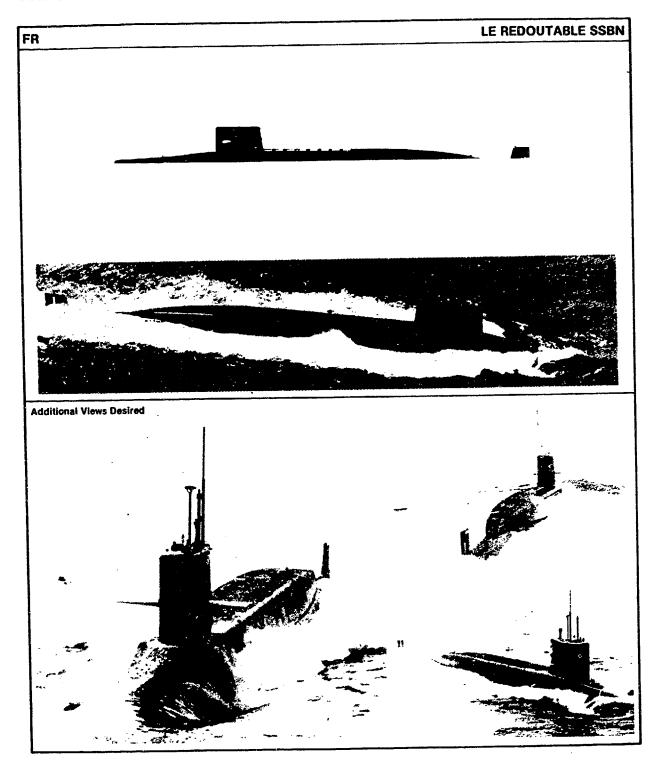
Missiles: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

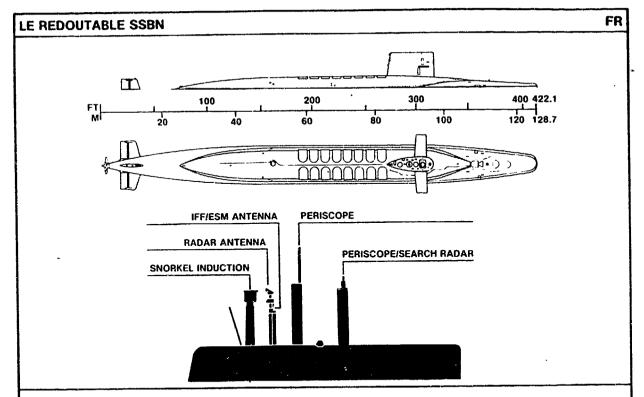
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 geared turbines; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; approximately 30 submerged

Pennant numbers: 616, 617, 619, 620, 622 thru 636, 640 thru 645, 654 thru 659

#### REMARKS:

Thirty-one LAFAYETTE Class SSBNs were built between 1961 and 1967. Although uniform in appearance, different missile systems are carried by these units as newer systems are outfitted during overhauls.





LE REDOUTABLE has a rectangular sail situated well forward of amidships, a prominent stern fin, a slight break in the after deckline, and a bow deckline that slopes gently into the waterline. The sail has a vertical leading edge and a slightly raked trailing edge. Sail planes are located about midway in sail height, very near the leading edge. The rudders are unusual in that located about midway in sail neight, very near the leading edge. The rudders are unusual in that there is a considerable gap between the fixed and moveable portions. LE REDOUTABLE is very similar in appearance to the USS GEORGE WASHINGTON Class. Differences that can be noted in configuration between LE REDOUTABLE and GEORGE WASHINGTON relate to the top line and the trailing edge. The top line of REDOUTABLE is level, whereas the GEORGE WASHINGTON top line evidences a slight convex curve. The trailing edge of REDOUTABLE has minor protuberances; the main one is a snorkel exhaust pipe that "lips" over the upper corner.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 8,045 surfaced: 8,940 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 422.1 x 34.8 x 32.8 (128.7 x 10.6 x 10)

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm)
Missiles: 16 tubes for MSBS M-20 (amidships)

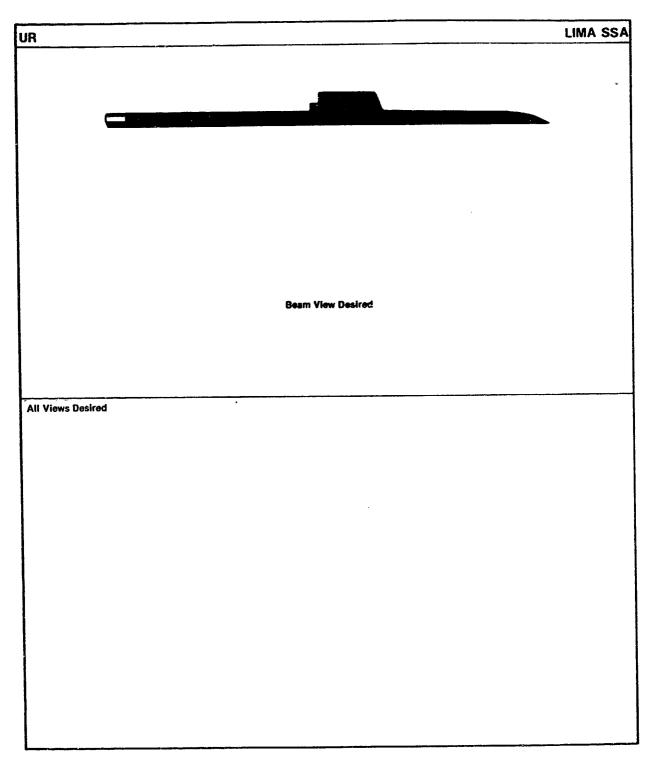
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 2 turbo-alternators; 1 electric motor;

1 shaft: auxiliary-twin diesels

Speed, knots: 20+ surfaced; 25 submerged

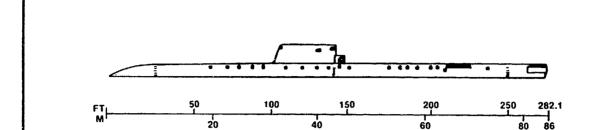
### REMARKS:

LE REDOUTABLE, operational 1971, was the first French nuclear-powered ballistic missile submarine. A total of five units have been constructed with a sixth in progress.

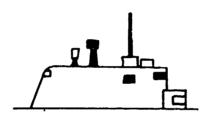


**LIMA SSA** 

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**Top View Desired** 



# MAJOR RECOGNITION FEATURES:

The sail is slightly aft of amidships. The trailing edge is raked to the deck whereas the leading edge is vertical with a forward step-down. The bow is bluntly squared. The weatherdeck slopes gradually towards the stern and more steeply to the waterline. The profile is clean with no protuberances.

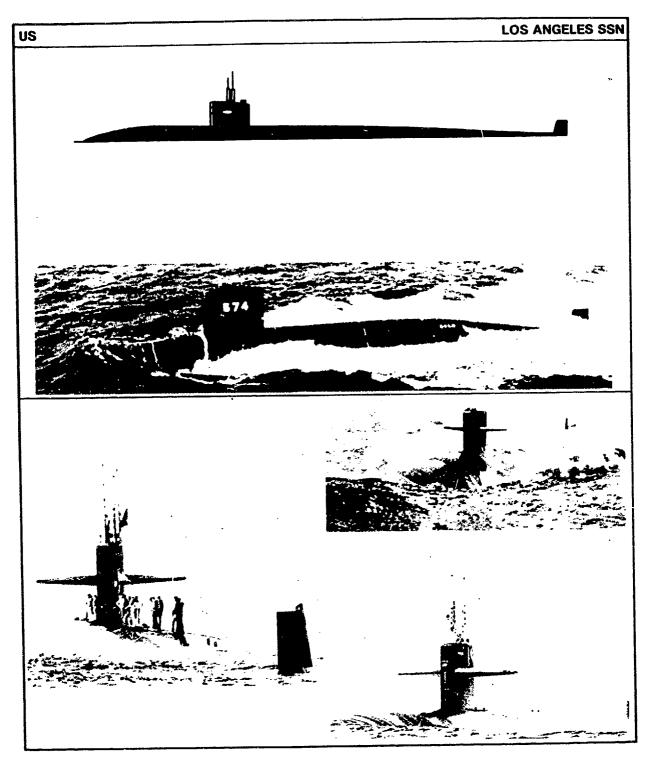
## CHARACTERISTICS:

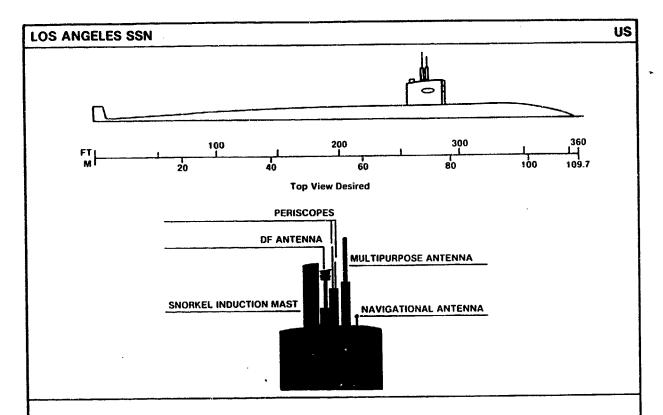
Displacement, tons: 2,450 surfaced; unknown submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 282.1 x 26.6 x 19.7 (86 x 8.1 x 6) (approximate) Propulsion: Probable diesel-electric

Speed, knots: Unknown

### REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind LIMA Class submarine is probably used to conduct hydro-acoustic trials.





The sail on the LOS ANGELES is well forward of amidships. Both leading and trailing edges are vertical. The top line is curved slightly giving it a convex appearance. Sail planes are mounted just aft of the leading edge and on the upper-third part of the sail. The weatherdeck at both the bow and the stern slope gradually to the waterline. A stern fin stands out well above deck height.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 6,000 standard; 6,900 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 360 x 33 x 32.3 (109.7 x 10.1 x 9.9)
Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)
Missiles: Tube launched HARPOON; TOMAHAWK to be fitted

Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 geared turbines; 1 shaft

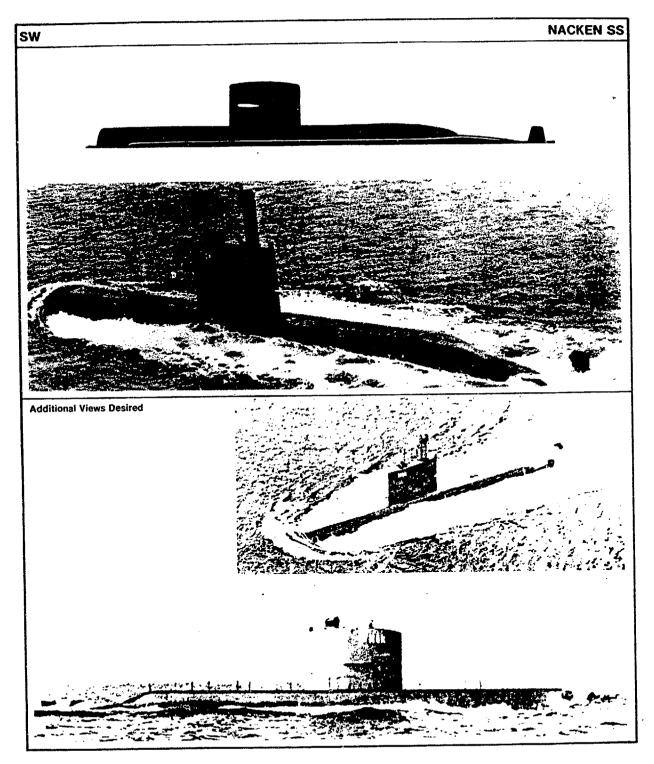
Speed, knots: Unknown surface; 30+ submerged

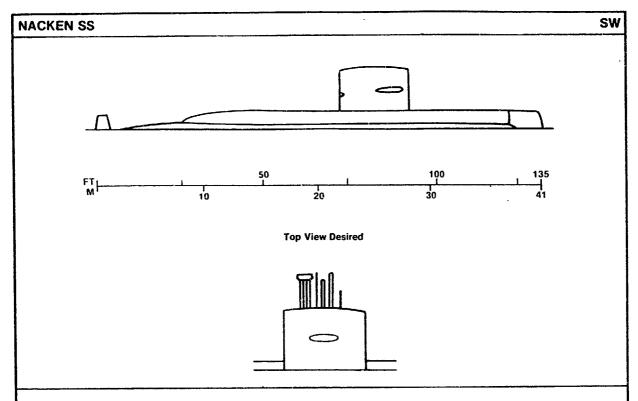
### REMARKS:

The LOS ANGELES Class submarine entered service in 1976. To date a total of 21 have been constructed with another 12 units on order. These units are a follow-on to the experimental GLENARD P. LIPSCOMB and are much larger than previous SSNs.

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MAJOR RECOGNITION FEATURES:	
Recognition features not available.	
CHARACTERISTICS:	
Displacement, tons: Probably 1,500 surfaced; 1,900 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): Probably length of 250 (76.2) Torpedo tubes: Probably 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) Propulsion: Probably diesel-electric Speed, knots: Unknown	
REMARKS:	
Two MING Class submarines have reportedly been constructed. It is believed are an improved version of the ROMEO Class submarine.	that these units
	i





The sail on the NACKEN is amidships. The leading and trailing edges are vertical, and the topline is slightly rounded giving it a convex appearance. Sail planes are located in the middle of the sail. The bow is rounded. The weatherdeck is level and steps-down just forward of the stern. NACKEN has two stern fins which are at 45 degree angles to the stern.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 980 surfaced; 1,125 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 135 x 20 x 13.4 (41 x 6.1 x 4.1) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm); 2 x 16 in (40 cm); minelaying capability

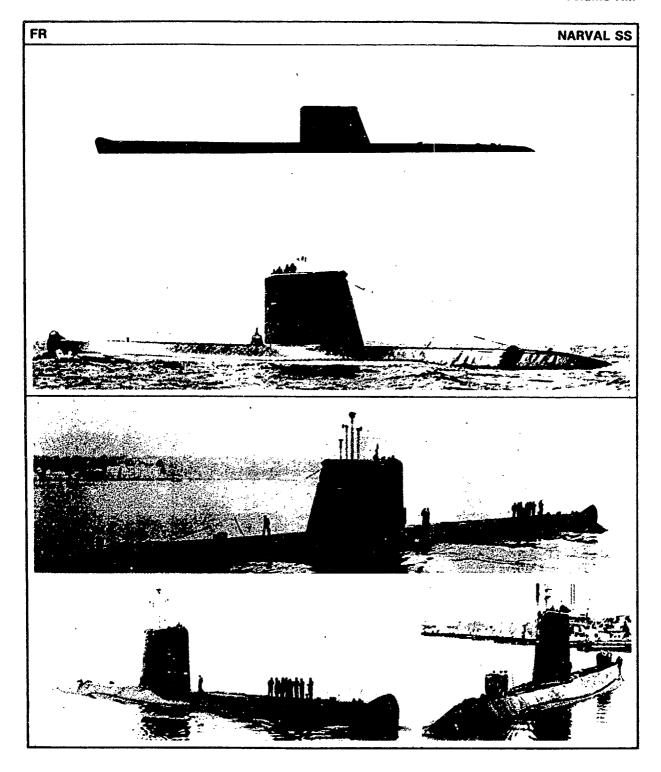
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; diesels; electric motors; 1 shaft with large 5 bladed propeller

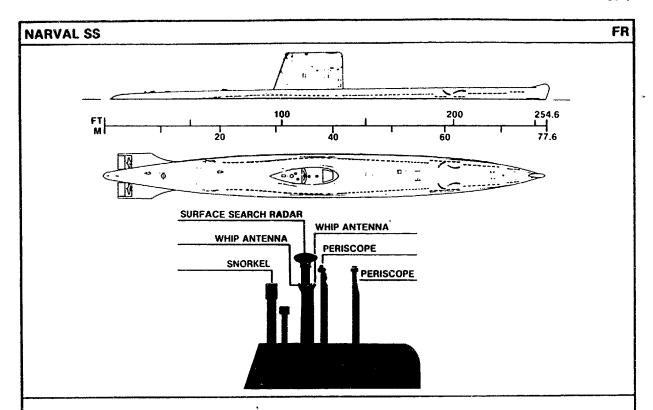
Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 20 submerged

Pennant numbers: Nak, Naj, Nep

### **REMARKS:**

The NACKEN Class, commissioned in 1979, consists of three units. All are in service with the Royal Swedish Navy. The NACKEN is a follow-on to the SJOORMEN Class.





The sail on the NARVAL Class is aft of amidships. The leading edge is vertical, and the trailing edge is raked. A snorkel exhaust lips just over the trailing edge at the top. The NARVAL has a faired-in bulbous bow. The deckline slopes gradually to the stern and then rounds into the waterline. There are two crescent shaped slits on both sides of the submarine located midway between the bow and the sail. NARVAL is very similar in appearance to its successors, ARETHUSE and DAPHNE.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

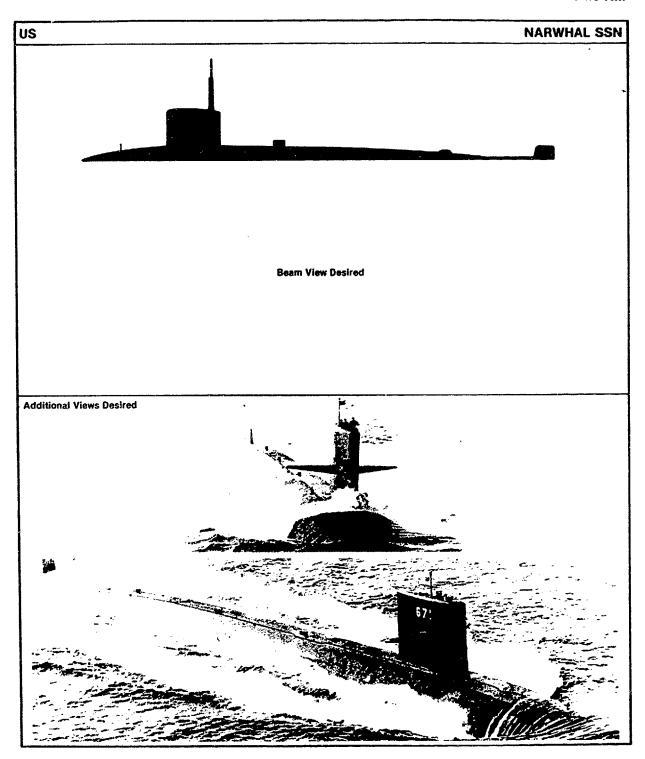
Displacement, tons: 1,635 surfaced; 1,910 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 254.6 x 25.6 x 17.7 (77.6 x 7.8 x 5.4) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21.7 in (55 cm) (bow); minelaying capability Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

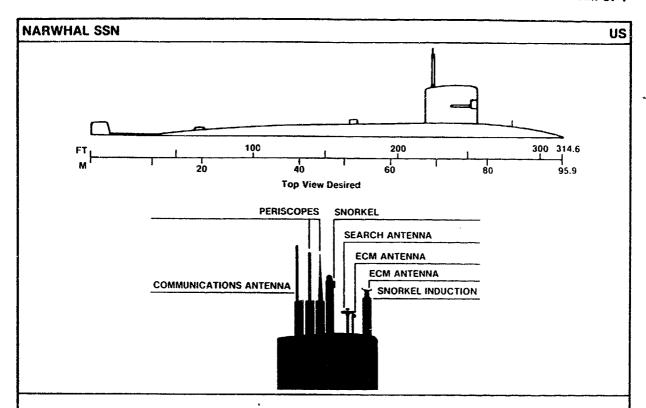
Speed, knots: 15 surfaced; 18 submerged

Pennant numbers: S631 thru S634, S637, S638

### REMARKS:

The NARVAL Class, with the first unit commissioned 1957, had six units produced. During a five-year reconstruction program (1965-70), all six units had a full-sail modification, new weapons, and improved detection equipment installed.





The sail on the NARWHAL Class is well forward of amidships. The leading and trailing edges are vertical while the topline is slightly curved giving it a convex appearance. Sail planes are located in the middle of the sail and just aft of the leading edge. The bow and stern slope gradually to the waterline. A rectangular stern fin approximately as high as the after weatherdeck is prominent. Some small protuberances on the weatherdeck are noticable: one forward of the latest the STUPP CRON stern, one aft of the sail, and one aft of the bow. The NARWHAL is identical to the STURGEON Class except that the NARWHAL is approximately 22 feet longer.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; 5,350 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 314.6 x 37.7 x 27 (95.9 x 11.5 x 8.2)

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)
Missiles: To be fitted for HARPOON

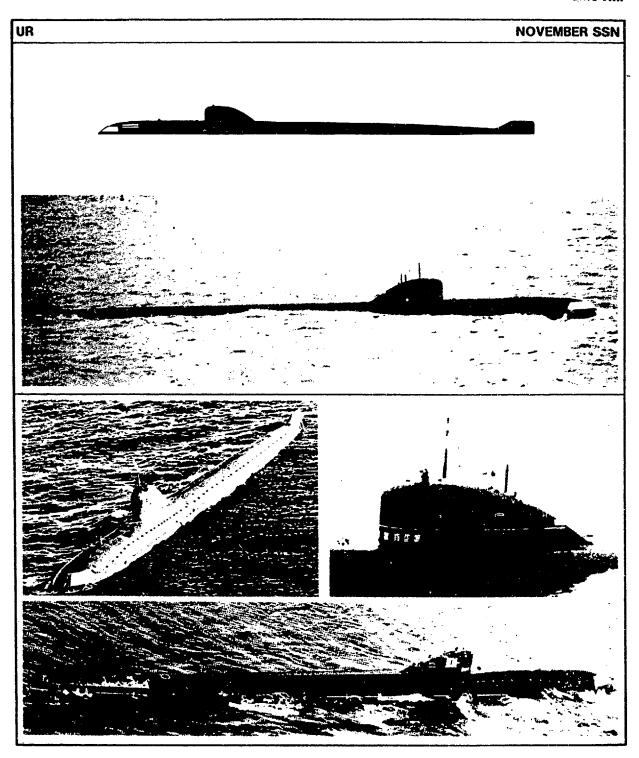
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 1 shaft

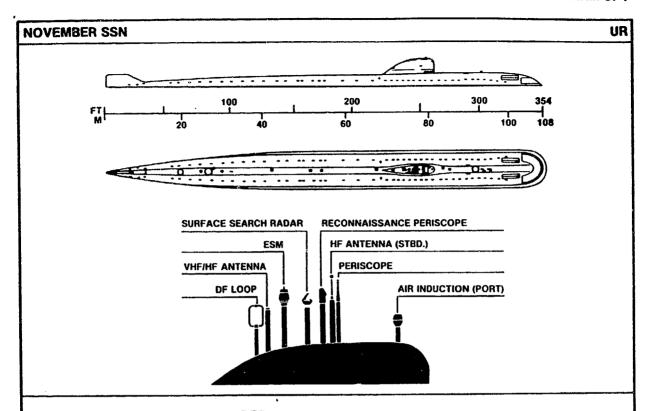
Speed, knots: 20+ surfaced; 30+ submerged

Pennant number: 671

#### REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind NARWHAL was commissioned in 1969. It is fitted with the prototype sea-going natural circulation reactor plant which increases reactor reliability, simplicity and noise reduction.





NOVEMBER Class SSN exhibits a long, low profile with a streamlined sail located near the forward third of the hull. The sail appears much smaller in relation to the hull length than CHARLIE or VICTOR counterparts. Other distinctive features include the vertical leading edge of the sail, a low stern fin, an abruptly sloping bow, and a level, uncluttered deckline. While noting that the streamlined sail bears a strong resemblance to newer classes, it should be observed that the suit of retractable masts is different.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 4,200 surfaced; 5,000 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 354 x 29.5 (108 x 9)

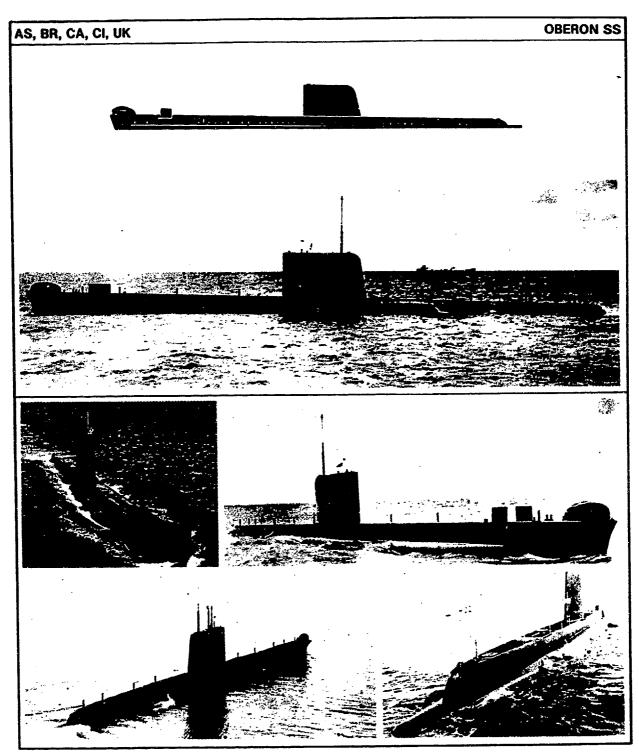
Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow); 2 x 16 in (40.6 cm) (stern)

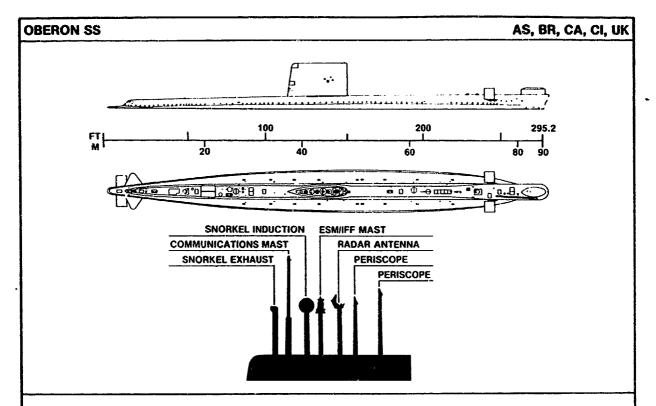
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 30 submerged

### **REMARKS:**

The NOVEMBER Class, the first Soviet nuclear-powered submarine, became operational in 1959. Fourteen units had been constructed by 1965.





OBERON Class submarines have a rectangular sail centered slightly aft of amidships. The leading edge of the sail is vertical, the topline is level, and the trailing edge is slightly raked. The after upper corner formed by the junction of the topline and trailing edge is somewhat rounded. The bow is raked and surmounted by a massive sonar dome. Folding planes are near the bow, and when stowed, project above the level weatherdeck. Near the stern, the weatherdeck terminates, and the hull line drops sharply.

## **CHARACTERISTICS:**

Displacement, tons: 2,030 surfaced; 2,410 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 295.2 x 26.5 x 18 (90 x 8.1 x 5.5)

Torpedo tubes:  $8 \times 21$  in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 2 stern)

Guns: May carry a 20 mm gun

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

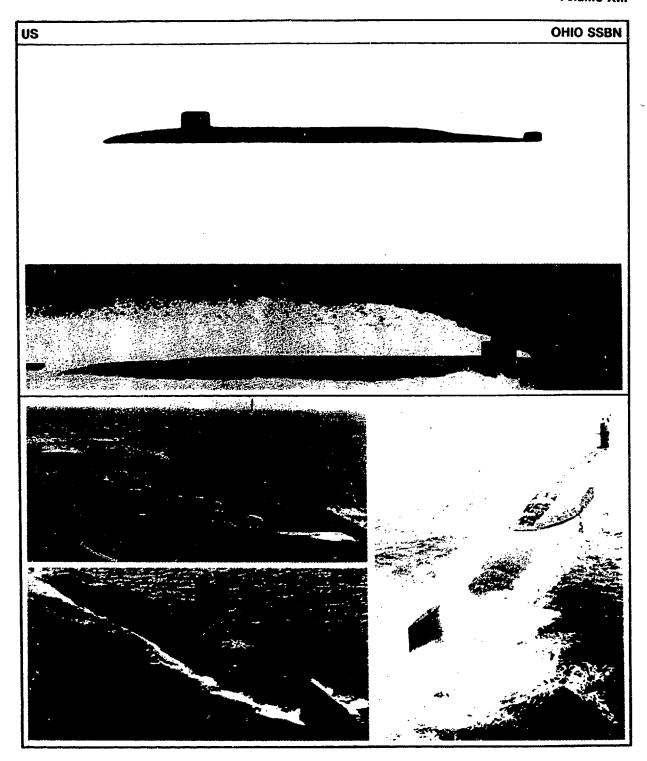
Speed, knots: 12 surfaced; 17 submerged

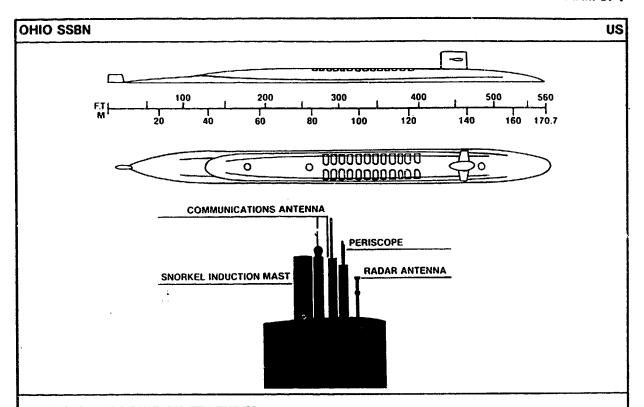
Pennant numbers: AS 57, 59 thru 62, 70; BR S20 thru S22; CA SS72 thru SS74; CI 22, 23;

UK S01, S07 thru S21

### **REMARKS:**

The British built OBERON Class submarines have been in commission since 1961. They are excellent submarines with an unsurpassed record of safety and operational usage. This class is active in the following navies: Australia, Brazil, Canada, Chile, and the United Kingdom.





The sail on the OHIO Class is situated about one-fourth of the length from the bow. The leading and trailing edges are vertical. The topline is slightly curved giving it a convex appearance. Sail planes are located in the middle of the sail. The bow slopes gradually into the waterline. The weatherdeck aft of the sail is level, with a slight step-down occurring approximately two-thirds of the way towards the stern fin. A high, rectangular stern fin is visible which extends above the weatherdeck to about one-half the height of the sail.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 16,600 surfaced; 18,700 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 560 x 42 x 35.5 (170.7 x 12.8 x 10.8) Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

Missiles: 24 tubes for TRIDENT I SLBM

Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; geared turbines; 1 shaft

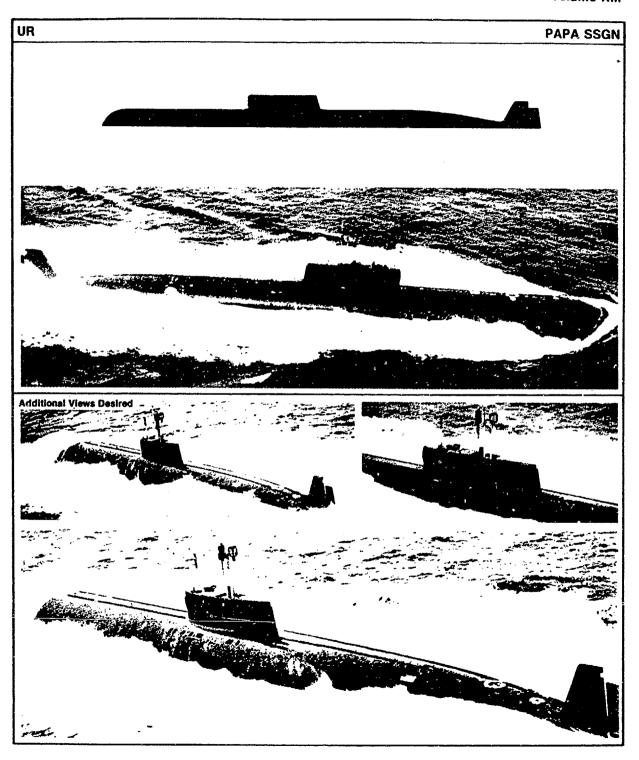
Speed, knots: Unknown

### REMARKS:

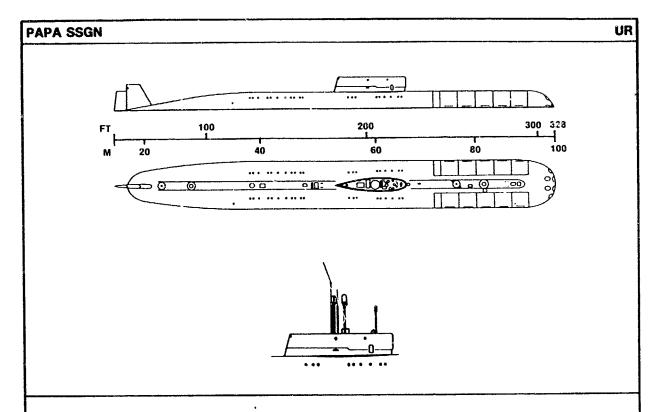
The OHIO Class submarine, first unit commissioned in 1981, is the largest U.S. submarine ever built. A total of 16 are projected.

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Displacement, tons: Dimensions, feet (meters): Torpedo Tubes: Missiles: Propulsion: Speed, knots:	UNCLASSIFIED DATA NOT AVAILABLE
REMARKS:	
of launching antiship cruise mis	nit of a new leass of large nuclear powered submarines capable siles while submerged. Substantially larger than earlier Soviet rry 24 of a new type antiship cruise missile.







PAPA has a blunt, rounded bow, a low rectangular sail, and a high vertical stabilizer. The sail appearance is unusual in that the height is only about one-fourth the sail length, giving the sail an extremely flattened and elongated appearance. Another unusual feature is the large size of the vertical stabilizer. It is not only uncommonly high and wide at the base, but has a notched configuration. The after portion or rudder, is considerably shorter than the forward fixed half. This prominent step in the stern fin and the elongated, flattopped sail provide ready recognition features. The walking deck is accented by two, dark, parallel lines which are the life line tracks.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 5,500 surfaced; 6,500 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 328 x 39.4 (100 x 12)

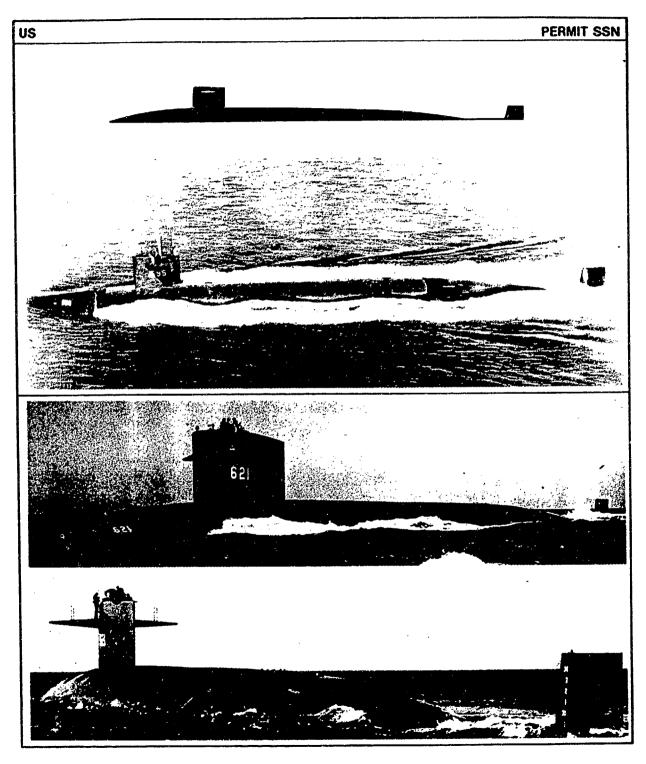
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow) Missiles: 10 tubes (probable SS-N-7/9)

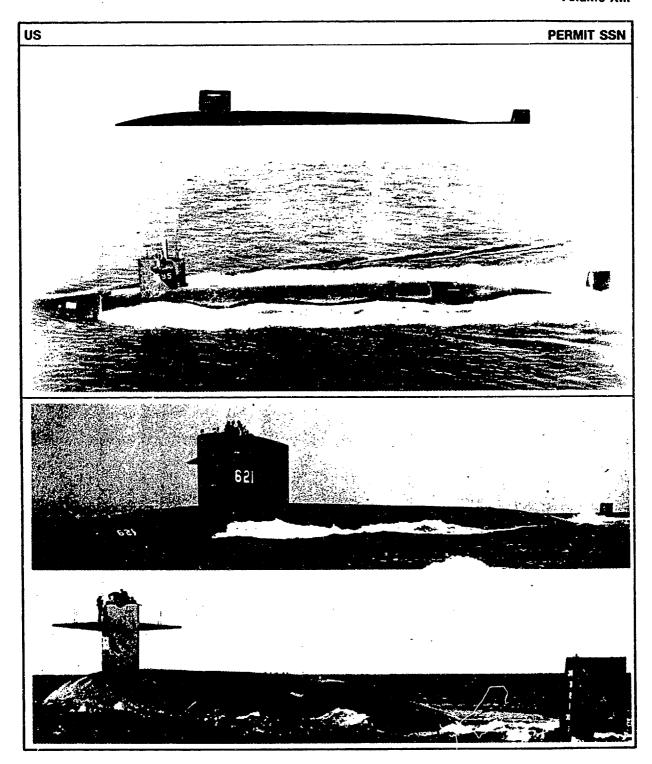
Propulsion: Nuclear

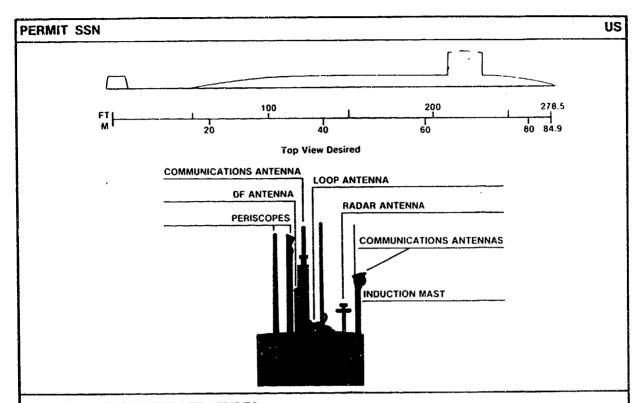
Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 30 submerged

#### REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind PAPA entered the Soviet Navy in the mid-1970s. Possibly used as a trial vehicle for the OSCAR Class.







PERMIT Class submarines have a rectangular sail situated well forward of amidships. The sail top'ine is level; trailing and leading edges are nearly perpendicular. The dimensions of the sail are such that it is almost square in profile. Sail planes are located above midpoint on the sail, a factor that can be used to differentiate the class from the STURGEON Class which otherwise is almost identical in appearance. A word of caution is needed here, however, because three later PERMIT units had the sail enlarged by approximately 7 feet in height during construction and the hull was lengthened to 292 feet. The hull is an elongated tear-drop shape, and is clean and unobstructed. Due to the lack of flat deck space, crewmen use the sail fins as deck area when the submarine is operating on the surface. The hull line curves into the water at the bow and just forward of the prominent stern fin.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,750 surfaced; 4,300 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 278.5 x 31.7 x 28.4 (84.9 x 9.6 x 8.7) Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships); carry SUBROC Missiles: Being fitted for HARPOON

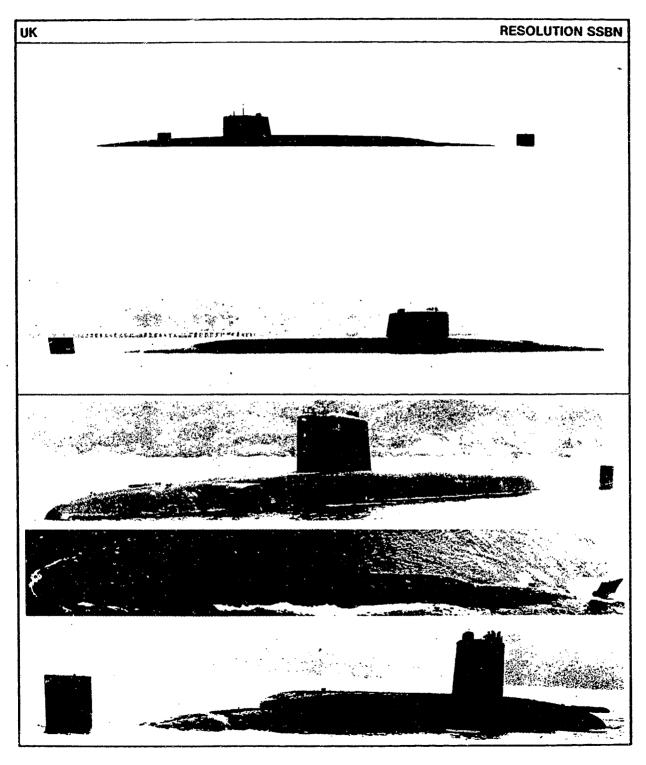
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 1 shaft

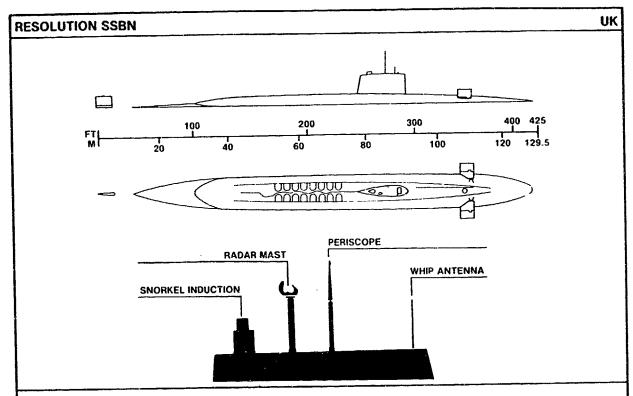
Speed, knots: 20+ surfaced; 30+ submerged

Pennant numbers: 594 thru 596, 603 thru 607, 612 thru 615, 621

#### REMARKS:

Fourteen units of the PERMIT Class were constructed. One unit, the USS THRESHER, went down in 1963. The last three units constructed in this class have a length of 292.2 feet and a surfaced and submerged displacement of 3,800 and 4,242 tons respectively.





RESOLUTION, with the exception of a single LAFAYETTE unit (DANIEL WEBSTER), is the only streamlined SSBN class without diving planes mounted on the sail; the diving planes are mounted midway between the sail and the bow near the upper extremity of the hull. These diving planes may also be seen folded in an upright position, projecting above the deckline. The sail is rectangular and located well forward of amidships. The sail topline is slightly convex, with a round protuberance near the trailing edge, the leading edge is vertical, and the trailing edge is raked. The deckline appears to rise gradually out of the water at the bow, and continues to raked. The deckline appears to rise gradually out of the water at the bow, and continues to rise aft of the sail until it slopes down abaft of the missile tube compartment. A prominent stern fin is as tall as the deckline.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 7,500 surfaced; 8,400 submerged

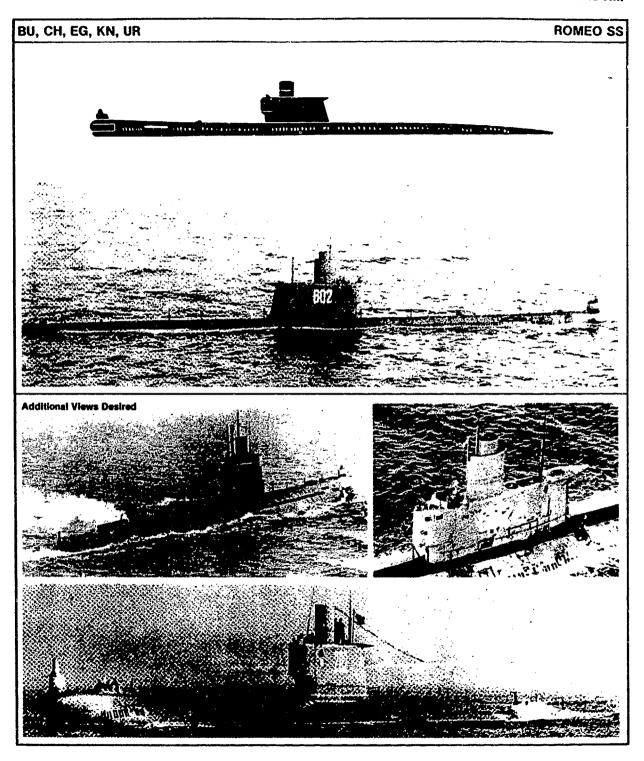
Dimensions, feet (meters): 425 x 33 x 30 (129.5 x 10.1 x 9.1) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow) Missiles: 16 POLARIS A3 SLBMs

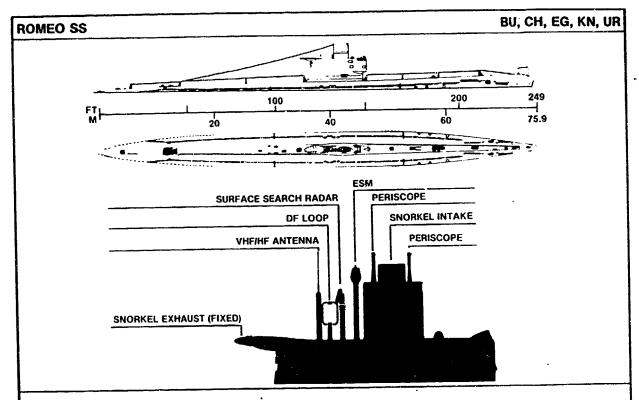
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; geared turbines; 1 shaft

Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 25 submerged Pennant numbers: S22, S23, S26, S27

#### REMARKS:

The RESOLUTION Class, first unit commissioned in 1967, consists of four units. All are in service with the British Royal Navy.





ROMEO Class submarines are readily identified by the sail configuration. It is the only class with a large cylindrical housing projecting upward from the sail top. This smokestack-configured housing includes the intake which cannot be retracted into the sail proper. ROMEO Class submarines also have a "beavertail" type fixed snorkel exhaust projecting horizontally beyond the sail trailing edge. Early units of the class all had an overhang to the sail leading edge, but recent photographs show some units have been modified to eliminate this overhang. Most Soviet ROMEO units have a large sonar dome on the bow, but some units transferred to other countries lacked this installation when transferred.

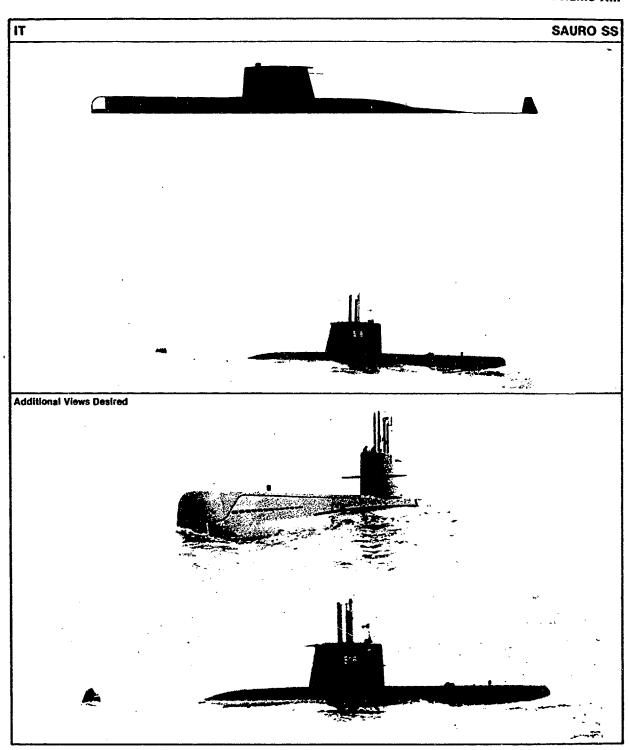
# CHARACTERISTICS:

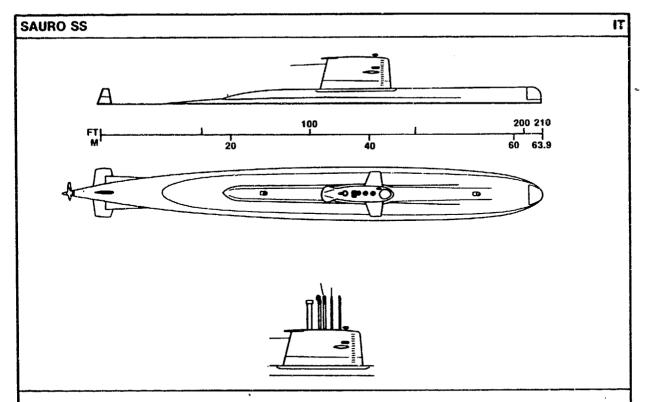
Displacement, tons: 1,400 surfaced; 1,800 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 249 x 21 (75.9 x 6.4)
Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 2 stern)
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts
Speed, knots: 17 surfaced; 14 submerged

Pennant numbers: CH 100 to 200 series; EG 711, 722, 733, 744, 755, 766

## REMARKS:

Approximately 110 ROMEO Class submarines have been constructed by the Soviet Union and China since 1958. The ROMEO is currently serving in five navies: Bulgaria, China, Egypt, North Korea, and the Soviet Union. Displacement, length, and speed vary among units.





The sail on the SAURO Class is just forward of amidships. The leading and trailing edges are slightly raked. The topline is curved, giving it a convex appearance. A flat protuberance on the topline extends beyond the trailing edge, and another protuberance is located forward. Sail planes are located just aft of the leading edge. The bow is bluntly squared. The aft weatherdeck slopes down to the waterline. The stern fire is rectangular in shape and rises as high as the aft weatherdeck.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,456 surfaced; 1,631 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters):  $210 \times 22.5 \times 18.9 (63.9 \times 6.8 \times 5.7)$ 

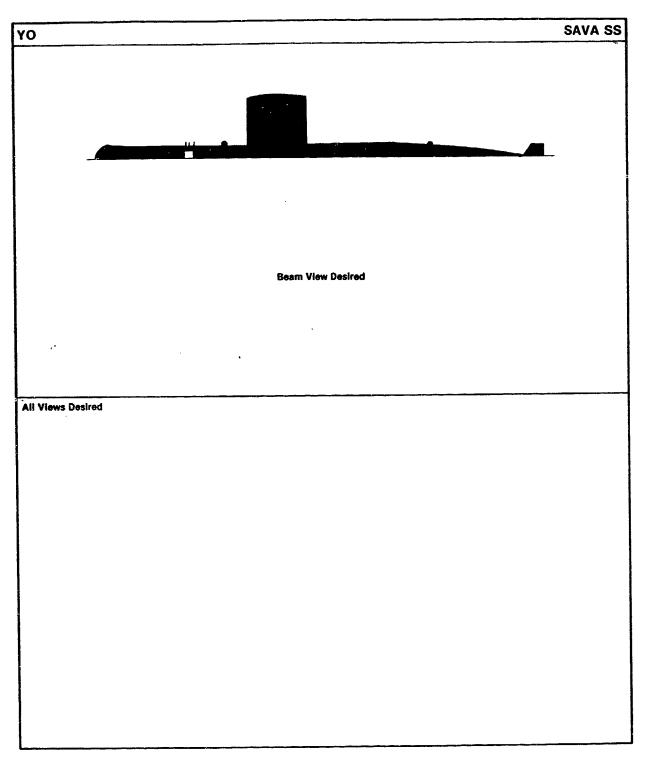
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

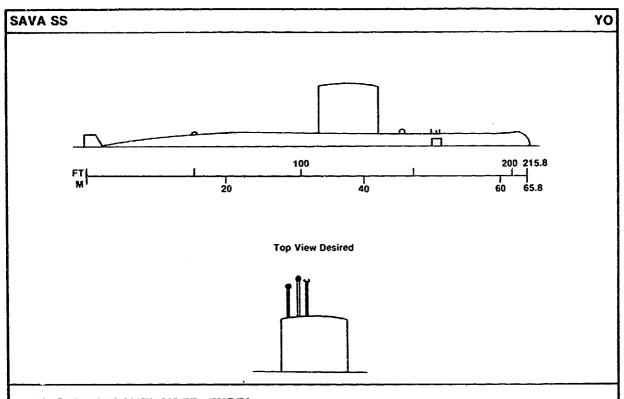
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 11 surfaced; 20 submerged

Pennant numbers: 518 thru 521

#### REMARKS:

The SAURO Class, first unit commissioned in 1980, consists of four units. The SAURO is the newest Italian submarine, and an export variant is being offered for sale to other countries.





The sail on the SAVA Class is forward of amidships. Leading and trailing edges are vertical. Bow planes are located midway between the sail and the rounded bow. The weatherdeck is level and gradually slopes near the stern to a rectangular stern fin.

### CHARACTERÍSTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; 964 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 215.8 x 22.9 x 18 (65.8 x 7 x 5.5)

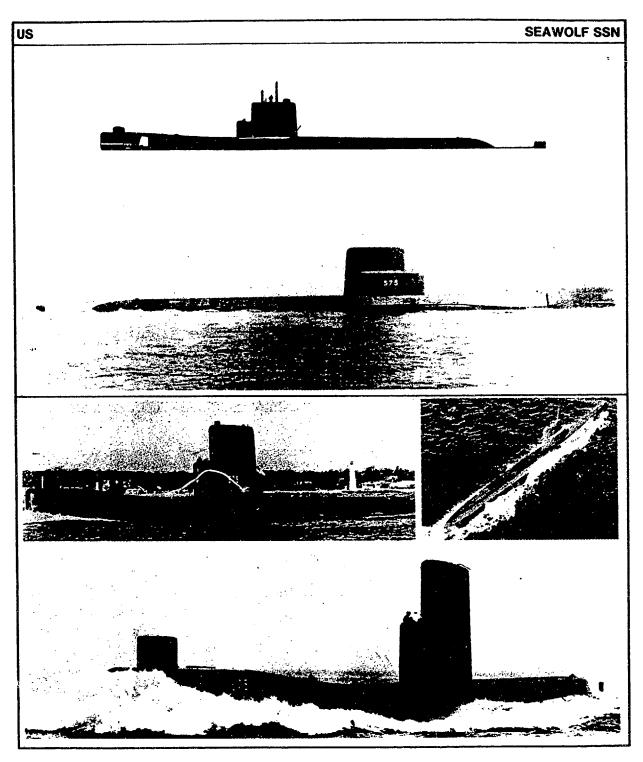
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

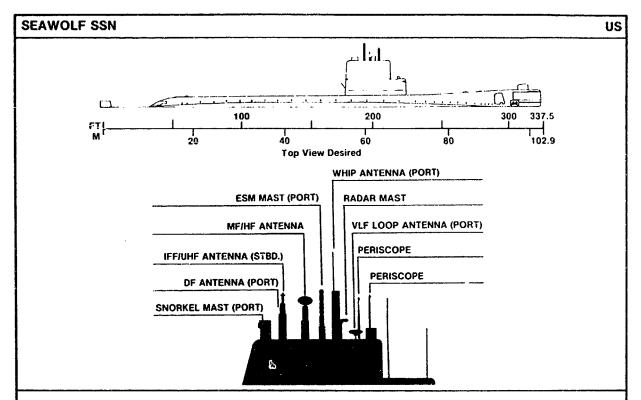
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 1 shaft

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 16 submerged

### REMARKS:

The Yugoslavian built SAVA Class, first unit commissioned in 1978, consists of two units. A total of four units are planned.





SEAWOLF has a stepped sail with a single downward step occurring toward the bow. The uppermost tier extends over two-thirds of the sail length and over half the sail height. The entire sail is situated well forward of amidships. The hull lines are fairly distinctive. There is an obvious rise in the deckline near the bow and an abrupt drop in deckline just forward of the stern fin. A large cylindrical sonar dome is situated above the raised bow section. In profile, the stem of the bow is perpendicular to the waterline. Hinged bow planes are situated just aft of a wide sonar belt. A pronounced line along the hull sides is formed by hull planes meeting at a wide angle just below the alignment of limber holes.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,765 surfaced; 4,200 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 337.5 x 27.7 x 23 (102.9 x 8.4 x 7) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

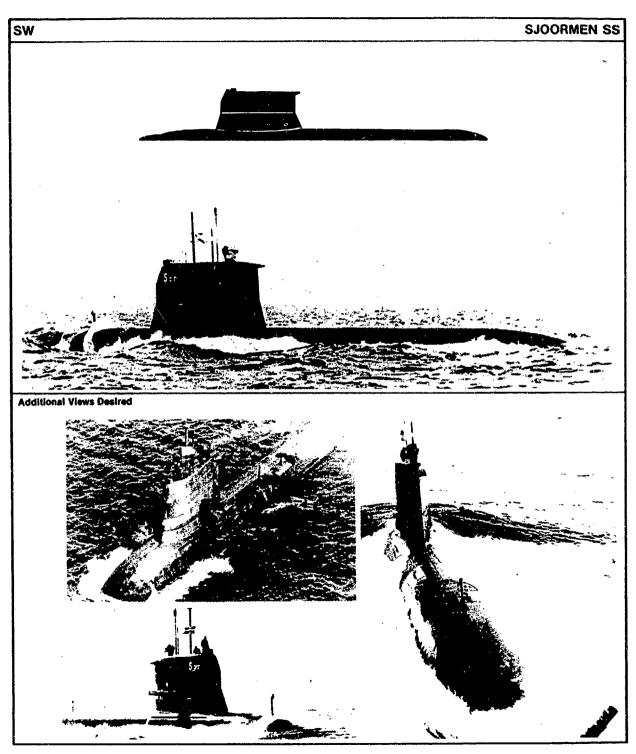
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 2 shafts

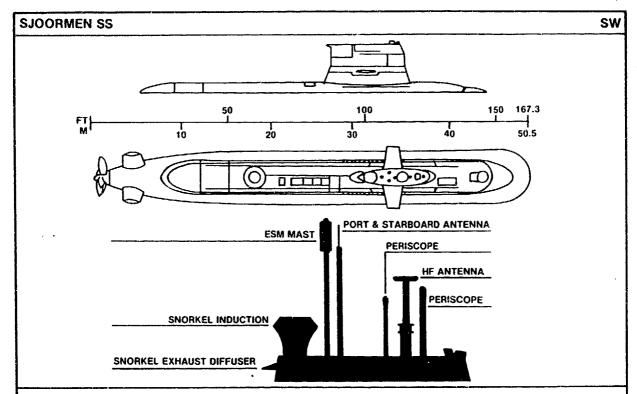
Speed, knots: 20+ surfaced; 20+ submerged

Pennant number: 575

### REMARKS:

The SEAWOLF was the world's second nuclear submarine. This unit is no longer considered a first-line submarine and has been engaged primarily in research work since 1969.





SJOORMEN Class submarines are short, stubby, and streamlined. The streamlined sail is situated well forward of amidships, very near the bow. The sail topline is straight and horizontal, but all photos observed to date reveal a snorkel intake valve projecting above the topline. The snorkel intake valve is unique, with a double taper. A fixed snorkel exhaust protrudes aft, beyond the trailing edge of the sail. Both the trailing edge and the leading edge of the sail are symmetrical and somewhat unusual in appearance. Although the general impression is that of raked edges, both the trailing edge and leading edge have a double break or knuckle in their lines. Sail planes are located lower than midway up the sail height. The entire hull is tubular in shape, with a level profile fore and aft of the sail. The hull lines slope abruptly near the bow and the stern. V-shaped stern fins are present, but they are not usually seen in profile views.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,125 standard; 1,400 submerged

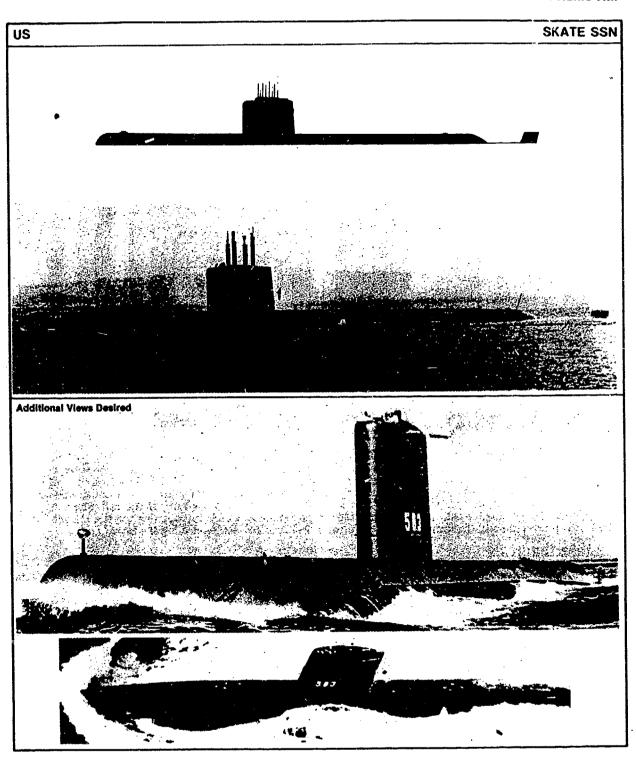
Dimensions, feet (meters):  $167.3 \times 20 \times 16.7$  (50.5 x 6.1 x 5.1) Torpedo tubes:  $4 \times 21$  in (53.3 cm) (bow); 2 antisubmarine tubes

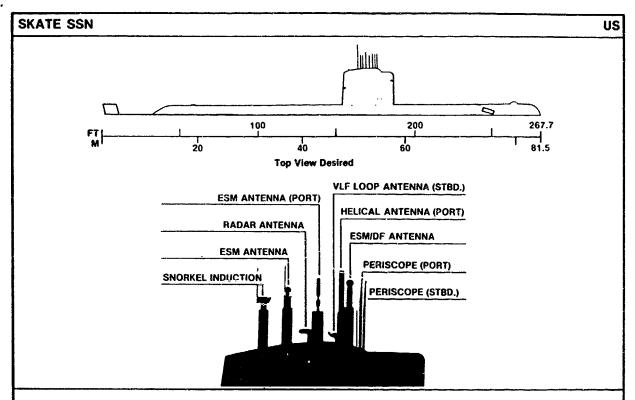
Propulsion: Diesel-electric, 2 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 large 5-bladed propeller

Speed, knots: 15 surfaced; 20 submerged Pennant numbers: Sor, Sle, Shu, Sbj, Sha

### REMARKS:

The SJOORMEN Class, first unit commissioned in 1967, consists of five units. All are in service in the Royal Swedish Navy.





SKATE Class submarines have a rectangular sail situated forward of amidships. The topline is level and forms almost a 90-degree angle with the perpendicular fore and aft edges. The bow is rounded and enters the water at a vertical angle. The deckline is nearly level forward of the sail and slopes very gently aft until it drops into the water just forward of the stern fin. A continuous open slot extends from the after break in the deckline to a point forward of the sail where it breaks and curves downward. An unusual feature is the angle at which the opening for the retractable bow planes are set. In some views, a wide sonar belt can be seen encircling the bow.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

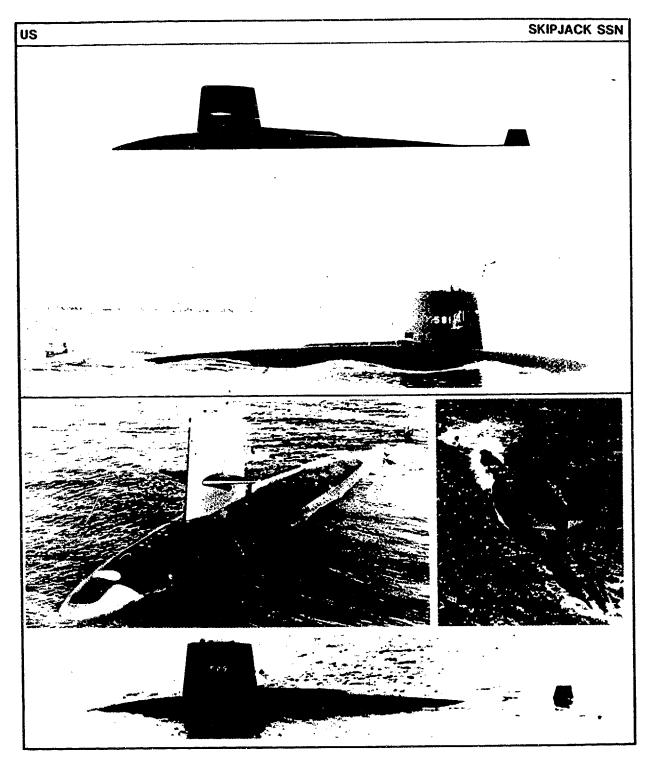
Displacement, tons: 2,570 surfaced; 2,860 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 267.7 x 25 x 22 (81.5 x 7.6 x 6.7) Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (3 bow, 2 stern) Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 2 shafts

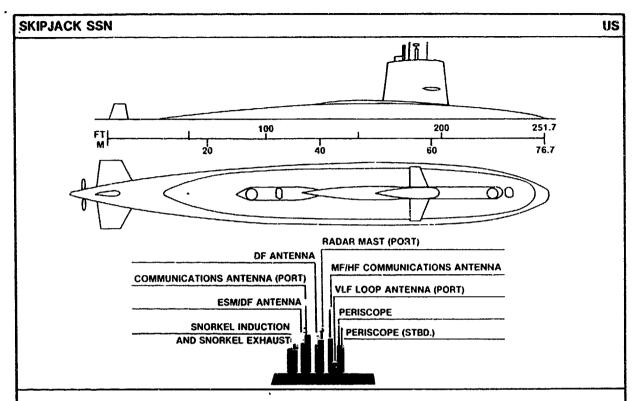
Speed, knots: 20+ surfaced; 25+ submerged

Pennant numbers: 578, 579, 583, 584

### REMARKS:

SKATE Class submarines were the first nonexperimental nuclear units to enter service. The four units in this class were built between 1955 and 1959, and are smaller versions of the USS NAUTILUS.





SKIPJACK's configuration is completely streamlined and lacks projections. All equipment is either recessed or retractable. The class has a rectangular-shaped sail situated forward of amidships. The leading edge and trailing edges are slightly raked outward toward the deckline. The trailing edge of the sail blends with a thin mound or knuckle on top of the after deck. This feature is unique to SKIPJACK. Sail planes are located near the leading edge of the sail. The hull is whale-shaped, having no flat deck area. The hull curves into the waterline both fore and aft, obscuring both bow and stern below the waterline. The stern extremity, however, can be located by a prominent fin protruding above the waterline.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,075 surfaced; 3,513 submerged

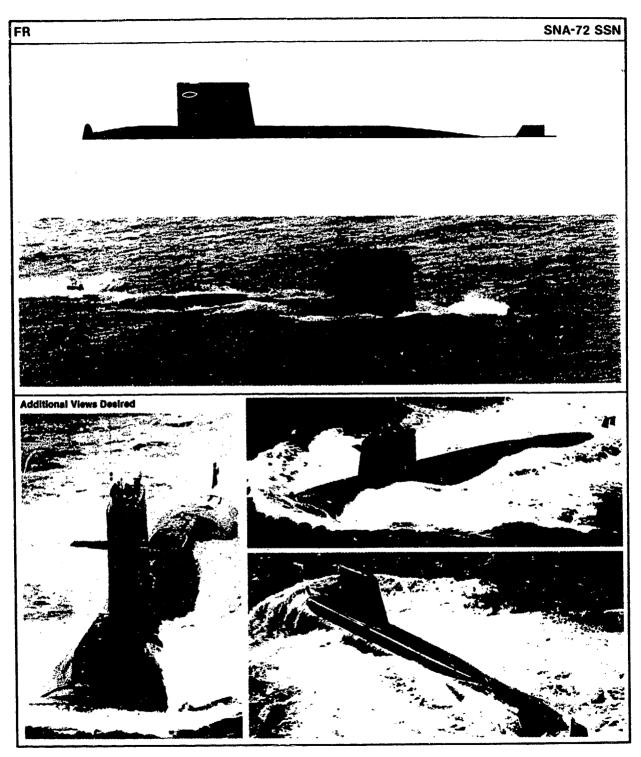
Dimensions, feet (meters): 251.7 x 31.5 x 29.4 (76.7 x 9.6 x 8.9) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

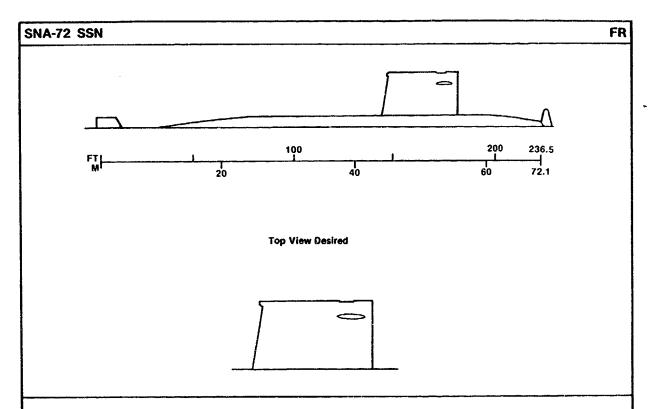
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 1 shaft

Speed, knots: 16+ surfaced; 30+ submerged Pennant numbers: 585, 588, 590 thru 592

#### REMARKS:

The SKIPJACK Class are the first nuclear submarines to incorporate the teardrop hull design. These units have a single propeller shaft, and the diving planes are mounted on sail structures to improve underwater maneuverability. There are presently five active units.





The sail on the SNA-72 Class is forward of amidships. The leading edge is vertical, the topline is flat with a lip at the trailing edge. The trailing edge is raked. The bow is rounded and a sonar dome is located just aft of the bow. The forward weatherdeck is flat while the aft weatherdeck gradually slopes to the waterline. A rectangular stern fin is present and is approximately the height of the aft weatherdeck.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 2,385 surfaced; 2,670 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters):  $236.5 \times 24.9 \times 21 (72.1 \times 7.6 \times 6.4)$ 

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 17.9 in (45.5 cm)
Missiles: Tube-launched SM 39 EXOCET

Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 turbo alternators; 1 main electric motor; 1 shaft with

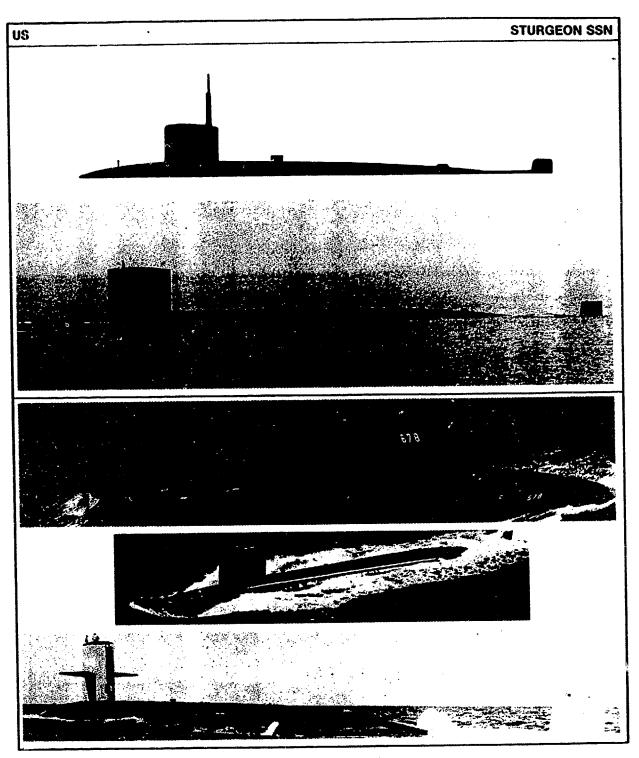
secondary electric motor

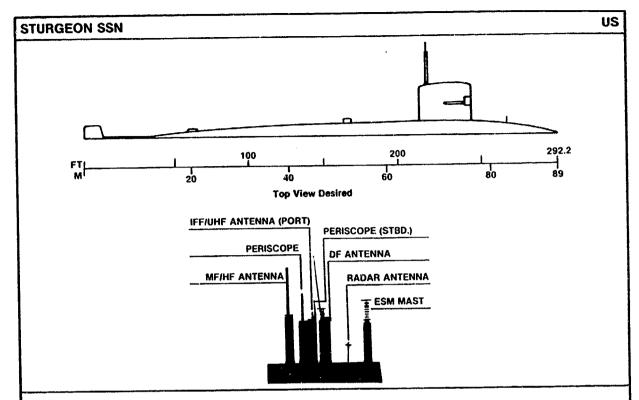
Speed, knots: 15 surfaced; 26 submerged

Pennant number: S601

## REMARKS:

The SNA-72 Class, first unit named RUBIS, began sea trials in 1981, and is expected to join the French fleet in early 1982. A second unit named SAFFIR was launched in late 1981. A total of five units are planned.





The sail on the STURGEON Class is well forward of amidships. The leading and trailing edges are vertical while the topline is slightly curved giving it a convex appearance. Sail planes are located in the middle of the sail and just aft of the leading edge. The bow and stern slope gradually to the waterline. A rectangular stern fin approximately as high as the after weatherdeck is prominent. Some small protuberances on the weatherdeck are noticable; one forward of the stern, one aft of the sail, and one aft of the bow. The STURGEON Class is similar to the PERMIT Class, however, the STURGEON has a higher sail and the sail planes are mounted halfway up the sail-on the PERMIT, the sail planes are closer to the top of the sail.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; 4,640 submerged

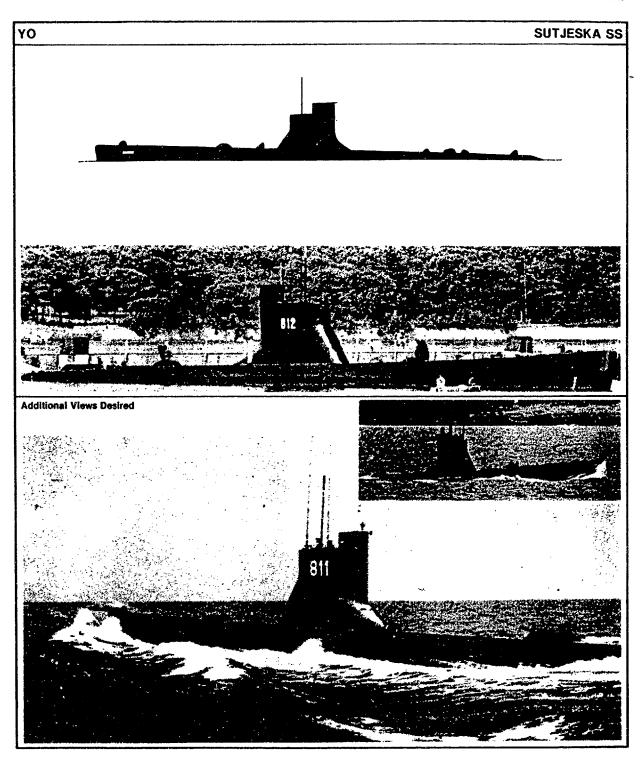
Dimensions, feet (meters): 292.2 x 31.7 x 26 (89 x 9.5 x 7.9)
Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)
Missiles: Fitted or being fitted for HARPOON

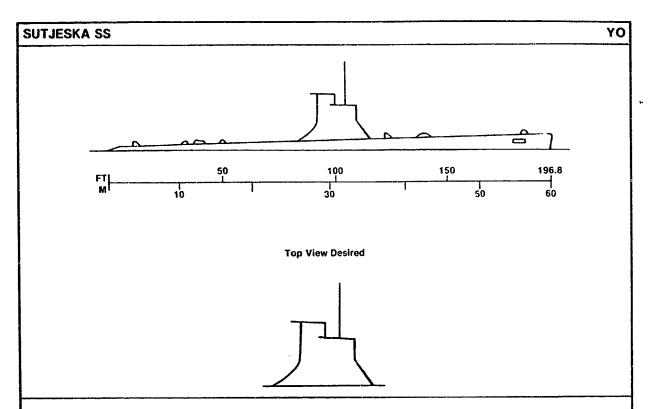
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; 2 steam turbines; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 20+ surfaced; 30+ submerged

Pennant numbers: 637 thru 639, 646 thru 653, 660 thru 670, 672 thru 684, 686, 687

#### REMARKS:

The STURGEON Class submarines are slightly enlarged and improved versions of the preceding PERMIT Class. There are currently thirty-seven active units.





SUTJESKA Class submarines are distinctive in appearance due to the sail configuration. The top of the sail evidences a pronounced upward step aft. The base of the sail flares outward toward the deck, with the fore and aft lines having different angles of rake. The bow is raked. The weatherdeck slopes gradually from bow to stern. Bow planes are located well aft of the bow and when stowed are level with the weatherdeck.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 820 surfaced; 945 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 196.8 x 22.3 x 16.1 (60 x 6.8 x 4.9) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

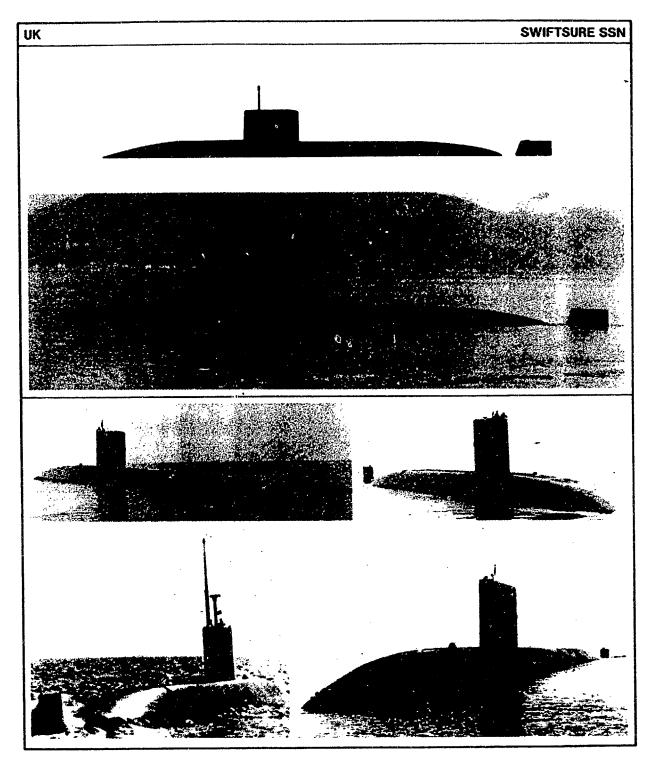
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; diesels; electric motors

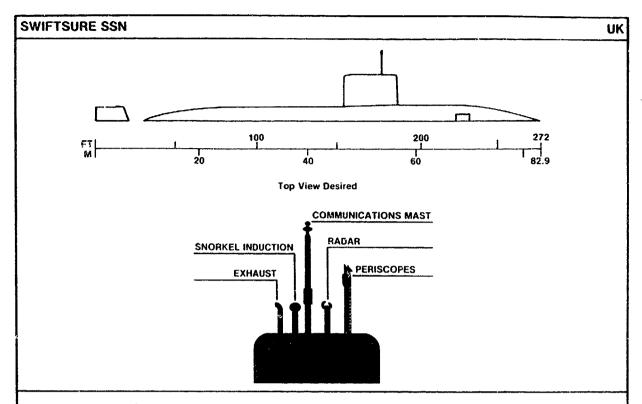
Speed, knots: 14 surfaced; 9 submerged

Pennant numbers: 811, 812

#### REMARKS:

The SUTJESKA was the first class of submarines to be built in a Yugoslav yard. There are two units in this class which were commissioned in 1960 and 1962.





The sail on the SWIFTSURE is just forward of amidships. The sail is rectangular with vertical leading and trailing edges. Bow planes are located just aft of the bow. The weatherdeck is level and slopes gradually to the waterline at the bow and stern. A rectangular stern fin is prominent. The fin has a raked leading edge and a vertical trailing edge. It is approximately the same height as the weatherdeck.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 4,200 surfaced; 4,500 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 272 x 32.3 x 27 (82.9 x 9.8 x 8.2)

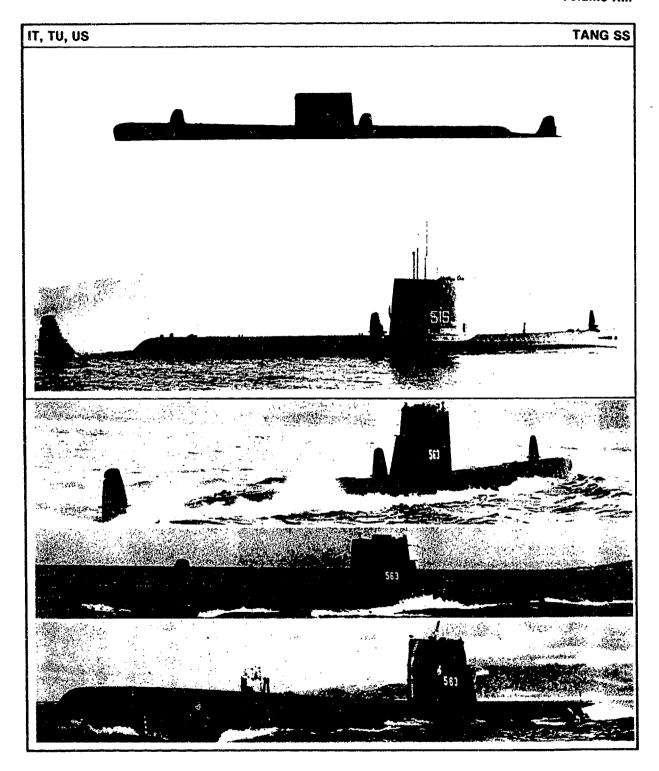
Torpedo tubes:  $5 \times 21$  in (53.3 cm)

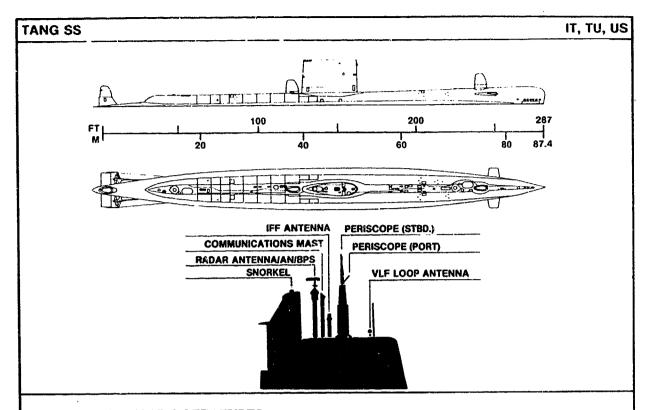
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; geared turbines; auxiliary diesel; 1 shaft

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 30 submerged Pennant numbers: S104 thru S106, S108, S109, S126

## REMARKS:

The SWIFTSURE Class, first unit commissioned 1973, consists of six units. All are in service with the British Royal Navy.





The TANG Class sail is almost centered on the hull, it has slightly raked leading and trailing edges, and is almost rectangular in overall appearance. The sail topline is interrupted by a fixed projection, and on most units a small cutaway section in the trailing edge is apparent in near profile views; some units do not have the cutaway section. The hull line is characterized by a large flat deck and an abrupt drop near the stern sonar dome. The prow has a rounded stem that drops perpendicularly into the water. A continuous open slot begins at the after break and extends to a point midway between the sail and bow. Bow planes are retracted into a triangular slot just below the forward PUFF sonar dome. TANG Class units have a second PUFF sonar dome just aft of the sail. A third PUFF sonar dome aft gives the class the appearance of having a stern fin.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

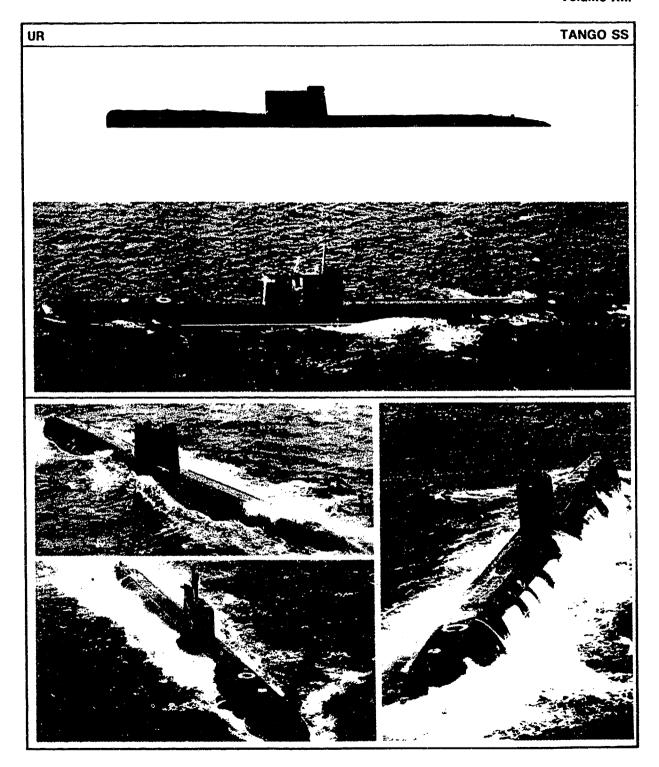
Displacement, tons: 2,050 surfaced; 2,700 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 287 x 27.3 x 19 (87.4 x 8.3 x 6.2) Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 2 stern)
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

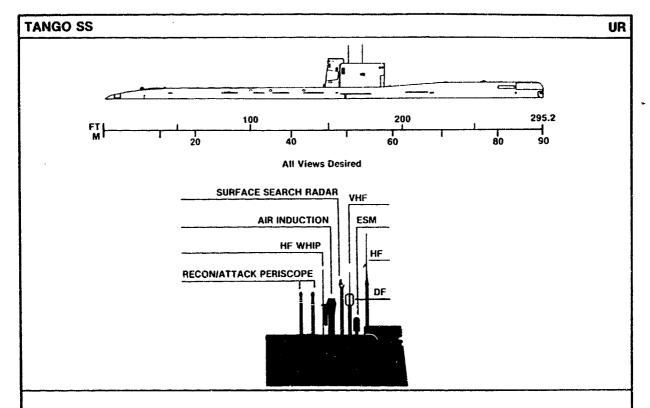
Speed, knots: 15.5 surfaced; 16 submerged

Pennant numbers: IT 515, 516; TU S343; US 565, 567

## REMARKS:

The TANG Class, first unit commissioned 1951, consists of five units. Two units are in the Italian Navy, one in the Turkish Navy, and two-one of which is in reserve-in the U.S. Navy.





The TANGO sail, located forward of amidships, has a raised step aft to accommodate the fixed snorkel exhaust. The weatherdeck is level at the bow to a point just forward of the sail where it slopes gently and again becomes level until it slopes gradually, near the stern, into the waterline. The bow is rounded and diving planes are located just aft of the bow. A small protuberance is present aft where the weatherdeck slopes into the water.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 3,000 surfaced; 3,700 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 295.2 x 29.5 (90 x 9)

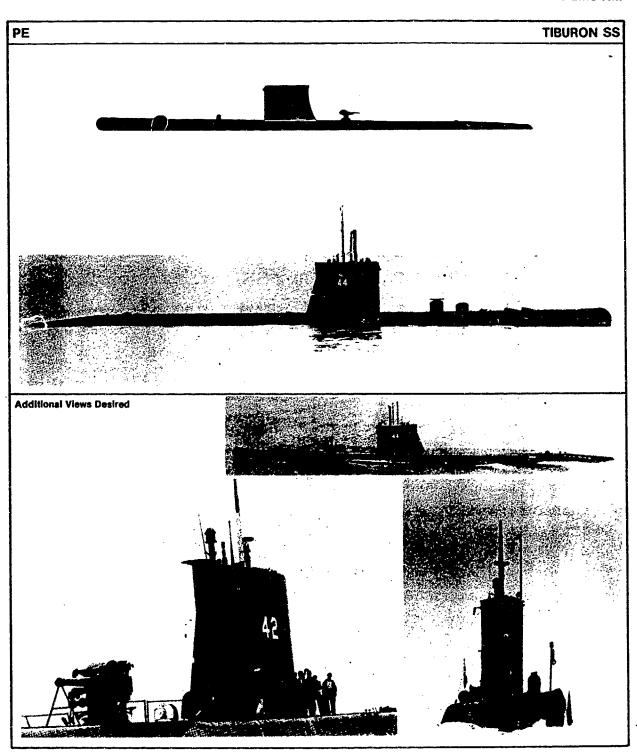
Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

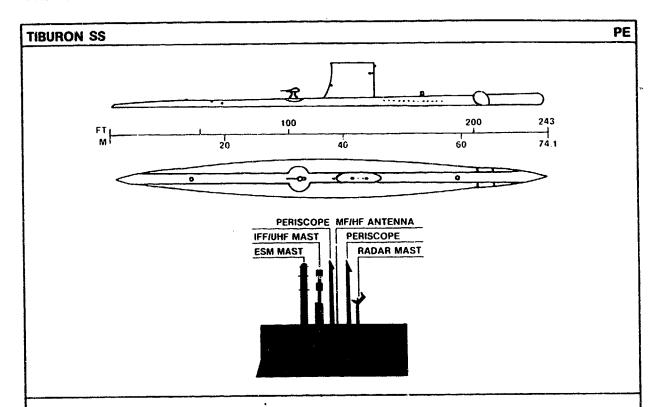
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 3 electric motors; 3 shafts

Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 16 submerged

#### REMARKS:

The TANGO is a new class of diesel-electric propelled, torpedo-attack submarine, apparently being produced as a successor to the FOXTROT. The first TANGO became operational in 1973 and the construction program continues.





The TIBURON Class units strongly resemble the US GUPPY II types with the exception of the sail modification. The sail topline is unbroken and the trailing edge of the sail is raked aft, with the rake beginning slightly below the top of the sail. Limber holes are easily seen on either side of the hull just above the waterline. Two TIBURON units (the ABTAO and the DOS DE MAYO) are configured with a large deck gun just aft of the sail. Diving planes are bow-mounted and painted, presenting a triangular appearance when folded in the upward position.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 825 surfaced; 1,400 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 243 x 22 x 14 (74.1 x 6.7 x 4.3)

Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (4 how, 2 stern)

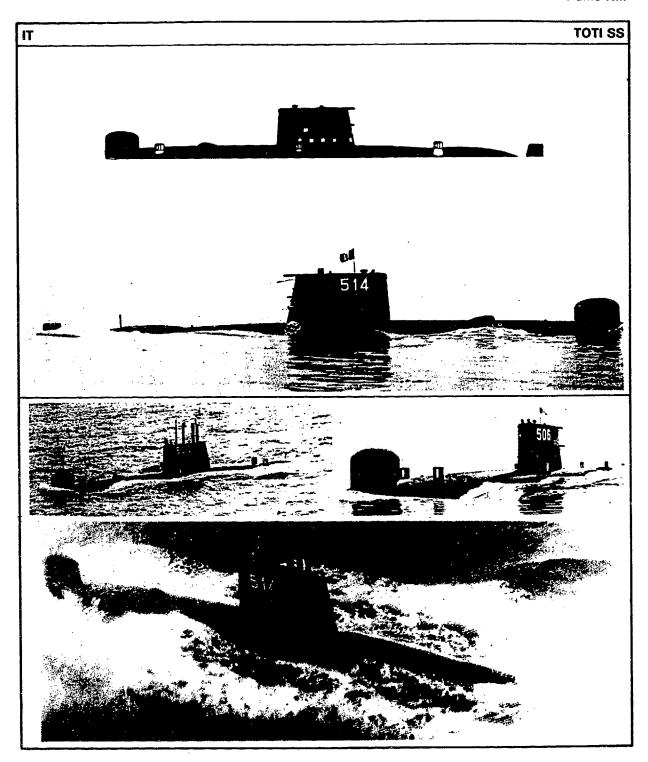
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; electric motors; 2 shafts

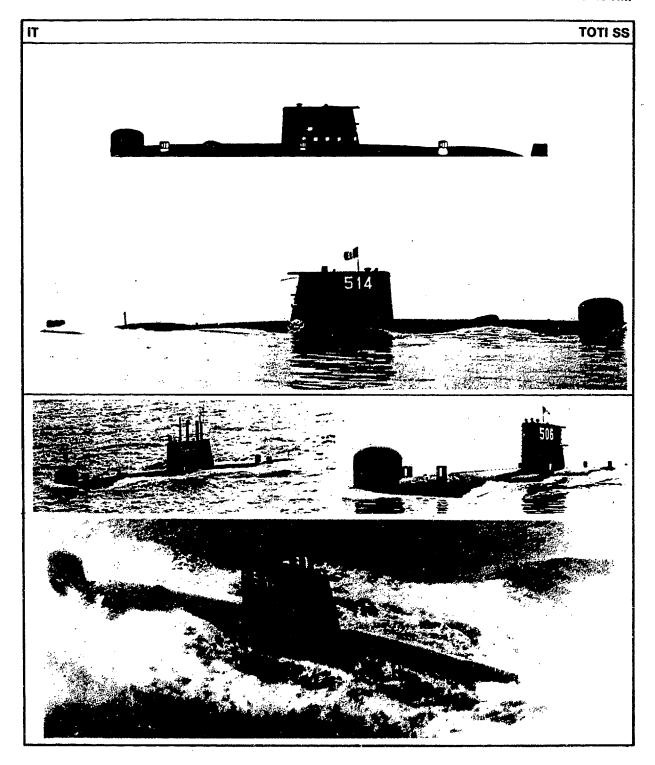
Speed, knots: 16 surfaced; 10 submorged

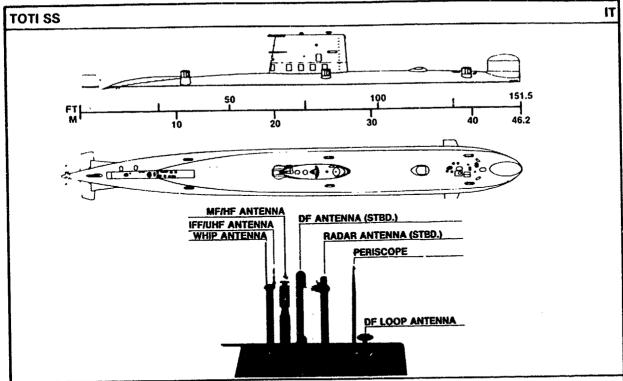
Pennant numbers: 41 thru 44

## REMARKS:

The TIBURON Class is basically a modified USS MACKEREL Class. All units of this class are in service with the Peruvian Navy.







The most striking feature of the TOTI Class is the massive sonar dome on the bow. The sail configuration is unique in that two fixed parallel protrusions extend beyond the raked trailing edge, the upper protrusion being a fixed snorkel exhaust and the lower protrusion probably serving as a hydrodynamic surface to relieve upward water pressure on the snorkel exhaust. The sail topline is straight and horizontal and the leading edge is almost vertical. The entire rectangular sail, which is large compared to hull length, is situated amidships. The hull line in profile shows a gentle downward slope from the bow sonar to a point just forward of the stern fin. At that point there is a narrow raised section that curves into the waterline. In some views the hull is relatively clean in appearance, with the only protrusions consisting of a streamlined "blister" occurring on the forward deck midway between the bow sonar and the leading edge of the sail. Some units show six fin-like projections, three installed along each side of the submarine, which constitute part of a passive sonar ranging system.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 524 surfaced; 582 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 151.5 x 15.4 x 13.1 (46.2 x 4.7 x 4)

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

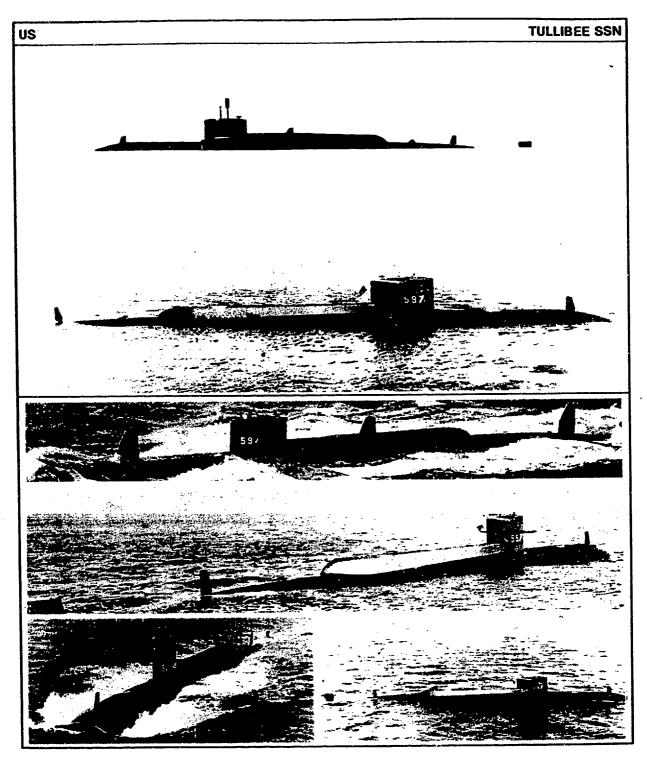
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 14 surfaced; 15 submerged

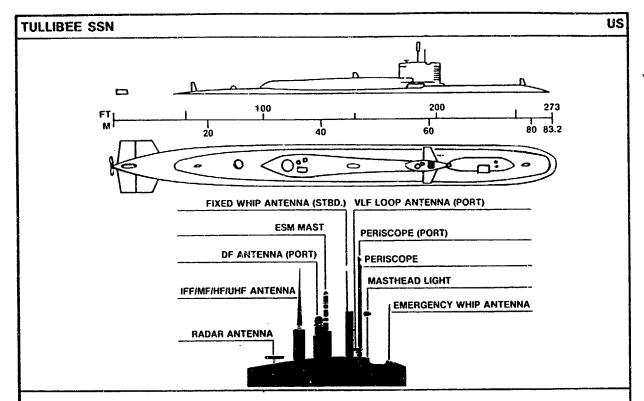
Pennant numbers: 505, 506, 513, 514

### REMARKS:

The TOTI Class was Italy's first submarine built since WW II. The first unit was commissioned in 1968. There are presently four active units in this class.

Volume XIII





The TULLIBEE hull is an elongated tear-drop shape except for a prominent raised deck section which forms an extension of the sail and traverses the top of the hull from the sail for about half of the distance to the stern fin. A unique facet of this raised weatherdeck is that it is bulbous with the flared section occurring at the after extremity. A large fin-like protrusion, one of three PUFF sonar domes, is prominent between the stern fin and the after break in the hull line. Another PUFF dome is located just aft of the bow and the third is located midway on the raised deck section. The TULLIBEE sail is rectangular and located well forward of amidships. Both leading and trailing edges of the sail are perpendicular to the hull, but the trailing edge is considerably shorter than the leading edge due to the raised weatherdeck aft.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; 2,640 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 273 x 23.3 x 21 (83.2 x 7.1 x 6.4)

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)

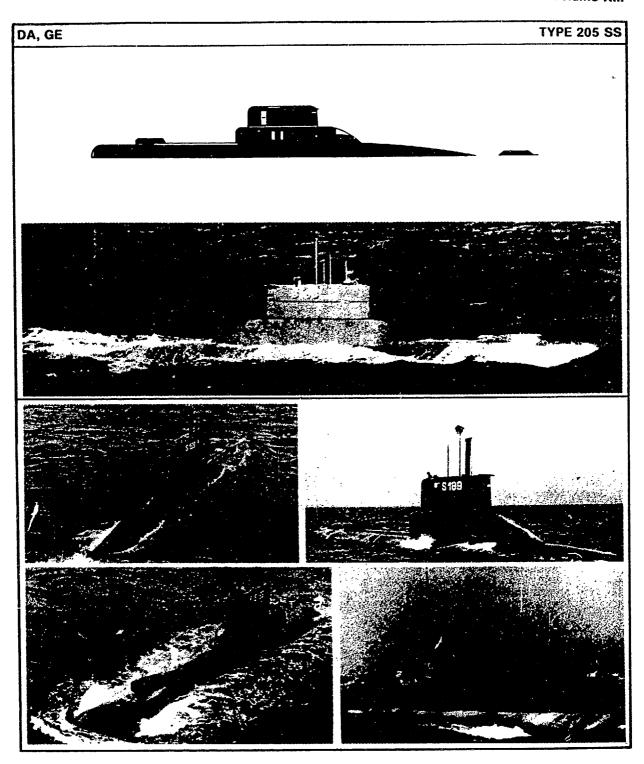
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; turbo-electric drive with steam turbine; 1 shaft

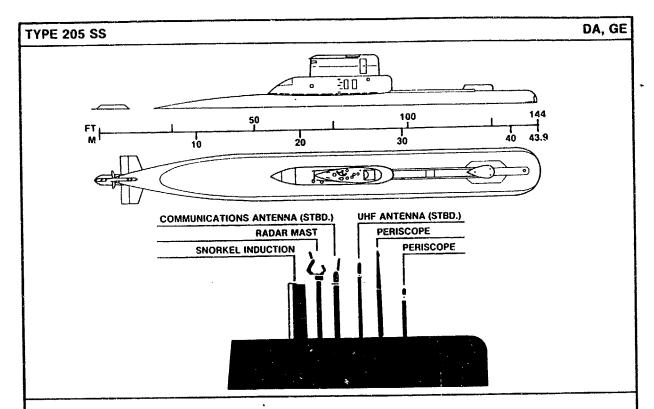
Speed, knots: 15+ surfaced; 20+ submerged

Pennant number: 597

## REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind TULLIBEE was commissioned in 1960. This unit was designed specifically for anti-submarine operations. No additional units were constructed because of the success of the larger, more versatile PERMIT Class.





TYPE 205 units are short with a large sail in proportion to hull size. The sail is evenly stepped-down fore and aft. They have a level deckline forward of the sail, but the "teardrop" hull tapers into the water just aft of the sail, giving the sail an appearance of sitting well aft of amidships. A raised sonar dome is located aft of the bow, about one-third of the distance to the sail. Also see the GAL Class.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 419 surfaced; 450 submerged

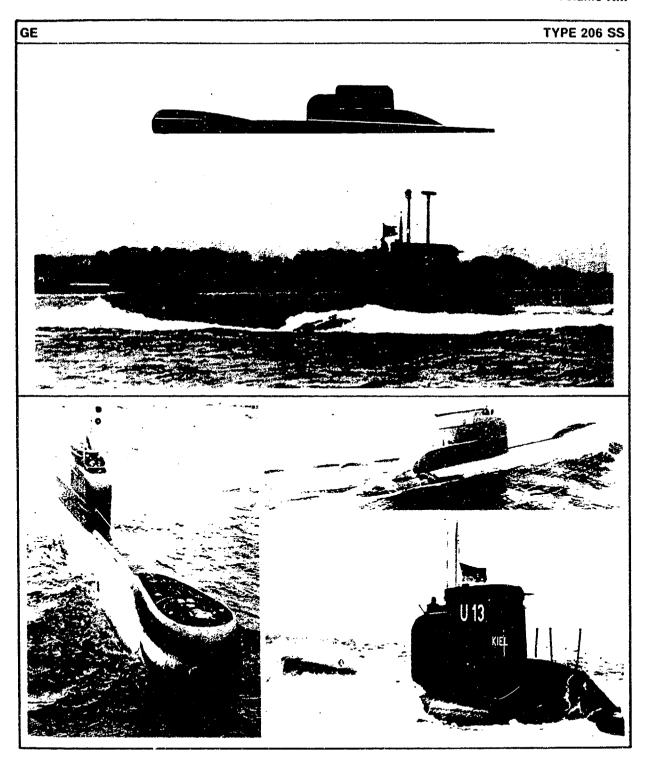
Dimensions, feet (meters): 144 x 15.1 x 14.1 (43.9 x 4.6 x 4.3) Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

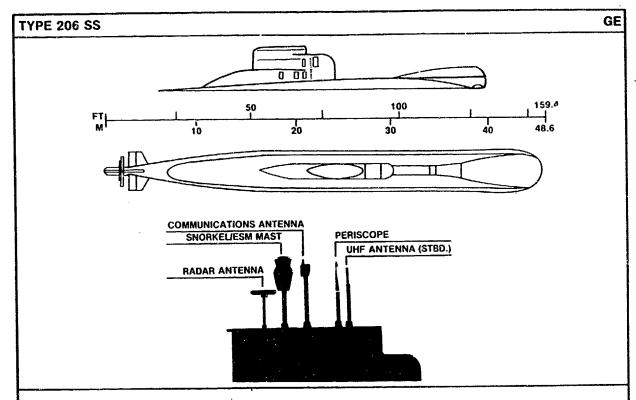
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 10 surfaced; 17 submerged

Pennant numbers: GE S180, S181, S188 thru S191; DA S320, S321

## REMARKS:

The TYPE 205 were the first submarines designed and built by the Federal Republic of Germany since the end of World War II. The first unit was commissiond in 1967 and there are a total of six units in the West German Navy. Two units, built in Denmark under license, are in service with the Royal Danish Navy. These two units are slightly longer and faster than the German version and are known as the NARHVALEN Class. DIAM 57-7





The large sail on the TYPE 206 is well aft of amidships. The sail is stepped and rounded fore and aft and the forward step is approximately three-fourths the height of the sail. The aft step is subsequently raked to the waterline. The bow is quite bulbous both vertically and horizontally. The TYPE 206's appearance is unique with a large bow preceding a flat deck followed by a large sail which is subsequently raked to the waterline without a trailing weatherdeck or stern fin.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 450 surfaced; 498 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 159.4 x 15.1 x 14.8 (48.6 x 4.6 x 4.5) Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

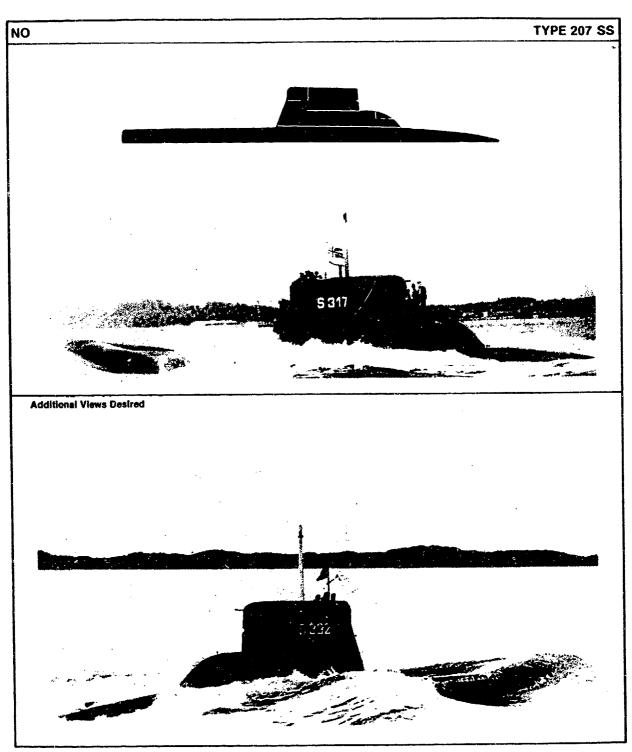
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; diesels; 1 main motor; 1 shaft

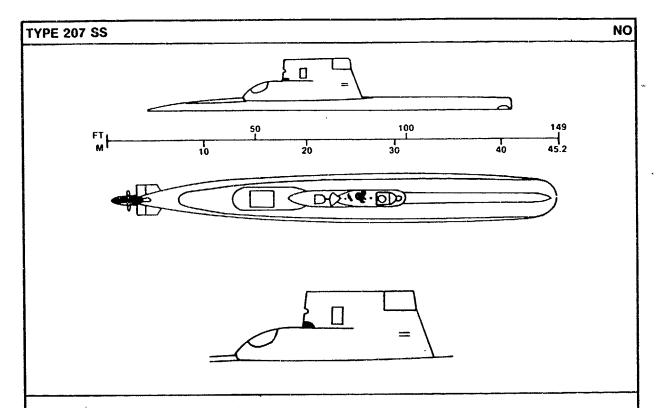
Speed, knots: 10 surfaced; 17 submerged

Pennant numbers: GE S170 thru S179, S192 thru S199

## REMARKS:

The TYPE 206 Class, first unit commissioned 1973, consists of 18 units. All are in service with the West German Navy. The sail on the TYPE 206 is similar to that found on the TYPE 205 Class, the difference being the height of the forward step of the TYPE 205 Class is less than onehalf of the sail height.





The sail on the TYPE 207 is well aft of amidships. The upper one-fourth of the leading edge is vertical and the lower three-fourths is raked. The trailing edge is vertical with a step down occurring about one-half way down the sail. The topline is level with rounded leading and trailing edges. The bow is bluntly squared. The weatherdeck slopes from the bow to the stern. The stern appears to be just aft of the sail.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 370 surfaced; 435 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 149 x 15 x 14 (45.2 x 4.6 x 4.3)

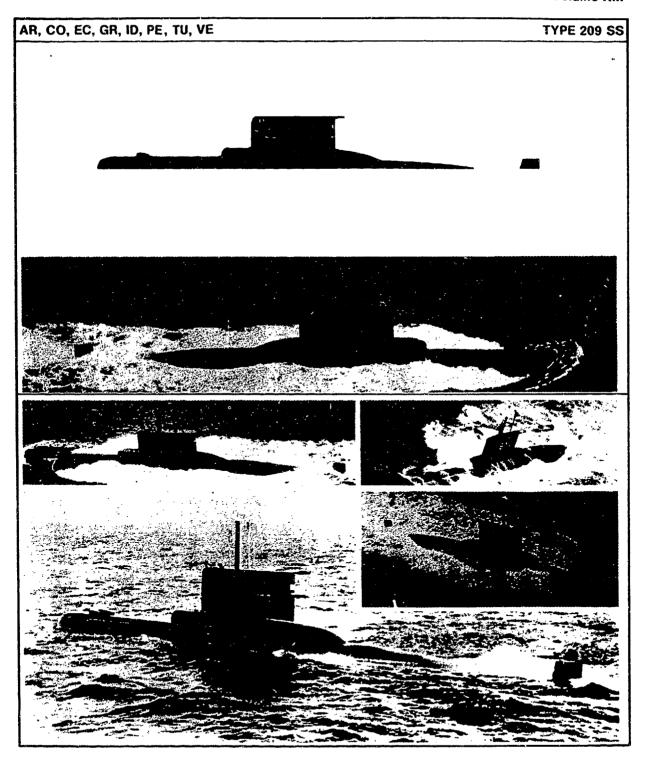
Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

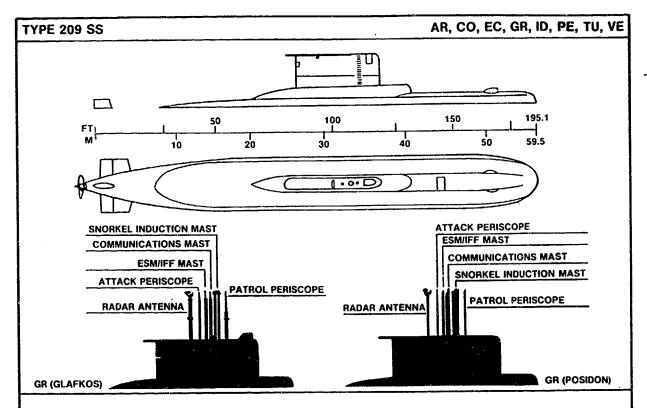
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; electric drive; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 10 surfaced; 17 submerged

Pennant numbers: NO S300 thru S309, S315 thru S319

### **REMARKS:**

The TYPE 207, built in West Germany with the first unit commissioned in 1964, consists of 15 units. All are in service with the Royal Norwegian Navy.





The TYPE 209 has an extremely large sail in relation to visible hull size. The sail is stepped fore and aft, the lower step appearing as a streamlined tier extending beyond the limits of the upper rectangular tier on all sides. The upper tier has a vertical leading edge, a flat unbroken topline, and a vertical trailing edge. A fixed snorkel exhaust diffuser extends beyond the trailing edge at the upper corner. The hull deckline forward of the sail is also level to the blunt bow except for a bow sonar dome. The hull line aft of the sail curves into the water some distance forward of a prominent stern fin.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,260 surfaced; 1,390 submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters):  $195.1 \times 20.3 \times 17.9 (59.5 \times 6.2 \times 5.5)$ 

Torpedo tubes: 8 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 4 diesels; 4 generators; 1 electric motor; 1 shaft

Speed, knots: 12 surfaced; 21.5 submerged

Pennant numbers: AR 31, 32; CO 28, 29; EC S11, S12; GR S110 thru S113, S116 thru S119; ID 401, 402; PE 31, 32, 45, 46; TU S347 thru S351; VE S-31,

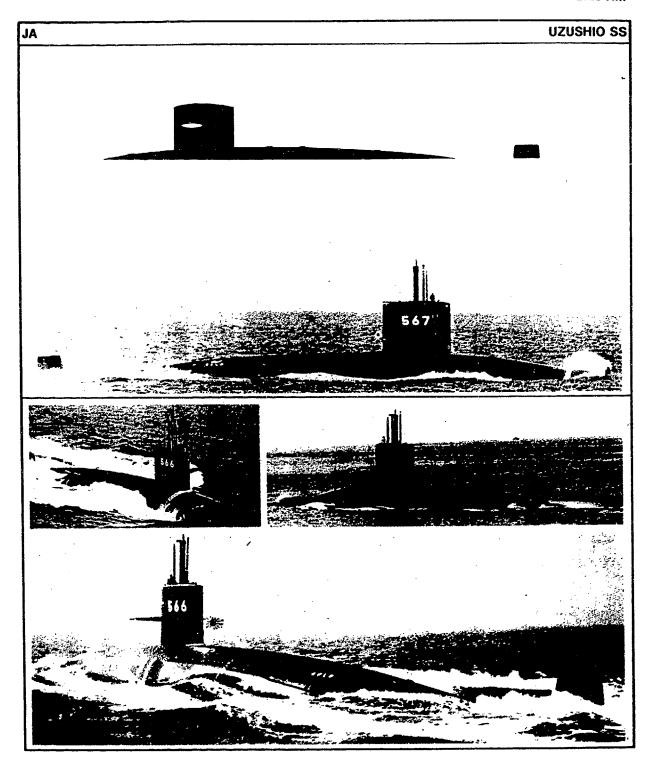
S-32

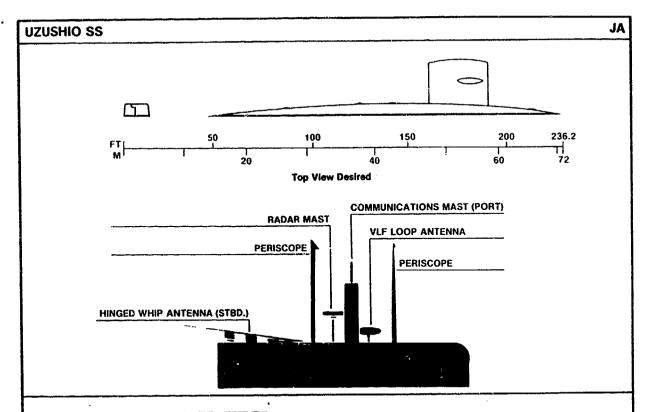
### REMARKS:

The TYPE 209 was designed by West Germany specifically for export. Over thirty units have been constructed since the early 1970s. This class is active in the following countries: Argentina, Columbia, Ecuador, Greece, Indonesia, Peru, Turkey, and Venezuela. Displacement, dimensions, propulsion and speed vary among various units.

UR	TYPHOON SSBN
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	Beam View Desired
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All Views Desired	

TYPHOON SSBN	UR
FT M	
All Views Desired	
MAJOR RECOGNITION FEATURES:	
The sail on the TYPHOON is stepped-down both fore and aft. The sail is located slightly aft of amidships with the missile bay located forward of the sail. The bow is bluntly rounded. TYPHOON has a prominent stern fin.	
CHARACTERISTICS:	
Displacement, tons: 25,000 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 560 (170) Torpedo tubes: Unknown Missiles: 20 tubes for SS-NX-20 Propulsion: Nuclear Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 24+ submerged	
REMARKS:	
The TYPHOON Class, the largest submarine ever constructed, was launched in 1980. Only one unit has been launched so far.	





The UZUSHIO's rectangular sail with a convex topline is placed well forward on a teardrop-shaped hull which slopes gently into the water fore and aft without any break. A blunt stern fin and sail planes (located at the front midpoint of the sail) further define UZUSHIO. The primary recognition features of the UZUSHIO are virtually identical with those of the USS BARBEL Class. One of the principal ways of differentiating the UZUSHIO Class from the BARBEL Class is by comparing the pattern of the free-flooding ports. UZUSHIO uses the broken and irregular slot pattern; whereas, the BARBEL has a continuous line slot on each side of its hull.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; Unknown submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 236.2 x 29.5 x 24.6 (72 x 9 x 7.5)

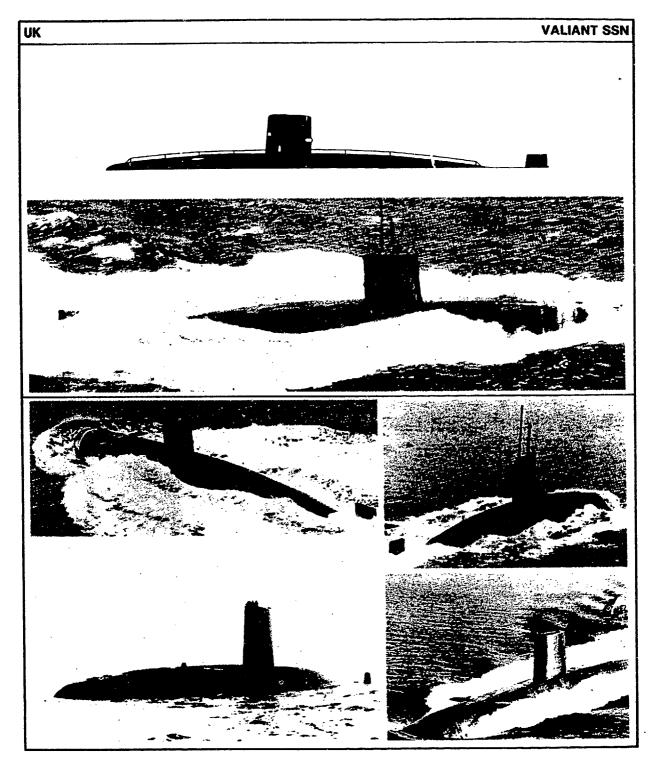
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)

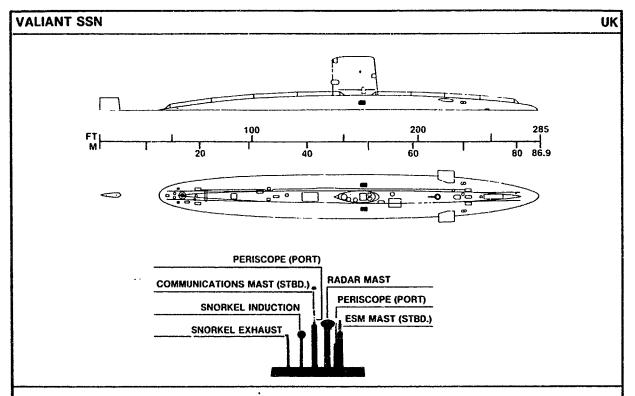
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 12 surfaced; 20 submerged

Pennant numbers: 566 thru 572

### REMARKS:

The UZUSHIO Class, first unit commissioned in 1980, consists of seven units. All are in service with the Japanese Maritime Self-Defense Force.





The tall sail on the VALIANT Class is slightly forward of amidships. It has a slightly raked leading edge and a vertical trailing edge. The weatherdeck slopes gradually to the waterline both fore and aft. Bow planes, located midway between the bow and sail, are almost flush with the top of the weatherdeck. There is a prominent rectangular stern fin.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: Unknown surfaced; 4,900 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 285 x 33.2 x 27 (86.9 x 10.1 x 8.2) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

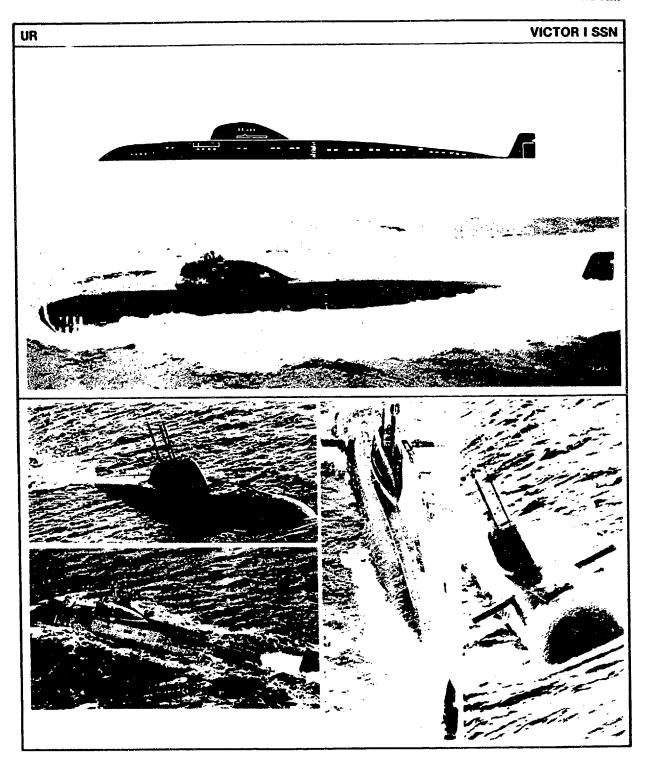
Propulsion: Nuclear; 1 reactor; geared steam turbines; 1 shaft

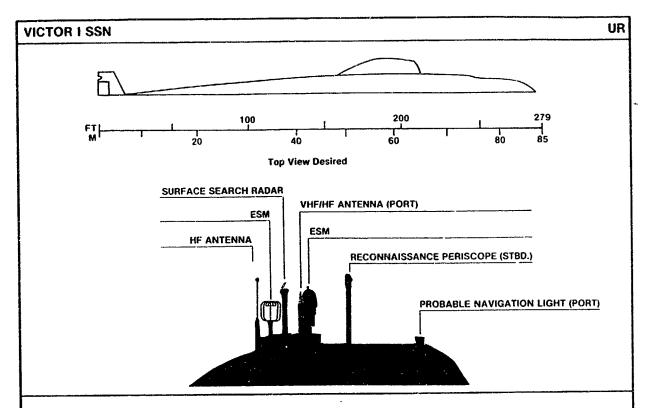
Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 28 submerged Pennant numbers: S46, S48, S50, S102, S103

#### REMARKS:

The British VALIANT Class, first unit commissioned in 1966, consists of five units. The last three units commissioned are also called the CHURCHILL Class. All are in service with the British Royal Navy.

**DIAM 57-7** 





VICTOR I Class units have a streamlined "turtleback" sail in which the sloping leading and trailing edges blend with the deckline without forming a knuckle or corner. The sail is located forward of amidships. The class has a high, prominent tail fin and a broad, rounded bow; the overall appearance is short and stubby. A slight dip occurs on the weatherdeck midway between the sail and the bow. This feature does not appear on either the VICTOR II or the VICTOR III.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 4,300 surfaced; 5,100 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 279 x 32.8 (85 x 10)

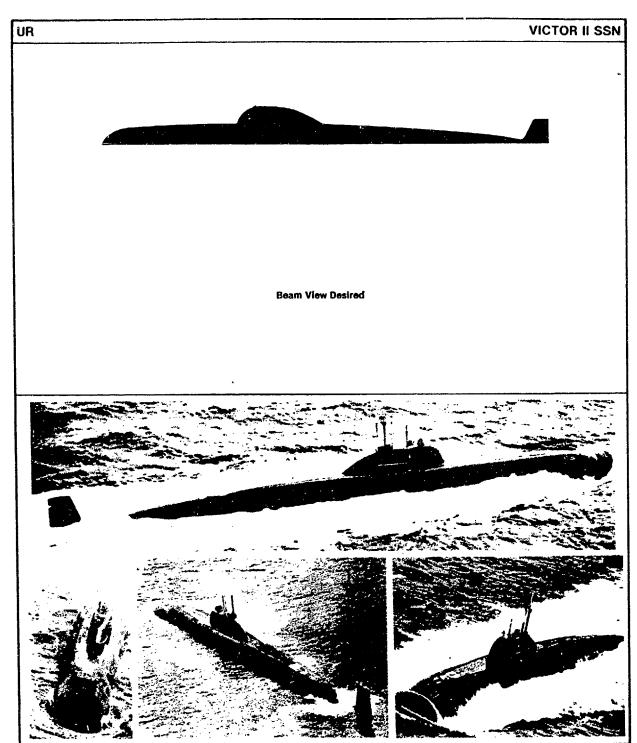
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

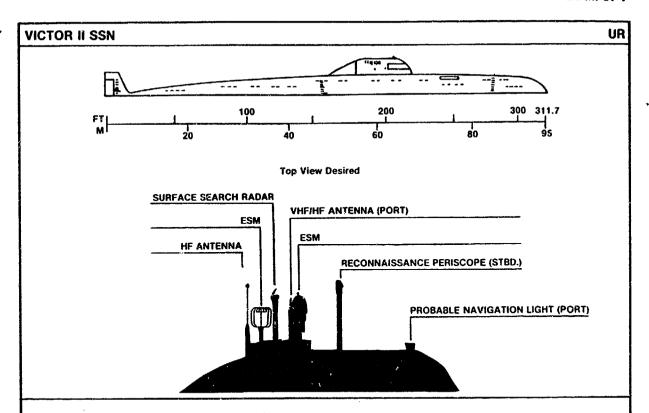
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 32 submerged

#### REMARKS:

The first VICTOR I Class was completed by the Soviet Union in 1967. This high-speed attack submarine was developed as a follow-on to the NOVEMBER Class, and was the first Soviet submarine with an ALBACORE type hull. A total of sixteen units have been produced.





The sail on the Soviet VICTOR II, located forward of amidships, is of the turtleback design. The bow is rounded. The weatherdeck is almost level and aft of the sail it begins to slope gradually to where it rounds up to a prominent stern fin at the waterline. Bow planes are located near the top of the weatherdeck midway between the bow and the center of the sail. VICTOR II does not have a dip in the forward weatherdeck which is a feature of the VICTOR I.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 4,600 surfaced; 5,680 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 311.7 x 32.8 (95 x 10)

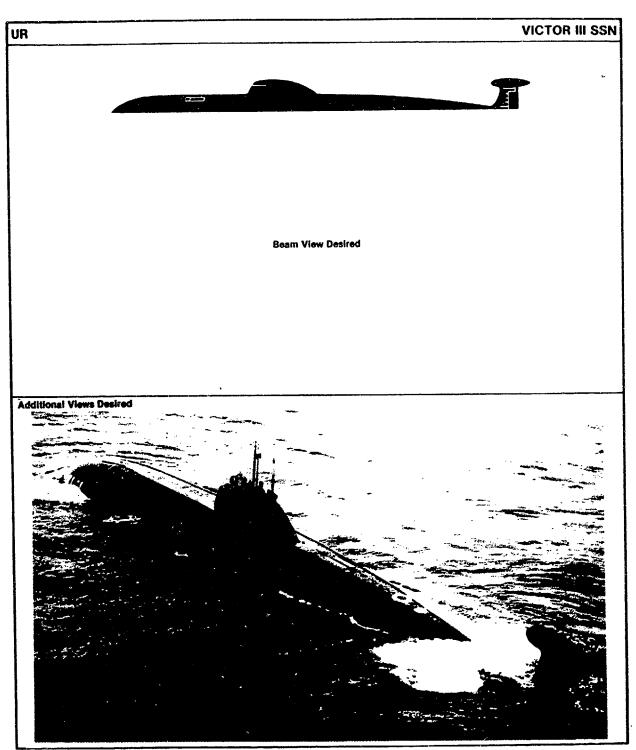
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

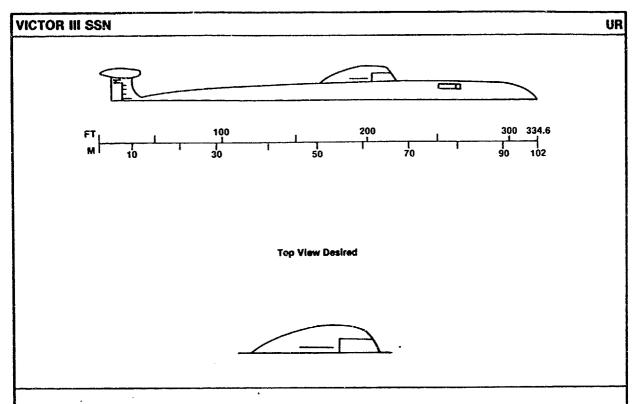
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 31 submerged

## REMARKS:

The VICTOR II Class is an enlarged (15 feet longer) version of the VICTOR I Class. Approximately seven units are now in service, having first appeared in 1972.





The sail on the VICTOR III, located forward of amidships, is of the turtleback design. The bow is rounded. The weatherdeck is almost level. Aft of the sail it begins to slope down gradually to the waterline where it rounds up to a prominent stern fin. A distinctive chamber is mounted atop the stern fin. Bow planes are located near the top of the weatherdeck between the bow and the sail.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

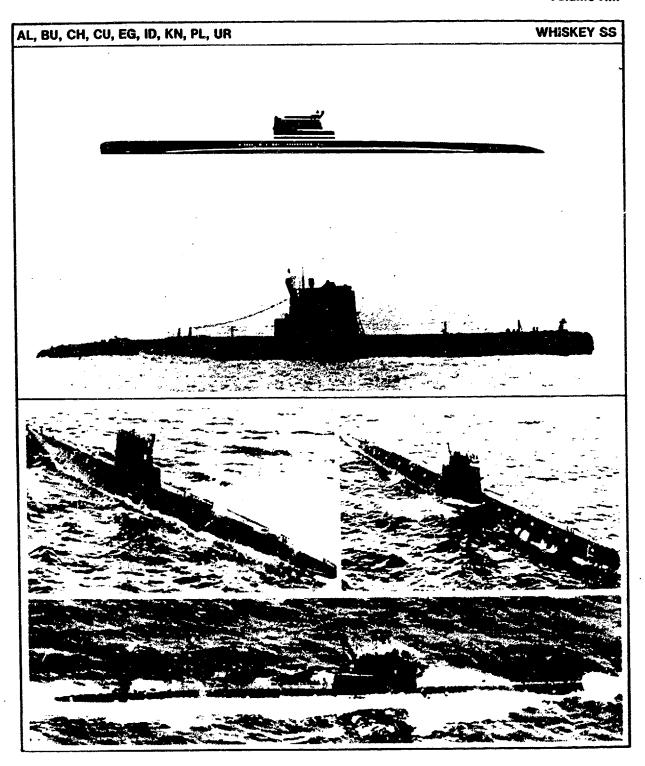
Displacement, tons: 4,900 surfaced; approximately 6,200 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 334.6 x 32.8 (102 x 10)
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) may be fitted for SS-N-15

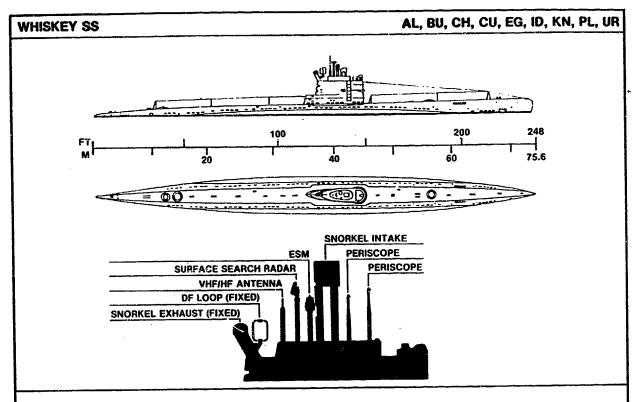
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 31 submerged

## **REMARKS:**

The VICTOR III Class, first unit completed in 1979, is an improvement on the VICTOR II Class. Very similar in appearance to the VICTOR II Class, the stern stabilizer chamber feature of VICTOR III is unique.





The sail of the WHISKEY Class submarine is located forward of amidships. Except for a few early units which had steps fore and aft on the sail, all have a near-vertical leading edge and a stepped-down trailing edge. A fixed snorkel exhaust angles upward at the after extremity of the upper tier. The bow is rounded and the weatherdeck slopes gradually from bow to stern. Retractable bow planes are located high on the weatherdeck well back of the stem.

### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,030 surfaced; 1,350 submerged

Dimensions (wl), feet (meters):  $248 \times 19 (75.6 \times 5.8)$ Torpedo tubes:  $4 \times 21$  in (53.3 cm) (bow),  $2 \times 16$  in (40.6 cm) (stern)

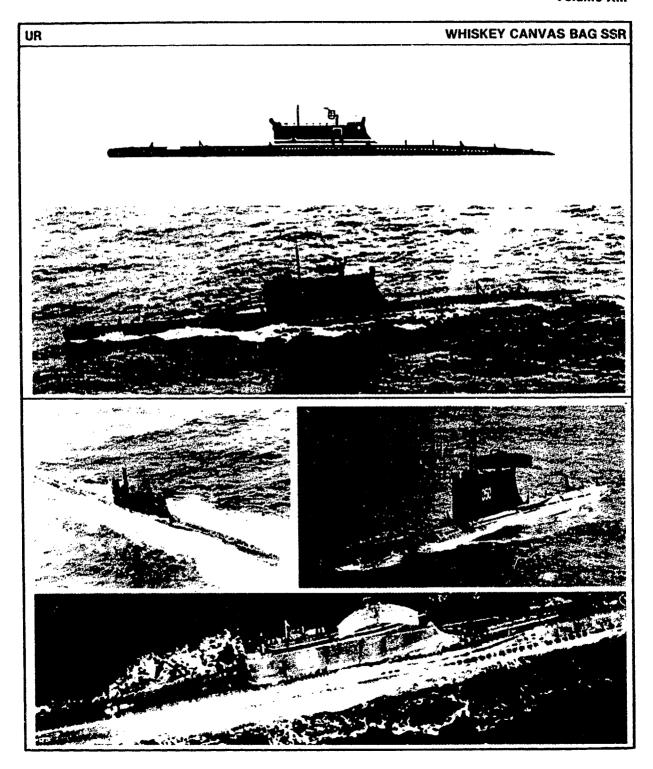
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts

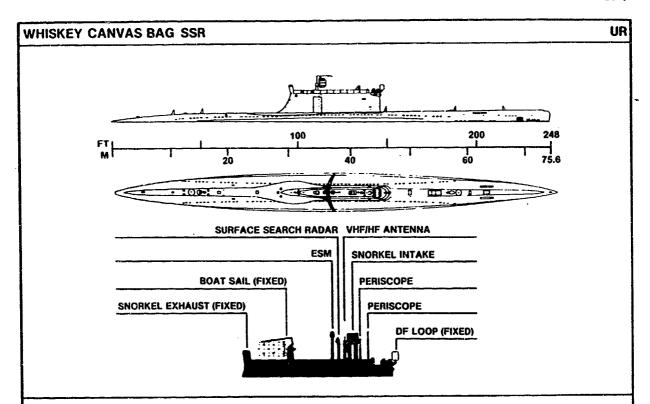
Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 14 submerged

Pennant numbers: AL 512, 514, 516; BU 11, 12; CH 119, 120, 122, 123, 127, 129, 131, 201 thru 208, 221, 241, 243, 244, 265, 266; EG 415, 418, 421, 432, 455, 477; ID 410, 412; PL 292 thru 295

## REMARKS:

Over two hundred and thirty WHISKEY Class submarines were constructed during the 1950s by the Soviet Union. Approximately fifty units were transferred to the navies of Albania, Bulgaria, China, Cuba, Egypt, Indonesia, North Korea, and Poland.





WHISKEY CANVAS BAG is readily identified by its uniquely modified sail, which is amidships, and the permanently affixed radar antenna atop the sail. The radar can be rotated and folded, but not retracted. The sail step aft has been eliminated, the projecting fixed snorkel exhaust moved further aft, and the trailing edge modified to form a concave curve. The bow is rounded. The weatherdeck slopes gradually from bow to stern.

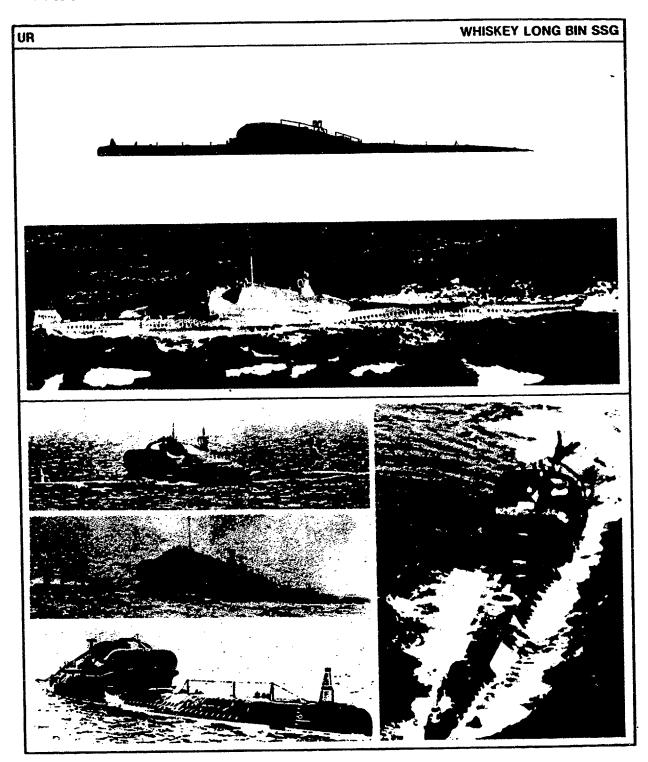
## **CHARACTERISTICS:**

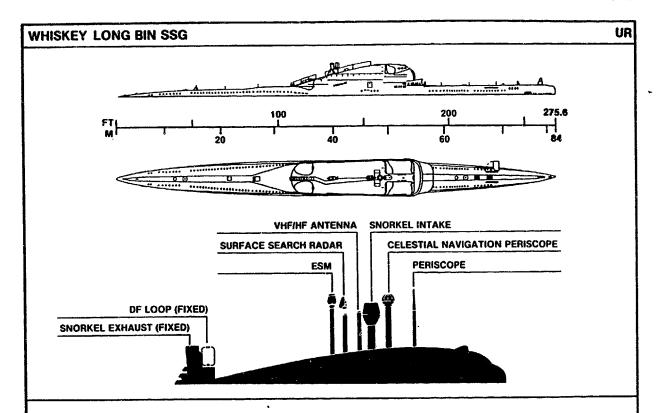
Displacement, tons: 1,050 surfaced; 1,350 submerged

Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 248 x 19 (75.6 x 5.8)
Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow); 2 x 16 in (40.6 cm) (stern)
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 2 electric motors; 2 shafts
Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 14 submerged

## REMARKS:

Five WHISKEY Class attack submarines were converted to radar pickets in the late 1950s and early 1960s. This class of submarines derived its name from the fact that when it was first seen the radar antenna was covered with canvas. The antenna is hinged and can be folded in the middle prior to diving.





WHISKEY LONG BIN conversions are such oddities that identification should pose no problem. The enlarged sail of LONG BIN is a unique identification feature. The sail which is amidships extends about one-third of the entire submarine length. The topline slopes gently downward aft to join the deckline. The forward portion of the sail is nearly vertical in profile, but most views reveal large cavities and an angular wave deflector forward. A large fixed installation near the after end of the sail projects above the sail proper and houses the snorkel exhaust.

#### CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,200 surfaced; 1,590 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 275.6 x 21.3 (84 x 6.5)

Torpedo tubes: 4 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

Missiles: 4 tubes for SS-N-3

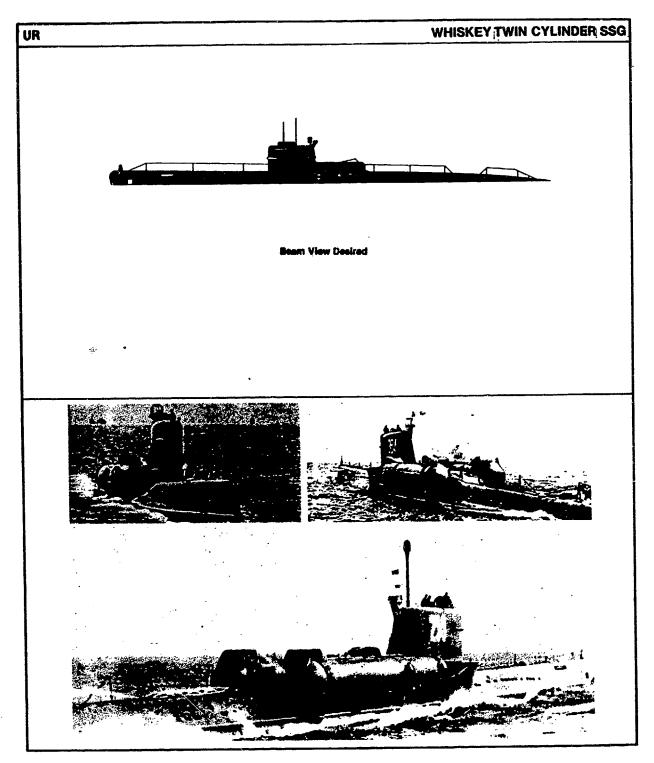
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; electric motors; 2 shafts

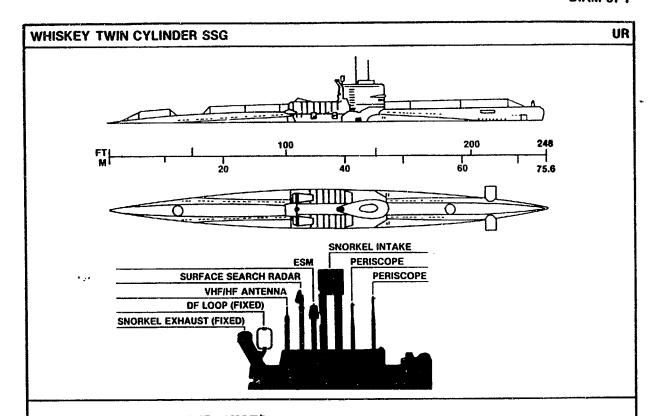
Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 12 submerged

#### REMARKS:

Seven WHISKEY Class diesel attack submarines underwent extensive conversion for surface-to-surface missile operations in the late 1950s and early 1960s. Four SS-N-3 missiles are mounted in the sail in a permanently elevated position. The submarine must surface to fire its missiles. Three units are operational.

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WHISKEY TWIN CYLINDER conversion units are such oddities that identification should pose no problem. TWIN CYLINDER has a conventional WHISKEY sail with its projecting snorkel exhaust, but the profile is drastically altered by a pair of huge missile tubes installed on the deck aft of the sail. Large fairings at the bow end of the missile tubes protect the tubes from wave action and deflect the missile exhaust upward. No other submarine has a similar appearance.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 1,050 surfaced; 1,400 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 248 x 23 (75.6 x 7) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

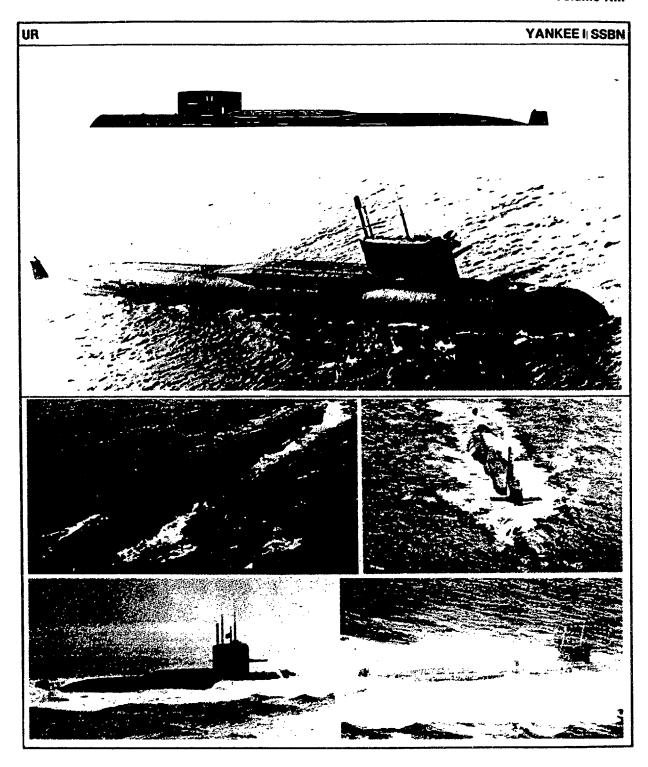
Missiles: 2 tubes for SS-N-3

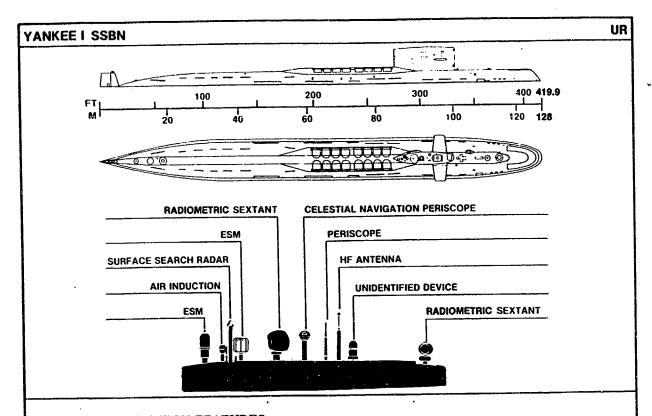
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; electric motors

Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 13 submerged

## REMARKS:

Five WHISKEY SSs underwent conversion to the WHISKEY TWIN CYLINDER Class in the late 1950s. Two SS-N-3 cruise missile launch tubes were affixed to the hull, one on either side of the sail. The WHISKEY TWIN CYLINDER must surface to fire its missiles, which are the only surface-to-surface missiles fired over the stern of a Soviet submarine. Two units are active.





The YANKEE I Class has a streamlined appearance and a torpedo-shaped bow. The rectangular sail is situated well forward of amidships and has sail planes which are just aft of the leading edge and located approximately one-half way up the sail. There is a turtleback on the hull aft of the sail which covers the missile compartment, and a prominent vertical stabilizer/rudder appears at the hull waterline. The YANKEE I is very similar in appearance to the DELTA Class, but differs in the height of the turtleback aft of the sail; the YANKEE I's turtleback is lower.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 7,800 surfaced; 9,300 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 419.9 x 36 (128 x 11)

Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) Missiles: 16 tubes for SS-N-6 SLBMs

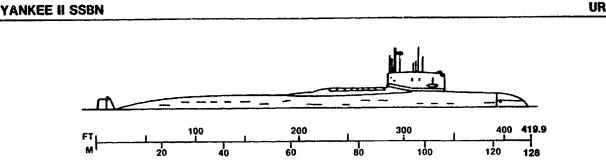
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: Unknown surfaced; 30 submerged

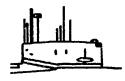
### REMARKS:

The YANKEE I, which became operational in 1968, was the first modern-design SSBN in the Soviet Navy. Several YANKEE Is were converted to SSNs by removing the missile section which shortened the length by approximately 95 feet. These units are known as YANKEE SSNs.

JR	YANKEE II SSBN
	*
Beam View Desired	
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All Views Desired	



**Top View Désired** 



The rectangular sail on the YANKEE II is situated well forward of amidships and has sail planes which are just aft of the leading edge and located approximately one-half way up the sail. There is a turtleback on the hull, aft of the sail, which covers the missile compartment and a prominent vertical stabilizer/rudder appears at the hull waterline. The bow rounds down to the waterline.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

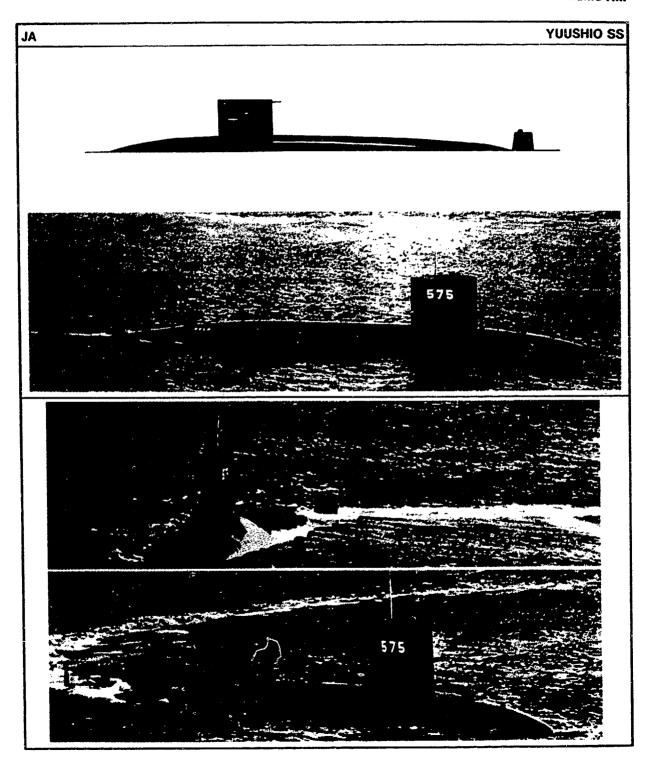
Displacement, tons: 7,800 surfaced; 9,300 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 419.9 x 36 (128 x 11) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)

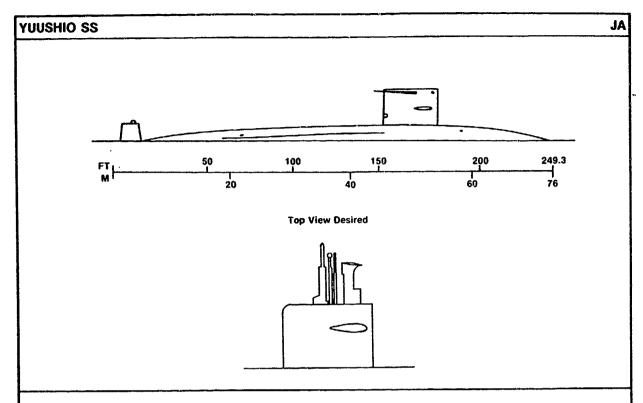
Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm)
Missiles: 12 tubes for SS-NX-17 SLBMs
Propulsion: Nuclear

Speed, knots: 20 surfaced; 26.5 submerged

# REMARKS:

The one-of-a-kind YANKEE II is a conversion which was completed in the mid-1970s. It is probably being employed in a developmental role.





The sail on the YUUSHIO Class is well forward of amidships. The sail has vertical leading and trailing edges and a rounded topline. Sail planes are located just aft of the leading edge and halfway up the sail. The weatherdeck is clear and slopes gradually to the waterline fore and aft. There is a prominent stern fin aft. The sail planes are a primary distinguishing feature between the YUUSHIO and UZUSHIO Classes. The UZUSHIO Class sail planes are located closer to the leading edge. Another distinguishing feature between YUUSHIO and UZUSHIO Classes is that the YUUSHIO is fourteen feet longer between the sail's trailing edge and the leading edge of the stern fin. The YUUSHIO also has a protrusion on sail trailing edge. See UZUSHIO Class.

# CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 2,200 surfaced; unknown submerged

Dimensions, feet (meters): 249.3 x 32.5 x 24.6 (76 x 9.9 x 7.5) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (amidships)

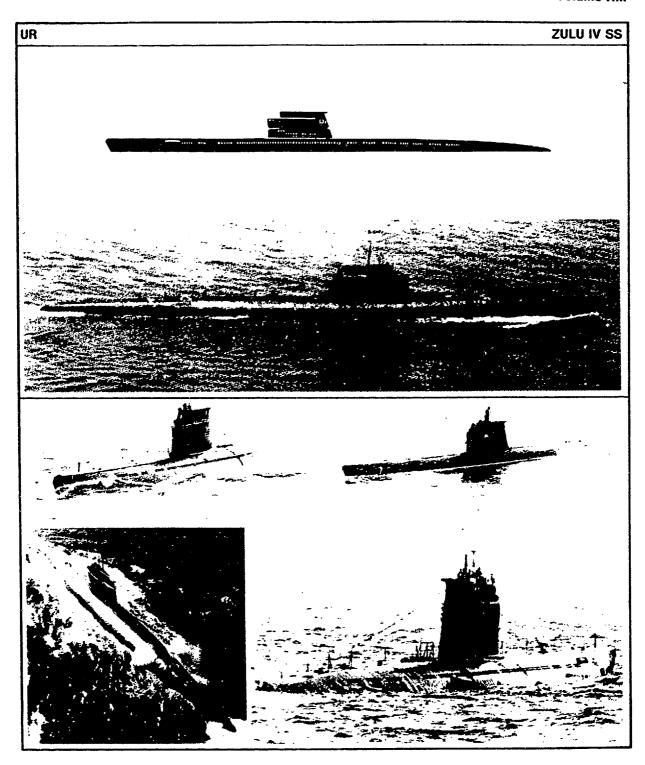
Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 2 diesels; 1 electric motor; 1 shaft

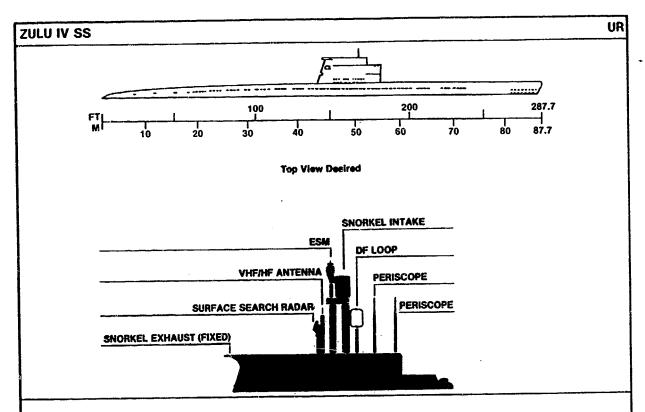
Speed, knots: 13 surfaced; 20 submerged

Pennant numbers: 573 thru 575

#### REMARKS:

The YUUSHIO Class, first unit commissioned in 1980, is an enlarged version of the UZUSHIO Class. There are presently three units in this class. All are in service with the Japanese Maritime Self-Defense Force.





The ZULU IV has a stepped and tiered sail with the upper segment housing a horizontally fixed snorkel exhaust which extends beyond the trailing edge. The upper tier of the sail extends about two-thirds the sail length. The sail is located forward of amidships. The bow is raked and pointed (except for those experimental models that have been fitted with a bulbous bow). Bow planes are located well aft of the bow. The weatherdeck is level from the bow aft until it gradually slopes to the waterline.

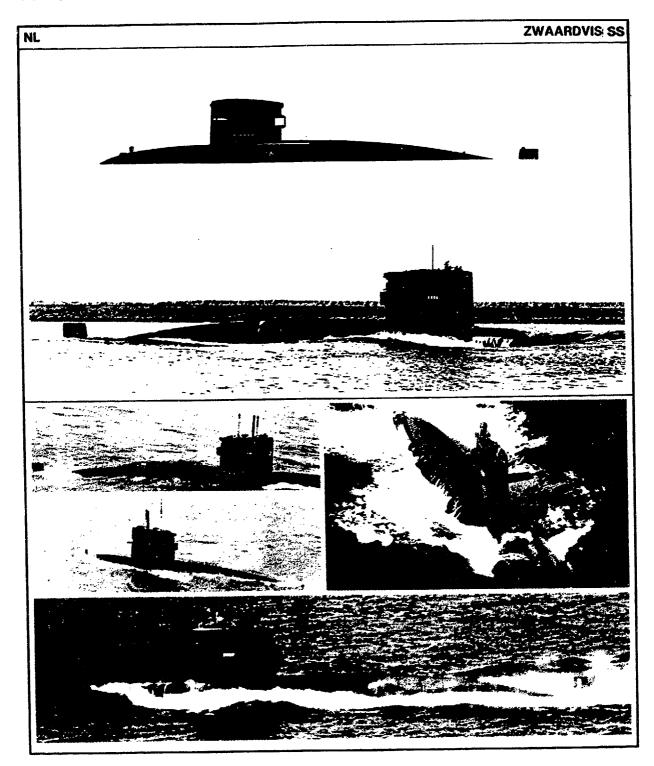
### CHARACTERISTICS:

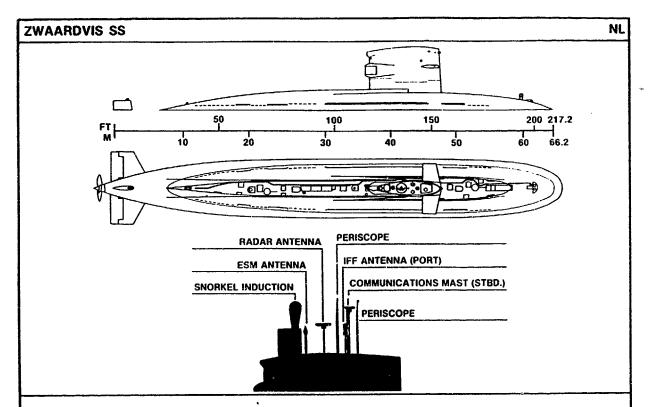
Displacement, tons: 1,950 surfaced; 2,300 submerged Dimensions (wl), feet (meters): 287.7 x 24.3 (87.7 x 7.4) Torpedo tubes: 10 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (6 bow, 4 stern) Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesels; 3 electric motors; 3 shafts Speed, knots: 18 surfaced; 16 submerged

## REMARKS:

About 26 ZULU Class submarines were produced by the Soviet Union from 1952 to 1955. The ZULU is a long-range version of the WHISKEY SS fitted with more torpedo tubes. Most ZULU Class submarines have been phased out of service in favor of the later FOXTROT Class.

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ZWAARDVIS Class submarines closely resemble the USS BARBEL Class. It has a rectangular sail situated well forward on a teardrop hull, a stern fin, and a bow which slopes gently to the waterline. One of the two features which distinguish ZWAARDVIS is the large, rectangular protuberance emerging from the rear of the sail. This smooth rectangular protuberance projects horizontally a short distance from the trailing edge and the sides of the sail. Also, the snorkel exhaust on the top rear of the sail projects horizontally outward to a noticeable degree. Sail planes are located slightly above the vertical center and begin at the sail's leading edge.

## CHARACTERISTICS:

Displacement, tons: 2,350 surfaced; 2,640 submerged Dimensions, feet (meters): 217.2 x 33.8 x 23.3 (66.2 x 10.3 x 7.1) Torpedo tubes: 6 x 21 in (53.3 cm) (bow)

Propulsion: Diesel-electric; 3 diesel generators; 1 shaft Speed, knots: 13 surfaced; 20 submerged

Pennant numbers: \$806, \$807

## REMARKS:

The ZWAARDVIS Class consists of two units which were built in the Netherlands. Both units were commissioned in 1972 and are in sevice with the Royal Netherlands Navy.